UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-K

X ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

> For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013 Commission File Number 0-09115

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA	25-0644320
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
TWO NORTHSHORE CENTER, PITTSBURGH, PA	15212-5851
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code	(412) 442-8200
Registrant's terephone number, including area code	(412) 442-0200
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock, \$1.00 par value	NASDAQ Global Select Market System
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports purs Yes □ No ⊠	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports react of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. 区	
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to It contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or inf 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. □	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronical Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Reperiod that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ⊠	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated file company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", a Large accelerated filer ⊠ Accelerated filer □	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defi	ned in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠
The aggregate market value of the Class A Common Stock outstanding a price of the Class A Common Stock on the NASDAQ Global Select registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was approxim	Market System on March 31, 2013, the last business day of the
As of October 31, 2013, shares of common stock outstanding were: Class	s A Common Stock 27,282,093 shares
Documents incorporated by reference: Specified portions of the P incorporated by reference into Part III of this Report.	roxy Statement for the 2014 Annual Meeting of Shareholders are
The index to exhibits is on pages 75-76.	

PART I

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION:

Any forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K (specifically those contained in Item 1, "Business", Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations") are included in this report pursuant to the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause the actual results of Matthews International Corporation ("Matthews" or the "Company") in future periods to be materially different from management's expectations. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove correct. Factors that could cause the Company's results to differ materially from the results discussed in such forward-looking statements principally include changes in domestic or international economic conditions, changes in foreign currency exchange rates, changes in the cost of materials used in the manufacture of the Company's products, changes in death rates, changes in product demand or pricing as a result of consolidation in the industries in which the Company operates, changes in product demand or pricing as a result of domestic or international competitive pressures, unknown risks in connection with the Company's acquisitions and technological factors beyond the Company's control. In addition, although the Company does not have any customers that would be considered individually significant to consolidated sales, changes in the distribution of the Company's products or the potential loss of one or more of the Company's larger customers are also considered risk factors.

ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

Matthews, founded in 1850 and incorporated in Pennsylvania in 1902, is a designer, manufacturer and marketer principally of memorialization products and brand solutions. Memorialization products consist primarily of bronze and granite memorials and other memorialization products, caskets and cremation equipment for the cemetery and funeral home industries. Brand solutions include graphics imaging products and services, marking and fulfillment systems products, and merchandising solutions. In fiscal 2012 the Company changed the name of its Bronze, Casket and Marking Products segments to the Cemetery Products segment, the Funeral Home Products segment and the Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment, respectively. Also effective October 1, 2011, the Company's cremation casket operations, previously included in the Cremation segment, are included in the Funeral Home Products segment. The Company's products and operations are comprised of six business segments: Cemetery Products (formerly Bronze), Funeral Home Products (formerly Casket), Cremation, Graphics Imaging, Marking and Fulfillment Systems (formerly Marking Products) and Merchandising Solutions. The Cemetery Products segment is a leading manufacturer of cast bronze and granite memorials and other memorialization products, cast and etched architectural products and is a leading builder of mausoleums in the United States. The Funeral Home Products segment is a leading casket manufacturer and distributor in North America and produces a wide variety of wood, metal and cremation caskets. The Cremation segment is a leading designer and manufacturer of cremation equipment in North America and Europe. The Graphics Imaging segment manufactures and provides brand management, printing plates, gravure cylinders, pre-press services and imaging services for the primary packaging and corrugated industries. The Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment designs, manufactures and distributes a wide range of marking and coding equipment and consumables, industrial automation products and order fulfillment systems that are used for identifying, tracking, picking and conveying consumer and industrial products. The Merchandising Solutions segment designs and manufactures merchandising displays and systems and provides creative merchandising and marketing solutions services.

At October 31, 2013, the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries had approximately 5,800 employees. The Company's principal executive offices are located at Two NorthShore Center, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15212, its telephone number is (412) 442-8200 and its internet website is www.matw.com. The Company files all required reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in accordance with the Exchange Act. The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports are available free of charge on the Company's website as soon as reasonably practicable after being filed or furnished to the SEC. The reports filed with the SEC are also available to read and copy at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 or by contacting the SEC at 1-800-732-0330. All reports filed with the SEC can be found on its website at www.sec.gov.

The following table sets forth reported sales and operating profit for the Company's business segments for the past three fiscal years. Detailed financial information relating to business segments and to domestic and international operations is presented in Note 16 ("Segment Information") to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

	Years Ended September 30,						
		201		201		201	1
	1	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
		<u> </u>		(Dollars in Th	nousands)		
Sales to unaffiliated customers:							
Memorialization:							
Cemetery Products	\$	226,586	23.0% \$	\$ 215,943	24.0% \$	224,773	25.0%
Funeral Home Products		242,803	24.6	230,943	25.6	243,291	27.1
Cremation		48,522	4.9	45,981	5.1	39,278	4.4
		517,911	52.5	492,867	54.7	507,342	56.5
Brand Solutions:							
Graphics Imaging		294,571	29.9	259,865	28.9	268,975	29.9
Marking and Fulfillment Systems		93,505	9.5	74,621	8.3	61,938	6.9
Merchandising Solutions		79,370	8.1	72,964	8.1	60,566	6.7
S		467,446	47.5	407,450	45.3	391,479	43.5
Total	\$	985,357	100.0%		100.0%		100.0%
Operating profit:							
Memorialization:							
Cemetery Products	\$	32,571	34.0% \$	33,195	35.5% \$	52,474	44.3%
Funeral Home Products		37,263	38.9	26,525	28.3	29,039	24.5
Cremation		3,097	3.2	3,869	4.1	3,479	2.9
		72,931	76.1	63,589	67.9	84,992	71.7
Brand Solutions:							
Graphics Imaging		9,724	10.2	14,843	15.9	22,427	18.9
Marking and Fulfillment Systems		8,862	9.2	10,061	10.8	7,819	6.6
Merchandising Solutions		4,275	4.5	5,084	5.4	3,278	2.8
C		22,861	23.9	29,988	32.1	33,524	28.3
Total	\$	95,792	100.0%		100.0%		100.0%

In fiscal 2013, approximately 63% of the Company's sales were made from the United States, and 33%, 2%, 1% and 1% were made from Europe, Asia, Australia and Canada, respectively. For further information on segments, see Note 16 ("Segment Information") in Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" on pages 61 and 62 of this report. Cemetery Products segment products are sold throughout the world with the segment's principal operations located in the United States, Europe, Canada, and Australia. Funeral Home Products segment products are primarily sold in North America. Cremation segment products and services are sold primarily in North America, Europe, Asia, and Australia. Products and services of the Graphics Imaging segment are sold primarily in Europe, the United States and Asia. The Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment sells equipment and consumables directly to industrial consumers and distributors in the United States and internationally through the Company's subsidiaries in Canada, Sweden and China, and through other foreign distributors. Matthews owns a minority interest in Marking and Fulfillment Systems distributors in Asia, Australia and Europe. Merchandising Solutions segment products and services are sold principally in the United States.

MEMORIALIZATION PRODUCTS AND MARKETS:

Cemetery Products:

The Cemetery Products segment manufactures and markets a full line of memorialization products used primarily in cemeteries. The segment's products, which are sold principally in the United States, Europe, Canada and Australia, include cast bronze memorials, granite memorials and other memorialization products. The segment also manufactures and markets architectural products that are produced from bronze, aluminum and other metals, which are used to identify or commemorate people, places, events and accomplishments.

Memorial products, which comprise the majority of the Cemetery Products segment's sales, include flush bronze and granite memorials, upright granite memorials and monuments, cremation memorialization products, granite benches, flower vases, crypt plates and letters, cremation urns, niche units, cemetery features and statues, along with other related products and services. Flush memorials are bronze plaques or granite memorials which contain personal information about a deceased individual (such as name, birth date, and death date), photos and emblems. Flush bronze and granite memorials are even or "flush" with the ground and therefore are preferred by many cemeteries for easier mowing and general maintenance. The segment's memorial products also include community and family mausoleums within North America. In addition, the segment's other memorial products include bronze plaques, letters, emblems, vases, lights and photo ceramics that can be affixed to granite monuments, mausoleums, crypts and flush memorials. Principal customers for memorial products are cemeteries and memorial parks, which in turn sell the Company's products to the consumer.

Customers of the Cemetery Products segment can also purchase memorials and vases on a "pre-need" basis. The "pre-need" concept permits families to arrange for these purchases in advance of their actual need. Upon request, the Company will manufacture the memorial to the customer's specifications (e.g., name and birth date) and place it in storage for future delivery. Memorials in storage have been paid in full with title conveyed to each pre-need purchaser.

The Cemetery products segment manufactures a full line of memorial products for cremation, including urns in a variety of sizes, styles and shapes as well as standard and custom designed granite cremation pedestals and benches. The segment also manufactures bronze and granite niche units, which are comprised of numerous compartments used to display cremation urns in mausoleums and churches. In addition, the Company also markets turnkey cremation gardens, which include the design and all related products for a cremation memorial garden. As part of the Memorialization group, the segment works with the Funeral Home Products and Cremation segments to provide a total solution to customers that own and operate businesses in both the cemetery and funeral home markets.

Architectural products include cast bronze and aluminum plaques, etchings and letters that are used to recognize, commemorate and identify people, places, events and accomplishments. The Company's plaques are frequently used to identify the name of a building or the names of companies or individuals located within a building. Such products are also used to commemorate events or accomplishments, such as military service or financial donations. The principal markets for the segment's architectural products are corporations, fraternal organizations, contractors, churches, hospitals, schools and government agencies. These products are sold to and distributed through a network of independent dealers including sign suppliers, awards and recognition companies, and trophy dealers.

Raw materials used by the Cemetery Products segment consist principally of bronze and aluminum ingot, granite, sheet metal, coating materials, photopolymers and construction materials and are generally available in adequate supply. Ingot is obtained from various North American, European and Australian smelters.

Competition from other cemetery product manufacturers is on the basis of reputation, product quality, delivery, price, and design availability. The Company believes that its superior quality, broad product lines, innovative designs, delivery capability, customer responsiveness, experienced personnel and consumer-oriented merchandising systems are competitive advantages in its markets. Competition in the mausoleum construction industry includes various construction companies throughout North America and is on the basis of design, quality and price. Competitors in the architectural market are numerous and include companies that manufacture cast and painted signs, plastic materials, sand-blasted wood and other fabricated products.

Funeral Home Products:

The Funeral Home Products segment is a leading manufacturer and distributor of caskets and other funeral home products in North America. The segment produces and markets metal, wood and cremation caskets. Caskets are offered in a variety of colors, interior designs, handles and trim in order to accommodate specific religious, ethnic or other personal preferences. The segment also markets other funeral home products such as urns, jewelry, stationery and other funeral home products. The segment offers individually personalized caskets and urns through the Company-owned distribution network.

Metal caskets are made from various gauges of cold-rolled steel, stainless steel, copper and bronze. Metal caskets are generally categorized by whether the casket is non-gasketed or gasketed, and by material (i.e., bronze, copper, or steel) and in the case of steel, by the gauge (thickness) of the metal. Wood caskets are manufactured from nine different species of wood, as well as from veneer. The species of wood used are poplar, pine, ash, oak, pecan, maple, cherry, walnut and mahogany. The Funeral Home Products segment is a leading manufacturer of all-wood constructed caskets, which are manufactured using pegged and dowelled construction, and include no metal parts. All-wood constructed caskets are preferred by certain religious groups. Cremation caskets are made primarily from wood or cardboard covered with cloth or veneer. These caskets appeal primarily to cremation consumers, the environmentally concerned, and value buyers.

The Funeral Home Products segment also produces casket components. Casket components include stamped metal parts, metal locking mechanisms for gasketed metal caskets, adjustable beds and interior panels. Metal casket parts are produced by stamping cold-rolled steel, stainless steel, copper and bronze sheets into casket body parts. Locking mechanisms and adjustable beds are produced by stamping and assembling a variety of steel parts. The segment purchases from sawmills and lumber distributors various species of uncured wood, which it dries and cures. The cured wood is processed into casket components.

The segment provides product and service assortment planning, as well as merchandising and display products to funeral service businesses. These products assist funeral service professionals in providing information, value and satisfaction to their client families.

The primary materials required for casket manufacturing are cold-rolled steel and lumber. The segment also purchases copper, bronze, stainless steel, particleboard, corrugated materials, paper veneer, cloth, ornamental hardware and coating materials. Purchase orders or supply agreements are typically negotiated with large, integrated steel producers that have demonstrated timely delivery, high quality material and competitive prices. Lumber is purchased from a number of sawmills and lumber distributors. The Company purchases most of its lumber from sawmills within 150 miles of its wood casket manufacturing facility in York, Pennsylvania.

The segment markets its casket products in the United States through a combination of Company-owned and independent casket distribution facilities. The Company operates approximately 60 distribution centers in the United States. Over 70% of the segment's casket products are currently sold through Company-owned distribution centers. As part of the Memorialization group, the segment works with the Cemetery Products and Cremation segments to provide a total solution to customers that own and operate businesses in both the cemetery and funeral home markets.

The casket business is highly competitive. The segment competes with other manufacturers on the basis of product quality, price, service, design availability and breadth of product line. The segment provides a line of casket products that it believes is as comprehensive as any of its major competitors. There are a large number of casket industry participants operating in North America, and the industry has recently seen a few new foreign casket manufacturers, primarily from China, enter the North American market. The Funeral Home Products segment and its two largest competitors account for a substantial portion of the finished caskets produced and sold in North America.

Cremation:

The Cremation segment provides the following groups of products and services:

- · Cremation Systems
- · Waste Management/Incineration Systems
- · Environmental and Energy Systems
- · Service and Supplies
- · Crematory Management/Operations
- · Cremation Urns and Memorialization Products

Servicing the human, pet and specialized incineration markets, the segment's primary market areas are North America and Europe. The segment also sells into Latin America and the Caribbean, Australia and Asia.

Cremation systems includes both traditional flame-based and water-based bio-cremation systems for cremation of humans and pets, as well as equipment for processing the cremated remains and other related equipment (ventilated work stations, tables, cooler racks, vacuums). The principal markets for these products are funeral homes, cemeteries, crematories, pet crematories, animal disposers and veterinarians. These products are marketed mostly direct by segment personnel.

Waste management/incineration systems encompass both batch load and continuous feed, static and rotary systems for incineration of all waste types, as well as equipment for in-loading waste, out-loading ash and energy recovery. The principal markets for these products are medical waste disposal, oil and gas "work camp" wastes, industrial wastes and bio mass generators.

Environmental and energy systems include emissions filtration units, waste heat recovery equipment, waste gas treatment products, as well as energy recovery and renewable power generation. The principal markets are municipalities or public/state agencies, the cremation industry and waste to energy and other industries which utilize incinerators for waste reduction and energy production.

Service and supplies consists of operator training, preventative maintenance and "at need" service work performed on various makes and models of equipment. This work can be as simple as replacing defective bulbs or as complex as complete reconstruction and upgrading or retro-fitting on site. Supplies are consumable items associated with normal operations.

Crematory management/operations represent the actual operation and management of client-owned crematories. Currently the segment provides these services primarily to municipalities in Europe.

Cremation urns and memorialization products include urns which support various forms of memorialization (burial, niche, scattering, and home décor). Merchandise includes any other family-related products such as cremation jewelry, mementos, remembrance products and other assorted at-need merchandise.

Raw materials used by the Cremation segment consist principally of structural steel, sheet metal, electrical components, combustion devices and refractory materials. These are generally available in adequate supply from numerous suppliers.

The Company competes with several manufacturers in the cremation and accessory equipment market principally on the basis of product design, quality and price. The Cremation segment and its three largest global competitors account for a substantial portion of the U.S. and European cremation equipment market. As part of the Memorialization group, the segment works with the Cemetery Products and Funeral Home Products segments to provide a total solution to customers that own and operate businesses in both the cemetery and funeral home markets.

BRAND SOLUTIONS PRODUCTS AND MARKETS:

Graphics Imaging:

The Graphics Imaging segment provides brand management, pre-press services, printing plates and cylinders, embossing tools, and creative design services principally to the primary packaging and corrugated industries. The primary packaging industry consists of manufacturers of printed packaging materials such as boxes, flexible packaging, folding cartons and bags commonly displayed at retailers of consumer goods. The corrugated packaging industry consists of manufacturers of printed corrugated containers. Other major industries served include the wallpaper, flooring, automotive, and textile industries.

The principal products and services of this segment include brand management, pre-press graphics services, printing plates, gravure cylinders, steel bases, embossing tools, special purpose machinery, engineering assistance, print process assistance, print production management, digital asset management, content management, and package design. These products and services are used by brand owners and packaging manufacturers to develop and print packaging graphics that help identify and sell the product in the marketplace. Other packaging graphics can include nutritional information, directions for product use, consumer warning statements and UPC codes. The primary packaging manufacturer produces printed packaging from paper, film, foil and other composite materials used to display, protect and market the product. The corrugated packaging manufacturer produces printed containers from corrugated sheets. Using the Company's products, these sheets are printed and die cut to make finished containers.

The segment offers a wide array of value-added services and products. These include print process and print production management services; print engineering consultation; pre-press preparation, which includes computer-generated art, film and proofs; plate mounting accessories and various press aids; and press-side print production assurance. The segment also provides creative digital graphics services to brand owners and packaging markets.

The Company works closely with manufacturers to provide the proper printing forms and tooling required to print the packaging to the user's specifications. The segment's printing plate products are made principally from photopolymer resin and sheet materials. Upon customer request, plates can be pre-mounted press-ready in a variety of configurations that maximize print quality and minimize press setup time. Gravure cylinders, manufactured from steel, copper and chrome, can be custom engineered for multiple print processes and specific customer print applications.

The Graphics Imaging segment customer base consists primarily of brand owners and packaging industry converters. Brand owners are generally large, well-known consumer products companies and retailers with a national or global presence. These types of companies tend to purchase their graphics needs directly and supply the printing forms, or the electronic files to make the printing plates and gravure cylinders, to the packaging printer for their products. The Graphics Imaging segment serves customers primarily in Europe, the United States and Asia.

Major raw materials for this segment's products include photopolymers, steel, copper, film and graphic art supplies. All such materials are presently available in adequate supply from various industry sources.

The Graphics Imaging segment is one of several manufacturers of printing plates and cylinders and providers of pre-press services with an international presence. The segment competes in a fragmented industry consisting of a few multi-plant regional printing form suppliers and a large number of local single-facility companies located across Europe and the United States. The combination of the Company's Graphics Imaging business in Europe, the United States and Asia is an important part of Matthews' strategy to become a worldwide leader in the graphics industry in providing consistent service to multinational customers on a global basis. Competition is on the basis of product quality, timeliness of delivery and price. The Company differentiates itself from the competition by consistently meeting these customer demands, its ability to service customers both nationally and globally, and its ability to provide a variety of value-added support services.

Marking and Fulfillment Systems:

The Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment designs, manufactures and distributes a wide range of marking, coding and industrial automation technologies and solutions, and related consumables. Manufacturers, suppliers and distributors worldwide rely on Matthews' integrated systems to identify, track, control and pick their products.

Marking systems range from mechanical marking solutions to microprocessor-based ink-jet printing systems that integrate into a customer's manufacturing, inventory tracking and material handling control systems. The Company also manufactures and markets products and systems that employ different marking technologies, including contact printing, indenting, etching, laser and ink-jet printing. Customers frequently use a combination of these methods to achieve an appropriate mark. These technologies apply product information required for identification and traceability, as well as to facilitate inventory and quality control, regulatory compliance and brand name communication.

Fulfillment systems complement the tracking and distribution of a customer's products with automated order fulfillment technologies, motor-driven rollers for product conveyance and controls for material handling systems. Material handling customers include some of the largest automated assembly, distribution and mail sorting companies in the United States. The Company also engineers innovative, custom solutions to address specific customer requirements in a variety of industries, including oil exploration, precision computer numerical control (CNC) machining and security scanning.

A significant portion of the revenue of the Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment is attributable to the sale of consumables and replacement parts required by the marking, coding and tracking hardware sold by Matthews. The Company develops inks, rubber and steel consumables in conjunction with the marking equipment in which they are used, which is critical to ensure ongoing equipment reliability and mark quality. Many marking equipment customers also use Matthews' inks, solvents and cleaners.

The principal customers for the Company's marking and fulfillment systems products are manufacturers, suppliers and distributors of durable goods, building products, consumer goods manufacturers (including food and beverage processors) and producers of pharmaceuticals. The Company also serves a wide variety of industrial markets, including metal fabricators, manufacturers of woven and non-woven fabrics, plastic, rubber and automotive products.

A portion of this segment's sales are outside the United States, with distribution sourced through the Company's subsidiaries in Canada, Sweden, Germany and China in addition to other international distributors. The Company owns a minority interest in distributors in Asia, Australia and Europe.

Major raw materials for this segment's products include precision components, electronics, printing components, tool steels, rubber and chemicals, all of which are presently available in adequate supply from various sources.

Competitors in the marking and fulfillment systems industries are diverse, with some companies offering limited product lines for well-defined specialty markets, while others operate similarly to the Company, offering a broad product line and competing in multiple product markets and countries. Competition for marking and fulfillment systems products is based on product performance, ease of integration into the manufacturing and/or distribution process, service and price. The Company typically competes with specialty companies in specific brand marking solutions and traceability applications. The Company believes that, in general, it offers one of the broadest lines of products to address a wide variety of marking, coding and industrial automation applications.

Merchandising Solutions:

The Merchandising Solutions segment provides merchandising, retail graphics and printing solutions for brand owners and retailers. The segment designs, manufactures and installs merchandising and display systems, and provides total turnkey project management services. The segment also provides creative merchandising and marketing solutions services.

The majority of the segment's sales are derived from the design, engineering, manufacturing and execution of merchandising and display systems. These systems include permanent and temporary displays, custom store fixtures, brand concept shops, interactive media, custom packaging, and screen and digitally printed promotional signage. Design and engineering services include concept and model development, graphics design and prototyping. Merchandising and display systems are manufactured to specifications developed by the segment in conjunction with the customer. These products are marketed and sold primarily in the United States.

The segment operates in a fragmented industry consisting primarily of a number of small, locally operated companies. Industry competition is intense and the segment competes on the basis of reliability, creativity and providing a broad array of merchandising products and services. The segment is unique in its ability to provide in-depth marketing and merchandising services as well as design, engineering and manufacturing capabilities. These capabilities allow the segment to deliver complete turnkey merchandising solutions quickly and cost effectively.

Major raw materials for the segment's products include wood, particleboard, corrugated materials, structural steel, plastic, laminates, inks, film and graphic art supplies. All of these raw materials are presently available in adequate supply from various sources.

PATENTS, TRADEMARKS AND LICENSES:

The Company holds a number of domestic and foreign patents and trademarks. However, the Company believes the loss of any or a significant number of patents or trademarks would not have a material impact on consolidated operations or revenues.

BACKLOG:

Because the nature of the Company's Cemetery Products, Graphics Imaging and Merchandising Solutions businesses are primarily custom products made to order with short lead times, backlogs are not generally material except for mausoleums in the Cemetery Products segment and roto-gravure engineering projects in the Graphics Imaging segment. Backlogs vary in a range of approximately one year of sales for mausoleums and roto-gravure engineering projects. Backlogs for the Funeral Home Products segment are not material. Cremation equipment sales backlogs vary in a range of eight to ten months of sales. Backlogs for Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment sales generally vary in a range of up to six weeks for standard products and twelve weeks for custom systems. The Company's backlog is expected to be substantially filled in fiscal 2014.

REGULATORY MATTERS:

The Company's operations are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations impose limitations on the discharge of materials into the environment and require the Company to obtain and operate in compliance with conditions of permits and other government authorizations. As such, the Company has developed environmental, health and safety policies and procedures that include the proper handling, storage and disposal of hazardous materials.

The Company is party to various environmental matters. These include obligations to investigate and mitigate the effects on the environment of the disposal of certain materials at various operating and non-operating sites. The Company is currently performing environmental assessments and remediation at these sites, as appropriate.

At September 30, 2013, an accrual of approximately \$5.3 million had been recorded for environmental remediation (of which \$1.2 million was classified in other current liabilities), representing management's best estimate of the probable and reasonably estimable costs of the Company's known remediation obligations. The accrual does not consider the effects of inflation and anticipated expenditures are not discounted to their present value. While final resolution of these contingencies could result in costs different than current accruals, management believes the ultimate outcome will not have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

There are inherent risks and uncertainties associated with the Company's businesses that could adversely affect its operating performance and financial condition. Set forth below are descriptions of those risks and uncertainties that the Company currently believes to be material. Additional risks not currently known or deemed immaterial may also result in adverse effects on the Company.

Changes in Economic Conditions. Generally, changes in domestic and international economic conditions affect the industries in which the Company and its customers and suppliers operate. These changes include changes in the rate of consumption or use of the Company's products due to economic downturns, volatility in currency exchange rates, and changes in raw material prices resulting from supply and/or demand conditions.

Uncertainty about current global economic conditions poses a risk, as consumers and businesses may continue to postpone or cancel spending. Other factors that could influence customer spending include energy costs, conditions in the credit markets, consumer confidence and other factors affecting consumer spending behavior. These and other economic factors could have an effect on demand for the Company's products and services and negatively impact the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

Changes in Foreign Currency Exchange Rates. Manufacturing and sales of a significant portion of the Company's products are outside the United States, and accordingly, the Company holds assets, incurs liabilities, earns revenue and pays expenses in a variety of currencies. The Company's consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars, and therefore, the Company must translate the reported values of its foreign assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses into U.S. dollars. Increases or decreases in the value of the U.S. dollar compared to foreign currencies may negatively affect the value of these items in the Company's consolidated financial statements, even though their value has not changed in local currency.

Increased Prices for Raw Materials. The Company's profitability is affected by the prices of the raw materials used in the manufacture of its products. These prices may fluctuate based on a number of factors, including changes in supply and demand, domestic and global economic conditions, and volatility in commodity markets, currency exchange rates, labor costs and fuel-related costs. If suppliers increase the price of critical raw materials, alternative sources of supply, or an alternative material, may not exist.

The Company has standard selling price structures (i.e., list prices) in several of its segments, which are reviewed for adjustment generally on an annual basis. In addition, the Company has established pricing terms with several of its customers through contracts or similar arrangements. Based on competitive market conditions and to the extent that the Company has established pricing terms with customers, the Company's ability to immediately increase the price of its products to offset the increased costs may be limited. Significant raw material price increases that cannot be mitigated by selling price increases or productivity improvements will negatively affect the Company's results of operations.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS, (continued)

Changes in Mortality and Cremation Rates. Generally, life expectancy in the United States and other countries in which the Company's Memorialization businesses operate has increased steadily for several decades and is expected to continue to do so in the future. The increase in life expectancy is also expected to impact the number of deaths in the future. Additionally, cremations have steadily grown as a percentage of total deaths in the United States since the 1960's, and are expected to continue to increase in the future. The Company expects that these trends will continue in the future, and the result may affect the volume of bronze and granite memorialization products and burial caskets sold in the United States. However, sales of the Company's Cremation segment may benefit from the growth in cremations.

Changes in Product Demand or Pricing. The Company's businesses have and will continue to operate in competitive markets. Changes in product demand or pricing are affected by domestic and foreign competition and an increase in consolidated purchasing by large customers operating in both domestic and global markets. The Memorialization businesses generally operate in markets with ample supply capacity and demand which is correlated to death rates. The Brand Solutions businesses serve global customers that are requiring their suppliers to be global in scope and price competitive. Additionally, in recent years the Company has witnessed an increase in products manufactured offshore, primarily in China, and imported into the Company's U.S. markets. It is expected that these trends will continue and may affect the Company's future results of operations.

Risks in Connection with Acquisitions. The Company has grown in part through acquisitions, and continues to evaluate acquisition opportunities that have the potential to support and strengthen its businesses. There is no assurance however that future acquisition opportunities will arise, or that if they do, that they will be consummated. In addition, acquisitions involve inherent risks that the businesses acquired will not perform in accordance with expectations, or that synergies expected from the integration of the acquisitions will not be achieved as rapidly as expected, if at all. Failure to effectively integrate acquired businesses could prevent the realization of expected rates of return on the acquisition investment and could have a negative effect on the Company's results of operations and financial condition.

Technological Factors Beyond the Company's Control. The Company operates in certain markets in which technological product development contributes to its ability to compete effectively. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to develop new products, that new products can be manufactured and marketed profitably, or that new products will successfully meet the expectations of customers.

Changes in the Distribution of the Company's Products or the Loss of a Large Customer. Although the Company does not have any customer that is considered individually significant to consolidated sales, it does have contracts with several large customers in both the Memorialization and Brand Solutions businesses. While these contracts provide important access to large purchasers of the Company's products, they can obligate the Company to sell products at contracted prices for extended periods of time. Additionally, any significant divestiture of business properties or operations by current customers could result in a loss of business if the Company is not able to maintain the business with the subsequent owners of the properties.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.

Not Applicable.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES.

Principal properties of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries as of October 31, 2013 were as follows (properties are owned by the Company except as noted):

Location	Description of Property	
Cemetery Products:		
Pittsburgh, PA	Manufacturing / Division Offices	
Elberton, GA	Manufacturing	
Kingwood, WV	Manufacturing	
Melbourne, Australia	Manufacturing	(1)
Monterrey, Mexico	Manufacturing	(1)
Parma, Italy	Manufacturing / Warehouse	(1)
Searcy, AR	Manufacturing	
Whittier, CA	Manufacturing	(1)
Funeral Home Products (2):		
Monterrey, Mexico	Manufacturing	(1)
Richmond, IN	Manufacturing	(1)
Richmond, IN	Manufacturing	(1)
Richmond, IN	Manufacturing / Metal Stamping	
Richmond, IN	Injection Molding	(1)
York, PA	Manufacturing	
Cremation:		
Apopka, FL	Manufacturing / Division Offices	
Manchester, England	Manufacturing	(1)
Manchester, England	Manufacturing	(1)
Udine, Italy	Manufacturing	(1)
Graphics Imaging:	Manufacturing / Division Offices	
Pittsburgh, PA	Manufacturing / Division Offices	
Julich, Germany	Manufacturing / Division Offices	
Atlanta, GA Woburn, MA	Manufacturing Manufacturing	(1)
Bristol, England	Manufacturing	(1)
Goslar, Germany	Manufacturing	(1)
Leeds, England	Manufacturing	(1)
Monchengladbach, Germany	Manufacturing	(1)
Munich, Germany	Manufacturing	(1)
Nuremberg, Germany	Manufacturing	(1)
Oakland, CA	Manufacturing	(1)
Poznan, Poland	Manufacturing	(-)
St. Louis, MO	Manufacturing	
Shenzhen, China	Manufacturing	(1)
Vienna, Austria	Manufacturing	(1)
Vreden, Germany	Manufacturing	
Wan Chai, Hong Kong	Manufacturing	(1)
Izmir, Turkey	Manufacturing	
Grenzach-Wyhlen, Germany	Manufacturing	
Duchow, Poland	Manufacturing	
Budapest, Hungary	Manufacturing	
	12	
	12	

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES, (continued)

Location	Description of Property	
Marking and Fulfillment Systems:		
Pittsburgh, PA	Manufacturing / Division Offices	
Gothenburg, Sweden	Manufacturing / Distribution	(1)
Tualatin, OR	Manufacturing	(1)
Beijing, China	Manufacturing	(1)
Ixonia, WI	Manufacturing	(1)
Germantown, WI	Manufacturing	(1)
Cincinnati, OH	Manufacturing	(1)
Merchandising Solutions:		
East Butler, PA	Manufacturing / Division Offices	
Portland, OR	Sales Office	(1)
Corporate Office:		
Pittsburgh, PA	General Offices	

- (1) These properties are leased by the Company under operating lease arrangements. Rent expense incurred by the Company for all leased facilities was approximately \$17.7 million in fiscal 2013.
- (2) In addition to the properties listed, the Funeral Home Products segment leases warehouse facilities totaling approximately 1.0 million square feet in 29 states under operating leases.

All of the owned properties are unencumbered. The Company believes its facilities are generally well suited for their respective uses and are of adequate size and design to provide the operating efficiencies necessary for the Company to be competitive. The Company's facilities provide adequate space for meeting its near-term production requirements and have availability for additional capacity. The Company intends to continue to expand and modernize its facilities as necessary to meet the demand for its products.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

Matthews is subject to various legal proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. Management does not expect that the results of any of these legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on Matthews' financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

OFFICERS AND EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT OF THE REGISTRANT

The following information is furnished with respect to officers and executive management as of October 31, 2013:

Name	Age	Positions with Registrant
Joseph C. Bartolacci	53	President and Chief Executive Officer
David F. Beck	61	Vice President and Controller
Jennifer A. Ciccone	46	Vice President, Human Resources
Brian J. Dunn	56	Group President, Brand Solutions
Steven D. Gackenbach	50	Group President, Memorialization
Steven F. Nicola	53	Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer
Paul F. Rahill	56	President, Cremation Division
Brian D. Walters	44	Vice President and General Counsel

Joseph C. Bartolacci was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer effective October 1, 2006.

David F. Beck was appointed Vice President and Controller effective February 18, 2010. Prior thereto he had been Controller since September 15, 2003.

Jennifer A. Ciccone was appointed Vice President, Human Resources effective February 19, 2009. Prior thereto, Ms. Ciccone had been Director, Corporate Human Resources since 2006.

Brian J. Dunn was appointed Group President, Brand Solutions effective February 18, 2010. Prior thereto, he was appointed Group President, Graphics and Marking Products effective September 1, 2007 and had been President, Marking Products Division prior thereto.

Steven D. Gackenbach was appointed Group President, Memorialization effective October 31, 2011. Prior thereto he had been Chief Commercial Officer, Memorialization since January 3, 2011 when he joined the Company. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Gackenbach served as the Senior Director of Strategy for Kraft Foods' Cheese and Dairy Division from 2002 to 2010.

Steven F. Nicola was appointed Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer effective December 1, 2003.

Paul F. Rahill was appointed President, Cremation Division in October 2002.

Brian D. Walters was appointed Vice President and General Counsel effective February 19, 2009. Mr. Walters joined the Company as Legal Counsel in 2005.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

Market Information:

The authorized common stock of the Company consists of 70,000,000 shares of Class A Common Stock, \$1 par value. The Company's Class A Common Stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market System under the symbol "MATW". The following table sets forth the high, low and closing prices as reported by NASDAQ for the periods indicated:

		High		Low	 Close
Fiscal 2013:					
Quarter ended:	September 30, 2013	\$ 40	0.50 \$	36.27	\$ 38.08
	June 30, 2013	39	9.37	32.81	37.70
	March 31, 2013	3:	5.31	31.43	34.92
	December 31, 2012	32	2.95	27.42	32.10
Fiscal 2012:					
Quarter ended:	September 30, 2012	\$ 32	2.90 \$	27.88	\$ 29.82
	June 30, 2012	32	2.63	28.95	32.49
	March 31, 2012	34	1.36	30.00	31.64
	December 31, 2011	3′	7.65	28.59	31.43

The Company has a stock repurchase program. Under the current authorization, the Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of a total of 2,500,000 shares of Matthews' common stock under the program, of which 1,194,670 shares remain available for repurchase as of September 30, 2013. The buy-back program is designed to increase shareholder value, enlarge the Company's holdings of its common stock, and add to earnings per share. Repurchased shares may be retained in treasury, utilized for acquisitions, or reissued to employees or other purchasers, subject to the restrictions of the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation.

All purchases of the Company's common stock during fiscal 2013 were part of this repurchase program.

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS, (continued)

The following table shows the monthly fiscal 2013 stock repurchase activity:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	p	Average rice paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of a publicly announced plan	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan
October 2012	123,000	\$	29.12	123,000	1,691,651
November 2012	31,732		28.91	31,732	1,659,919
December 2012	1,000		30.72	1,000	1,658,919
January 2013	-		-	-	1,658,919
February 2013	41,200		32.67	41,200	1,617,719
March 2013	40,200		34.41	40,200	1,577,519
April 2013	16,691		33.85	16,691	1,560,828
May 2013	31,745		38.32	31,745	1,529,083
June 2013	119,548		37.54	119,548	1,409,535
July 2013	30,000		38.65	30,000	1,379,535
August 2013	25,000		37.43	25,000	1,354,535
September 2013	159,865		37.52	159,865	1,194,670
Total	619,981	\$	34.88	619,981	

Holders:

Based on records available to the Company, the number of registered holders of the Company's common stock was 469 at October 31, 2013.

Dividends:

A quarterly dividend of \$.11 per share was paid for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013 to shareholders of record on November 25, 2013. The Company paid quarterly dividends of \$.10 per share for the first three quarters of fiscal 2013 and the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. The Company paid quarterly dividends of \$.09 per share for the first three quarters of fiscal 2012 and the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011. The Company paid quarterly dividends of \$.08 per share for the first three quarters of fiscal 2011 and the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010.

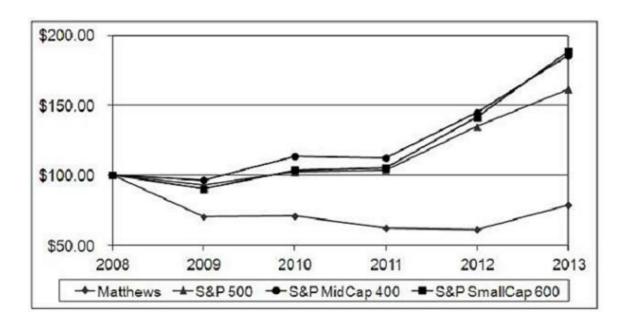
Cash dividends have been paid on common shares in every year for at least the past forty-five years. It is the present intention of the Company to continue to pay quarterly cash dividends on its common stock. However, there is no assurance that dividends will be declared and paid as the declaration and payment of dividends is at the discretion of the Board of Directors of the Company and is dependent upon the Company's financial condition, results of operations, cash requirements, future prospects and other factors deemed relevant by the Board.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans:

See Equity Compensation Plans in Item 12 "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" on page 70 of this report.

PERFORMANCE GRAPH

COMPARISON OF FIVE-YEAR CUMULATIVE RETURN * AMONG MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION, S&P 500 INDEX, S&P MIDCAP 400 INDEX AND S&P SMALLCAP 600 INDEX **



- * Total return assumes dividend reinvestment
- ** Fiscal year ended September 30

Note: Performance graph assumes \$100 invested on October 1, 2008 in Matthews International Corporation Common Stock, Standard & Poor's (S&P) 500 Index, S&P MidCap 400 Index and S&P SmallCap 600 Index. The results are not necessarily indicative of future performance.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA.

	Years Ended September 30,									
		2013(1)		2012(2)		2011(3)		2010(4)	2	009(5)
			(<i>P</i>	Amounts in th	iousa	inds, except 1	oer s	share data)		
		(Not Covered	l by	Report of Inc	depe	ndent Registe	ered	Public Accou	ınting	g Firm)
Net sales	\$	985,357	\$	900,317	\$	898,821	\$	821,829	\$	780,908
Operating profit		95,792		93,577		118,516		116,581		101,011
Interest expense		12,925		11,476		8,241		7,419		12,053
Net income attributable to Matthews shareholders		54,888		55,843		72,372		69,057		57,732
Earnings per common share:										
Basic		\$1.99		\$1.98		\$2.47		\$2.32		\$1.91
Diluted		1.98		1.98		2.46		2.31		1.90
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:										
Basic		27,255		27,753		28,775		29,656		30,245
Diluted		27,423		27,839		28,812		29,706		30,318
Cash dividends per share		\$.410		\$.370		\$.330		\$.290		\$.265
Total assets	\$	1,214,927	\$	1,128,042	\$	1,097,455	\$	993,825	\$	949,653
Long-term debt, non-current		351,068		298,148		299,170		225,256		237,530

- (1) Fiscal 2013 included net unusual charges of approximately \$14,095 (pre-tax). Unusual charges primarily related to strategic cost reduction initiatives, incremental costs related to an ERP implementation in the Cemetery Products segment, acquisition related costs and an impairment charge related to the carrying value of a trade name. The unusual charges were partially offset by a gain on the final settlement of the purchase price of the remaining ownership interest in one of the Company's subsidiaries and the benefit of adjustments to contingent consideration.
- Fiscal 2012 included net unusual charges of approximately \$7,850 (pre-tax), which primarily consisted of charges related to cost reduction initiatives and incremental costs related to an ERP implementation in the Cemetery Products segment. In addition, fiscal 2012 included the favorable effect of an adjustment of \$528 to income tax expense primarily related to changes in estimated tax accruals for open tax periods.
- (3) Fiscal 2011 included the favorable effect of an adjustment of \$606 to income tax expense primarily related to changes in estimated tax accruals for open tax periods.
- (4) Fiscal 2010 included the favorable effect of an adjustment of \$838 to income tax expense primarily related to changes in estimated tax accruals for open tax periods.
- (5) Fiscal 2009 included pre-tax unusual charges of approximately \$16,500, which primarily consisted of severance and other costs related to the consolidation of certain production operations within the Company's Cemetery Products segment, costs related to operational and systems improvements in several of the Company's other businesses, and asset adjustments resulting from current market conditions. In addition, fiscal 2009 earnings included the favorable effect of an adjustment of \$1,255 to income tax expense primarily related to the Company's ability to utilize a European tax loss carryover generated in prior years and changes in the estimated tax accruals for open tax periods.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Matthews and related notes thereto. In addition, see "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information" included in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

The following table sets forth sales and operating profit for the Company's Memorialization and Brand Solutions businesses for each of the last three fiscal years.

	Years Ended September 30,					
	2		2012			2011
Sales:	o.	517.011	Ф	400.067	Ф	507.242
Memorialization Brand Solutions	\$	517,911 467,446	\$	492,867 407,450	\$	507,342 391,479
Consolidated	\$	985,357	\$	900,317	\$	898,821
Operating Profit:						
Memorialization	\$	72,931	\$	63,589	\$	84,992
Brand Solutions		22,861		29,988		33,524
Consolidated	\$	95,792	\$	93,577	\$	118,516

Comparison of Fiscal 2013 and Fiscal 2012:

Sales for the year ended September 30, 2013 were \$985.4 million, compared to \$900.3 million for the year ended September 30, 2012. The increase in fiscal 2013 sales principally reflected higher sales in the Funeral Home Products and Merchandising Solutions segments and the benefit of recent acquisitions.

In the Memorialization businesses, Cemetery Products segment sales for fiscal 2013 were \$226.6 million compared to \$215.9 million for fiscal 2012. The increase primarily reflected the full year impact of the acquisition of Everlasting Granite Memorial Co., Inc. ("Everlasting Granite") in May 2012. Sales for the Funeral Home Products segment were \$242.8 million for fiscal 2013 compared to \$230.9 million for fiscal 2012. The increase principally resulted from higher unit volume and an improvement in product mix. Sales for the Cremation segment were \$48.5 million for fiscal 2013 compared to \$46.0 million a year ago. The increase principally resulted from higher sales of cremation equipment in the U.S. and the benefit of a small U.K. acquisition completed in fiscal 2012, partially offset by lower international sales. In the Company's Brand Solutions businesses, sales for the Graphics Imaging segment in fiscal 2013 were \$294.6 million, compared to \$259.9 million a year ago. The increase resulted principally from the acquisition of Wetzel Holding AG, Wetzel GmbH and certain related affiliates (collectively, "Wetzel") in November 2012, partially offset by lower sales volume in the segment's principal markets due to soft economic conditions, particularly in Europe. Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment sales for the year ended September 30, 2013 were \$93.5 million, compared to \$74.6 million for fiscal 2012. The increase resulted principally from higher sales in the U.S. market and the acquisition of Pyramid Controls, Inc. and its affiliate, Pyramid Control Systems (collectively, "Pyramid") in December 2012. Sales for the Merchandising Solutions segment were \$79.4 million for fiscal 2013, compared to \$73.0 million a year ago. The improvement was attributable to an increase in sales to several large customers in fiscal 2013.

Gross profit for the year ended September 30, 2013 was \$356.5 million, or 36.2% of sales, compared to \$336.6 million, or 37.4% of sales, for fiscal 2012. The increase in fiscal 2013 consolidated gross profit compared to fiscal 2012 reflected higher sales and the benefit of recent acquisitions. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of sales primarily reflected lower margins in the Brand Solutions businesses.

<u>ITEM 7.</u> <u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, (continued)</u>

Selling and administrative expenses for the year ended September 30, 2013 were \$260.7 million, or 26.5% of sales, compared to \$243.0 million, or 27.0% of sales, for fiscal 2012. The increase in selling and administrative expenses was attributable to the impacts of recent acquisitions, unusual charges and higher sales in the Funeral Home Products segment. The reduction in selling and administrative costs as a percent of sales was due primarily to the benefit of adjustments to contingent consideration and the Company's cost containment efforts in fiscal 2013. Unusual charges primarily included costs related to strategic cost-structure initiatives, acquisition-related expenses and asset adjustments.

Operating profit for fiscal 2013 was \$95.8 million, compared to \$93.6 million for fiscal 2012. The increase in operating profit for fiscal 2013 reflected higher sales and the impact of recent acquisitions, partially offset by net unusual charges totaling approximately \$14.1 million in fiscal 2013. Fiscal 2012 included net unusual charges of approximately \$7.8 million.

Cemetery Products segment operating profit for fiscal 2013 was \$32.6 million, compared to \$33.2 million for fiscal 2012. The decrease in fiscal 2013 operating profit compared to fiscal 2012 resulted mainly from unusual charges of approximately \$5.9 million related to strategic cost-structure initiatives, compared to similar unusual charges in fiscal 2012 of approximately \$5.4 million. Operating profit for the Funeral Home products segment for fiscal 2013 was \$37.3 million, compared to \$26.5 million for fiscal 2012. The increase in Funeral Home Products segment operating profit for fiscal 2013 primarily reflected the impact of higher sales, the benefit of improved production and distribution efficiencies and the benefit of adjustments to contingent consideration. These increases were partially offset by unusual charges related to strategic cost-structure initiatives. Fiscal 2012 also included the benefit of adjustments to contingent consideration, partially offset by unusual charges for severance. Net unusual items for the Funeral Home Products segment were approximately the same aggregate amount in fiscal 2013 and 2012. Cremation segment operating profit for the year ended September 30, 2013 was \$3.1 million, compared to \$3.9 million a year ago. Fiscal 2013 operating profit reflected the impact of higher sales in the U.S. market, partially offset by lower sales in the European and U.K. markets. In addition, Cremation segment fiscal 2013 operating profit included unusual charges related to strategic cost-structure initiatives. Graphics Imaging segment operating profit for fiscal 2013 was \$9.7 million, compared to \$14.8 million for 2012. The decrease in fiscal 2013 reflected lower sales (excluding the Wetzel acquisition) and the unfavorable impact of unusual items of approximately \$6.3 million. The unusual charges related to acquisition activities and strategic initiatives, and an impairment charge related to the carrying value of a trade name. Graphics Imaging segment operating profit in fiscal 2012 included net unusual charges of approximately \$3.4 million primarily related to acquisition activities and severance costs, partially offset by the benefit of an adjustment to contingent consideration. Operating profit for the Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment for fiscal 2013 was \$8.9 million, compared to \$10.1 million a year ago. The decrease in Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment operating profit principally reflected the impact of unusual charges related to cost-structure strategic initiatives, partially offset by the benefit of the Pyramid acquisition and higher sales in the U.S. The Merchandising Solutions segment operating profit was \$4.3 million for fiscal 2013, compared to \$5.1 million for fiscal 2012. The decrease principally reflected the impact of higher sales, offset by an increase in employee-related costs and unusual charges related to strategic coststructure initiatives.

Investment income for the year ended September 30, 2013 was \$2.3 million, compared to \$3.9 million for the year ended September 30, 2012. The decrease principally reflected lower rates of return on investments held in trust for certain of the Company's benefit plans. Interest expense for fiscal 2013 was \$12.9 million, compared to \$11.5 million last year. The increase in interest expense reflected higher average debt levels.

Other income (deductions), net, for the year ended September 30, 2013 represented a decrease in pre-tax income of \$3.7 million, compared to a decrease in pre-tax income of \$2.1 million in 2012. Other income and deductions generally include banking-related fees and the impact of currency gains or losses on certain intercompany debt.

<u>ITEM 7.</u> <u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, (continued)</u>

The Company's effective tax rate for fiscal 2013 was 32.7%, compared to 34.2% for fiscal 2012. Fiscal 2012 included the favorable impact of adjustments totaling \$528,000 in income tax expense primarily related to changes in the estimated tax accruals for open tax periods. Excluding this adjustment from fiscal 2012, the Company's effective tax rate was 34.8%. The decrease in the fiscal 2013 effective tax rate, compared to fiscal 2012 primarily reflected the impact of the Company's European tax structure initiatives, including the fiscal 2013 benefit of a European tax loss carryback. The difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the Federal statutory rate of 35.0% primarily reflected the impact of state taxes, offset by lower foreign income taxes.

Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest represented a loss of \$116,000 for fiscal 2013, compared to a loss of \$639,000 in fiscal 2012. The decrease related principally to higher operating income recorded by the Company's Turkish operation in fiscal 2013.

Comparison of Fiscal 2012 and Fiscal 2011:

Sales for the year ended September 30, 2012 were \$900.3 million, compared to \$898.8 million for the year ended September 30, 2011. Fiscal 2012 included the impact of recent acquisitions, and higher sales in the Cremation, Marking and Fulfillment Systems and Merchandising Solutions segments. These increases were offset by lower sales in the Cemetery Products, Funeral Home Products and Graphics Imaging segments, and by the unfavorable impact of changes in the values of foreign currencies of approximately \$18.4 million compared to fiscal 2011. Sales in the Cemetery Products and Funeral Home Products segments were negatively impacted by a decline in the estimated number of casketed and in-ground burial (non-cremation) deaths.

In the Memorialization businesses, Cemetery Products segment sales for fiscal 2012 were \$215.9 million compared to \$224.8 million for fiscal 2011. The decrease primarily reflected lower sales of memorial products in North America, a decrease in mausoleum sales and the unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar. These declines were partially offset by the acquisition of Everlasting Granite in May 2012. Sales for the Funeral Home Products segment were \$230.9 million for fiscal 2012 compared to \$243.3 million for fiscal 2011, which principally resulted from a reduction in sales volume. Lower sales volume of bronze memorials and caskets reflected the impact of a decline in the estimated number of casketed and in-ground burial (non-cremation) deaths compared to the prior year. Sales for the Cremation segment were \$46.0 million for fiscal 2012 compared to \$39.3 million for fiscal 2011. The increase principally resulted from higher sales of cremation equipment, primarily in the U.S., partially offset by the unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currency values. In the Company's Brand Solutions businesses, sales for the Graphics Imaging segment in fiscal 2012 were \$259.9 million, compared to \$269.0 million for fiscal 2011. The decrease resulted principally from lower sales in the European market, and the unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currency values against the U.S. dollar. These declines were partially offset by the impact of the acquisition of Kroma Pre-Press Preparation Systems Industry & Trade, Inc. ("Kroma") which was purchased in July 2011. Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment sales for the year ended September 30, 2012 were \$74.6 million, compared to \$61.9 million for fiscal 2011. The increase was principally due to higher equipment sales and the full year impact of two small acquisitions completed in fiscal 2011, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currency values. Sales for the Merchandising Solutions segment were \$73.0 million for fiscal 2012, compared to \$60.6 million for fiscal 2011. The improvement was attributable to an increase in sales to several large customers in fiscal 2012.

Gross profit for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$336.6 million, or 37.4% of sales, compared to \$351.7 million, or 39.1% of sales, for fiscal 2011. The decreases in fiscal 2012 consolidated gross profit and gross profit as a percentage of sales compared to fiscal 2011 reflected lower sales, higher commodity costs, and unusual charges in several of the Company's segments. The unusual charges related primarily to severance costs in several of the Company's businesses as a result of cost structure initiatives and incremental costs related to the Company's ERP implementation in the Cemetery Products segment.

Selling and administrative expenses for the year ended September 30, 2012 were \$243.0 million, or 27.0% of sales, compared to \$233.1 million, or 25.9% of sales, for fiscal 2011. The increase in selling and administrative expenses was attributable to higher sales in the Cremation, Marking and Fulfillment Systems and Merchandising Solutions segments, and the impact of acquisitions in the Cemetery Products and Marking and Fulfillment Systems segments. In addition, fiscal 2012 selling and administrative expenses include net unusual charges in several segments. Unusual charges primarily included severance costs, incremental costs related to the Company's ERP implementation in the Cemetery Products segment, acquisition-related expenses and asset adjustments. These charges were partially offset by unusual gains consisting of adjustments to contingent consideration liabilities, a favorable settlement on a claim related to the Company's granite business and a gain on the sale of a business investment in China.

Operating profit for fiscal 2012 was \$93.6 million, compared to \$118.5 million for fiscal 2011. The decrease in operating profit for fiscal 2012 reflected the impact of lower consolidated sales, higher commodity costs, a \$2.1 million unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currency values against the U.S. dollar and net unusual charges totaling approximately \$7.8 million.

Cemetery Products segment operating profit for fiscal 2012 was \$33.2 million, compared to \$52.5 million for fiscal 2011. The decrease in fiscal 2012 operating profit compared to fiscal 2011 reflected lower sales, higher bronze ingot costs, the unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currency values and net unusual charges of approximately \$5.4 million related to severance and ERP implementation costs. Operating profit for the Funeral Home products segment for fiscal 2012 was \$26.5 million, compared to \$29.0 million for fiscal 2011. The decrease in Funeral Home Products segment operating profit for fiscal 2012 primarily reflected the impact of lower sales, higher commodity (primarily fuel) costs and unusual charges of approximately \$1.7 million related to severance costs. These declines were partially offset by the benefit of selling and distribution cost structure initiatives and an adjustment to the liability for contingent consideration. Cremation segment operating profit for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$3.9 million, compared to \$3.5 million for fiscal 2011. Fiscal 2012 operating profit reflected higher sales in the U.S. market, partially offset by lower margins on sales in the European market. Graphics Imaging segment operating profit for fiscal 2012 was \$14.8 million, compared to \$22.4 million for fiscal 2011. The decrease in fiscal 2012 reflected lower sales, and unusual charges of approximately \$5.1 million related to severance costs and the unfavorable impact of changes in foreign currency values. The unusual charges related primarily to severance and acquisition-related costs. The declines were partially offset by an adjustment to the liability for contingent consideration and a gain on the sale of a business investment in China. Operating profit for the Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment for fiscal 2012 was \$10.1 million, compared to \$7.8 million for fiscal 2011. The increase in Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment operating profit principally reflected the impact of acquisitions and higher sales. The Merchandising Solutions segment operating profit was \$5.1 million for fiscal 2012, compared to \$3.3 million for fiscal 2011. The increase principally reflected the impact of higher sales.

Investment income for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$3.9 million, compared to \$1.4 million for the year ended September 30, 2011. The increase principally reflected increases in the market value of investments held in trust for certain of the Company's benefit plans. Interest expense for fiscal 2012 was \$11.5 million, compared to \$8.2 million for fiscal 2011. The increase in interest expense reflected higher average debt levels.

Other income (deductions), net, for the year ended September 30, 2012 represented a decrease in pre-tax income of \$2.1 million, compared to an increase in pre-tax income of \$298,000 in fiscal 2011. Other income and deductions generally include banking-related fees and the impact of currency gains or losses on certain intercompany debt.

The Company's effective tax rate for fiscal 2012 was 34.2%, compared to 34.4% for fiscal 2011. Fiscal 2012 and 2011 included the favorable impact of adjustments totaling \$528,000 and \$606,000, respectively, in income tax expense primarily related to changes in the estimated tax accruals for open tax periods. Excluding these adjustments from both periods, the Company's effective tax rate was 34.8% for fiscal year 2012 and 35.0% for fiscal 2011. The decrease in the fiscal 2012 effective tax rate, compared to fiscal 2011 primarily reflected the impact of the Company's European tax structure initiatives. The difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the Federal statutory rate of 35.0% primarily reflected the impact of state taxes, offset by lower foreign income taxes.

Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest was a loss of \$639,000 for fiscal 2012, compared to net income of \$1.1 million in fiscal 2011. The decrease related principally to the Company's acquisition of the remaining 22% interest in Saueressig GmbH & Co. KG ("Saueressig") in April 2011 and a net loss recorded by the Company's Turkish operation in fiscal 2012.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES:

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$109.3 million for the year ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$83.3 million and \$97.8 million for fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. Operating cash flow for fiscal 2013 principally included net income adjusted for depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense, and an increase in deferred taxes, partially offset by an increase in working capital items (primarily accounts receivable and inventory) and a cash contribution of \$2.5 million to the Company's principal pension plan. Operating cash flow for fiscal 2012 principally included net income adjusted for depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense, and an increase in deferred taxes, partially offset by an increase in working capital items (primarily accounts receivable and inventory) and a cash contribution of \$5.0 million to the Company's principal pension plan. Operating cash flow for fiscal 2011 primarily reflected net income adjusted for depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense, and an increase in deferred taxes, partially offset by a net increase in working capital items. In addition the Company made a cash contribution of \$9.0 million to its principal pension plan.

Cash used in investing activities was \$98.6 million for the year ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$45.3 million and \$106.8 million for fiscal years 2012 and 2011, respectively. Investing activities for fiscal 2013 primarily included payments (net of cash acquired) of \$74.0 million for acquisitions and \$24.9 million for capital expenditures. Investing activities for fiscal 2012 primarily reflected capital expenditures of \$33.2 million and payments (net of cash acquired) of \$12.5 million for acquisitions. Investing activities for fiscal 2011 primarily reflected payments (net of cash acquired) of \$84.4 million for acquisitions and capital expenditures of \$22.4 million.

Capital expenditures were \$24.9 million for the year ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$33.2 million and \$22.4 million for fiscal 2012 and 2011, respectively. Capital expenditures in fiscal 2012 were higher due to new investments in gravure equipment in Germany and Turkey and investments in ERP and e-commerce systems. Capital expenditures in each of the last three fiscal years reflected reinvestments in the Company's business segments and were made primarily for the purchase of new manufacturing machinery, equipment and facilities designed to improve product quality, increase manufacturing efficiency, lower production costs and meet regulatory requirements. Capital expenditures for the last three fiscal years were primarily financed through operating cash.

Capital spending for property, plant and equipment has averaged \$26.9 million for the last three fiscal years. Capital spending for fiscal 2014 is currently expected to be approximately \$30.0 million. The Company expects to generate sufficient cash from operations to fund all anticipated capital spending projects.

Cash used in financing activities for the year ended September 30, 2013 was \$11.8 million, reflecting proceeds, net of repayments, on long-term debt of \$32.2 million, purchases of treasury stock of \$21.6 million, payment of contingent consideration of \$11.3 million and payment of dividends to the Company's shareholders of \$11.3 million (\$0.41 per share). Cash used in financing activities for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$41.0 million, reflecting purchases of treasury stock of \$31.0 million, and payment of dividends to the Company's shareholders of \$10.3 million (\$0.37 per share). Cash provided by financing activities for the year ended September 30, 2011 was \$10.4 million, reflecting proceeds, net of repayments, on long-term debt of \$68.9 million, purchases of treasury stock of \$44.6 million, proceeds from the sale of treasury stock (stock option exercises) of \$1.9 million, payment of dividends to the Company's shareholders of \$9.6 million (\$0.33 per share) and distributions of \$6.2 million to noncontrolling interests.

The Company has a domestic Revolving Credit Facility with a syndicate of financial institutions. In July 2013, the maximum amount of borrowings available under the facility was increased from \$400.0 million to \$500.0 million and the facility's maturity was extended to July 2018. Borrowings under the amended facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a factor ranging from .75% to 1.25% based on the Company's leverage ratio. The leverage ratio is defined as net indebtedness divided by EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization). The Company is required to pay an annual commitment fee ranging from .15% to .25% (based on the Company's leverage ratio) of the unused portion of the facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain certain leverage and interest coverage ratios. A portion of the facility (not to exceed \$25.0 million) is available for the issuance of trade and standby letters of credit. Outstanding borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility at September 30, 2013 and 2012 were \$305.0 million and \$281.3 million, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings at September 30, 2013 and 2012 was 2.81% and 2.83%, respectively.

The Company has entered into the following interest rate swaps:

		Inter	est Rate Spread at Sept	ember
Effective Date	Amount	Fixed Interest Rate	30, 2013	Maturity Date
May 2011	\$25 million	1.37%	1.25%	May 2014
October 2011	25 million	1.67%	1.25%	October 2015
November 2011	25 million	2.13%	1.25%	November 2014
March 2012	25 million	2.44%	1.25%	March 2015
June 2012	40 million	1.88%	1.25%	June 2022
August 2012	35 million	1.74%	1.25%	June 2022
September 2012	25 million	3.03%	1.25%	December 2015
September 2012	25 million	1.24%	1.25%	March 2017
November 2012	25 million	1.33%	1.25%	November 2015

The interest rate swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable of occurring. Based on the Company's assessment, all the critical terms of each of the hedges matched the underlying terms of the hedged debt and related forecasted interest payments, and as such, these hedges were considered highly effective.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps reflected an unrealized loss, net of unrealized gains, of \$908,000 (\$554,000 after tax) and \$9.1 million (\$5.6 million after tax) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, that is included in equity as part of accumulated other comprehensive loss. Assuming market rates remain constant with the rates at September 30, 2013, a loss (net of tax) of approximately \$1.6 million included in accumulated other comprehensive loss is expected to be recognized in earnings as an adjustment to interest expense over the next twelve months.

In March 2013, the Company, through certain of its European subsidiaries, entered into a credit facility with a bank. The maximum amount of borrowings available under this facility is 25.0 million Euros (\$33.8 million). Outstanding borrowings under the credit facility totaled 22.5 million Euros (\$30.4 million) at September 30, 2013. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings under the facility at September 30, 2013 was 1.37%.

The Company, through its German subsidiary, Saueressig, has several loans with various European banks. Outstanding borrowings on these loans totaled 1.7 million Euros (\$2.3 million) and 8.2 million Euros (\$10.5 million) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings of Saueressig at September 30, 2013 and 2012 was 4.04% and 6.10%, respectively.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Matthews International S.p.A., has several loans with various Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these loans totaled 5.1 million Euros (\$6.9 million) and 6.3 million Euros (\$8.1 million) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Matthews International S.p.A. also has four lines of credit totaling 11.4 million Euros (\$15.4 million) with the same Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these lines were 5.6 million Euros (\$7.6 million) and 3.4 million Euros (\$4.3 million) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding Matthews International S.p.A. borrowings at September 30, 2013 and 2012 was 3.16% and 3.08%, respectively.

The Company has a stock repurchase program. Under the current authorization, the Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of a total of 2,500,000 shares of Matthews' common stock under the program, of which 1,194,670 shares remain available for repurchase as of September 30, 2013. The buy-back program is designed to increase shareholder value, enlarge the Company's holdings of its common stock, and add to earnings per share. Repurchased shares may be retained in treasury, utilized for acquisitions, or reissued to employees or other purchasers, subject to the restrictions of the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation.

<u>ITEM 7.</u> <u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, (continued)</u>

At September 30, 2013, approximately \$46.6 million of cash and cash equivalents were held by international subsidiaries whose undistributed earnings are considered permanently reinvested. The Company's intent is to reinvest these funds in our international operations and current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate them to fund U.S. operations. If the Company decides at a later date to repatriate these funds to the U.S., it would be required to provide taxes on these amounts based on the applicable U.S. tax rates net of credits for foreign taxes already paid.

Consolidated working capital was \$222.0 million at September 30, 2013, compared to \$212.5 million at September 30, 2012. The increase in working capital at September 30, 2013 primarily reflected higher accounts receivable, an increase in accrued compensation and a decrease in the current portion of estimated contingent consideration related to acquisitions. Cash and cash equivalents were \$58.0 million at September 30, 2013, compared to \$58.3 million at September 30, 2012. The Company's current ratio was 2.2 at September 30, 2013 and 2012.

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS:

The Company's operations are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations impose limitations on the discharge of materials into the environment and require the Company to obtain and operate in compliance with conditions of permits and other government authorizations. As such, the Company has developed environmental, health, and safety policies and procedures that include the proper handling, storage and disposal of hazardous materials.

The Company is party to various environmental matters. These include obligations to investigate and mitigate the effects on the environment of the disposal of certain materials at various operating and non-operating sites. The Company is currently performing environmental assessments and remediation at these sites, as appropriate.

At September 30, 2013, an accrual of approximately \$5.3 million had been recorded for environmental remediation (of which \$1.2 million was classified in other current liabilities), representing management's best estimate of the probable and reasonably estimable costs of the Company's known remediation obligations. The accrual, which reflects previously established reserves assumed with the acquisition of York and additional reserves recorded as a purchase accounting adjustment, does not consider the effects of inflation and anticipated expenditures are not discounted to their present value. Changes in the accrued environmental remediation obligation from the prior fiscal year reflect payments charged against the accrual.

While final resolution of these contingencies could result in costs different than current accruals, management believes the ultimate outcome will not have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position.

ACQUISITIONS:

Fiscal 2013:

Acquisition spending, net of cash acquired, during the year ended September 30, 2013 totaled \$74.0 million. The acquisitions were not individually significant to the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations, and primarily included the following:

In April 2013, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 20% interest in Tact Group Limited ("Tact"). The Company had acquired an 80% interest in Tact in July 2009.

In March 2013, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 38.5% interest in Kroma, completing the option arrangement in connection with the July 2011 acquisition of a 61.5% interest in Kroma.

In March 2013, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 20% interest in Furnace Construction Cremators Limited ("FCC"). The Company had acquired an 80% interest in FCC in March 2010.

In December 2012, the Company acquired Pyramid, a provider of warehouse control systems and conveyor control solutions for distribution centers. The acquisition is designed to expand Matthews' fulfillment products and services in the warehouse management market. The initial purchase price for the transaction was \$26.2 million, plus potential additional consideration up to \$3.7 million based on future operating results.

In November 2012, the Company acquired Wetzel, a leading European provider of pre-press services and gravure printing forms, with manufacturing operations in Germany and Poland. Wetzel's products and services are sold primary within Europe, and the acquisition is designed to expand Matthews' products and services in the global graphics imaging market. The purchase price for Wetzel was 42.6 million Euros (\$54.7 million) on a cash-free, debt-free basis.

The Company has completed the allocation of purchase price for all acquisitions.

Fiscal 2012:

Acquisition spending, net of cash acquired, during the year ended September 30, 2012 totaled \$12.5 million. The acquisitions were not individually material to the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations, and primarily included the following:

In May 2012, the Company acquired Everlasting Granite, a supplier of granite memorials, columbariums and private mausoleum estates. The transaction is intended to expand the Company's presence and product breadth in the granite memorial business.

Fiscal 2011:

Acquisition spending, net of cash acquired, during the year ended September 30, 2011 totaled \$84.4 million. The acquisitions were not individually material to the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations, and primarily included the following:

In August 2011, the Company acquired Lightning Pick Technologies, Inc. ("LPT"), a manufacturer that develops, installs and supports paperless order fulfillment solutions. The transaction is intended to expand the Company's presence and product breadth in the fulfillment systems industry.

In July 2011, the Company purchased a 61.5% interest in Kroma, a leading provider of pre-press services and roto-gravure printing cylinders in Turkey. The acquisition is designed to further extend Matthews' presence as the leading provider of reprographic pre-press products and services to the European packaging and tobacco markets.

In April 2011, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 22% interest in Saueressig for 19.3 million Euros (\$27.4 million), completing the option agreement in connection with the May 2008 acquisition of a 78% interest in Saueressig.

In March 2011, the Company acquired Innovative Picking Technologies, Inc. ("IPTI"), a manufacturer of paperless order fulfillment systems. The transaction is intended to expand the Company's presence into the fulfillment systems industry.

In October 2010, the Company acquired Freeman Metal Products, Inc. and its affiliated companies (collectively, "Freeman"), a manufacturer and distributor of caskets. The purchase price for the acquisition was \$22.8 million, plus additional consideration up to \$6.0 million contingent on operating performance over the next three years. The transaction is intended to provide synergies in the manufacturing and distribution of caskets and expand the Company's market presence in the Southeast and South Central regions of the United States.

In October 2010, the Company acquired the remaining 25% interest in Rudolf Reproflex GmbH & Co. KG ("Reproflex"). The Company acquired a 75% interest in Reproflex in 2001.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION:

Matthews has a three-pronged strategy to attain annual growth in earnings per share. This strategy consists of the following: internal growth (which includes organic growth, cost structure and productivity improvements, new product development and the expansion into new markets with existing products), acquisitions and share repurchases under the Company's stock repurchase program (see "Liquidity and Capital Resources").

In developing the Company's expectations for fiscal 2014, the following significant factors were considered.

- · Strategic cost-structure initiatives, particularly with respect to lean and sourcing, will continue, as will the unusual costs associated with the initiatives. Benefits related to strategic initiatives began to be realized late in fiscal 2013 and the Company expects such benefits to continue in fiscal 2014.
 - The increase in the number of U.S. deaths that impacted the Memorialization businesses in fiscal 2013 are expected to moderate, suggesting a flat to slightly lower casketed death rate for fiscal 2014.
 - · Challenges resulting from the European economic weakness are expected to continue which will impact the Company's European businesses.
 - · Recent acquisitions are expected to contribute to fiscal 2014 results.

Based on the aforementioned, excluding unusual costs, the Company is projecting growth in fiscal 2014 earnings per share over fiscal 2013. With respect to quarterly earnings projections, we expect lower earnings for the fiscal 2014 first quarter, with year-over-year growth projected for the remainder of the fiscal year.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Therefore, the determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience, economic conditions, and in some cases, actuarial techniques. Actual results may differ from those estimates. A discussion of market risks affecting the Company can be found in Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Company's significant accounting policies are included in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Management believes that the application of these policies on a consistent basis enables the Company to provide useful and reliable financial information about the Company's operating results and financial condition. The following accounting policies involve significant estimates, which were considered critical to the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Trade Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:

Trade receivables are carried at their estimated collectible amounts. Trade credit is generally extended on a short-term basis; thus trade receivables do not bear interest, although a finance charge may be applied to such receivables that are more than 30 days past due. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on an evaluation of specific customer accounts for which available facts and circumstances indicate collectibility may be uncertain. In addition, the allowance includes a reserve for all customers based on historical collection experience.

Long-Lived Assets:

Property, plant and equipment, goodwill and other intangible assets are carried at cost. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is computed primarily on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets is determined by evaluating the estimated undiscounted net cash flows of the operations to which the assets relate. An impairment loss would be recognized when the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value which is based on a discounted cash flow analysis.

Goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to periodic review for impairment. In general, when the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recognized. For purposes of testing for impairment, the Company uses a combination of valuation techniques, including discounted cash flows. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives, unless such lives are considered to be indefinite. A significant decline in cash flows generated from these assets may result in a write-down of the carrying values of the related assets. The Company performed its annual impairment reviews in the second quarters of fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011 and determined that no adjustments to the carrying values of goodwill were necessary at those times. As discussed under "Results of Operations", recent economic conditions in Europe have unfavorably impacted the operating results of the Graphics Imaging segment. Consequently, the Graphics Imaging reporting unit's implied fair value is approaching the unit's carrying value. If the segment's operating results deteriorate further, an impairment charge could be required in future periods.

The Company also performed its annual impairment review of other intangible assets in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Based on this assessment, the Company recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$1.6 million related to the carrying value of a trade name of one of its European Graphics businesses. The impairment was determined based upon a comparison of the carrying value of the trade name to its implied fair market value.

Share-Based Payment:

Stock-based compensation cost is measured at grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as expense over the employee requisite service period. A binomial lattice model is utilized to determine the fair value of awards.

Pension and Postretirement Benefits:

Pension assets and liabilities are determined on an actuarial basis and are affected by the market value of plan assets, estimates of the expected return on plan assets and the discount rate used to determine the present value of benefit obligations. Actual changes in the fair market value of plan assets and differences between the actual return on plan assets, the expected return on plan assets and changes in the selected discount rate will affect the amount of pension cost.

The Company's principal pension plan maintains a substantial portion of its assets in equity securities in accordance with the investment policy established by the Company's pension board. Based on an analysis of the historical performance of the plan's assets and information provided by its independent investment advisor, the Company set the long-term rate of return assumption for these assets at 8.0% at September 30, 2013 for purposes of determining pension cost and funded status. The Company's discount rate assumption used in determining the present value of the projected benefit obligation is based upon published indices as of September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 for the fiscal year end valuation. The discount rate was 5.00%, 4.00% and 4.75% in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Environmental:

Environmental liabilities are recorded when the Company's obligation is probable and reasonably estimable. Accruals for losses from environmental remediation obligations do not consider the effects of inflation and anticipated expenditures are not discounted to their present value.

Income Taxes:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are provided for the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will not be realized. Deferred income taxes for U.S. tax purposes have not been provided on certain undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries, as such earnings are considered to be reinvested indefinitely. To the extent earnings are expected to be returned in the foreseeable future, the associated deferred tax liabilities are provided. The Company has not determined the deferred tax liability associated with these undistributed earnings, as such determination is not practicable.

Revenue Recognition:

Revenues are generally recognized when title and risk of loss pass to the customer, which is typically at the time of product shipment. For pre-need sales of memorials and vases, revenue is recognized when the memorial has been manufactured to the customer's specifications (e.g., name and birth date), title has been transferred to the customer and the memorial and vase are placed in storage for future delivery. A liability has been recorded for the estimated costs of finishing pre-need bronze memorials and vases that have been manufactured and placed in storage prior to July 1, 2003 for future delivery. Beginning July 1, 2003, revenue is deferred by the Company on the portion of pre-need sales attributable to the final finishing and storage of the pre-need merchandise. Deferred revenue for final finishing is recognized at the time the pre-need merchandise is finished and shipped to the customer. Deferred revenue related to storage is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated average time that pre-need merchandise is held in storage. At September 30, 2013, the Company held 323,708 memorials and 228,936 vases in its storage facilities under the pre-need sales program.

Construction revenues are recognized under the percentage-of-completion method of accounting using the cost-to-cost method.

The Company offers rebates to certain customers participating in volume purchase programs. Rebates are estimated and recorded as a reduction in sales at the time the Company's products are sold.

LONG-TERM CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS:

The following table summarizes the Company's contractual obligations at September 30, 2013, and the effect such obligations are expected to have on its liquidity and cash flows in future periods.

	Payments due in fiscal year:								
	Total		2014	201	5 to 2016	201	7 to 2018		After 2018
Contractual Cash Obligations:			(Dollar	amou	ints in thous	sands)		
Revolving credit facility \$	335,420	\$	-	\$	30,420	\$	305,000	\$	-
Notes payable to banks	21,530		13,068		6,997		1,465		-
Short-term borrowings	7,639		7,639		-		-		-
Capital lease obligations	10,658		2,160		2,799		1,859		3,840
Non-cancelable operating leases	24,325		10,048		10,147		2,284		1,846
Total contractual cash obligations \$	399,572	\$	32,915	\$	50,363	\$	310,608	\$	5,686

A significant portion of the loans included in the table above bear interest at variable rates. At September 30, 2013, the weighted-average interest rate was 2.81% on the Company's domestic Revolving Credit Facility, 1.37% on the credit facility through the Company's European subsidiaries, 4.04% on bank loans to its wholly-owned subsidiary, Saueressig, and 3.16% on bank loans to the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Matthews International S.p.A.

Benefit payments under the Company's principal retirement plan are made from plan assets, while benefit payments under the supplemental retirement plan and postretirement benefit plan are funded from the Company's operating cash. Under I.R.S. regulations, the Company was not required to make any significant contributions to its principal retirement plan in fiscal 2013, however, in fiscal 2013, the Company made a contribution of \$2.5 million to its principal retirement plan.

The Company is not required to make any significant cash contributions to its principal retirement plan in fiscal 2014. The Company estimates that benefit payments to participants under its retirement plans (including its supplemental retirement plan) and postretirement benefit payments will be approximately \$7.1 million and \$926,000, respectively, in fiscal 2014. The amounts are expected to increase incrementally each year thereafter, to \$9.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, in 2018. The Company believes that its current liquidity sources, combined with its operating cash flow and borrowing capacity, will be sufficient to meet its capital needs for the foreseeable future.

In connection with several recent acquisitions, the Company has recorded contingent consideration of approximately \$3.7 million. The fair value of the contingent consideration is expected to be settled in fiscal 2014.

Unrecognized tax benefits are positions taken, or expected to be taken, on an income tax return that may result in additional payments to tax authorities. If a tax authority agrees with the tax position taken, or expected to be taken, or the applicable statute of limitations expires, then additional payments will not be necessary. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits, excluding penalties and interest, of approximately \$4.5 million. The timing of potential future payments related to the unrecognized tax benefits is not presently determinable.

INFLATION:

Except for the volatility in the cost of bronze ingot, steel and fuel (see "Results of Operations"), inflation has not had a material impact on the Company over the past three years nor is it anticipated to have a material impact for the foreseeable future.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

On February 5, 2013, the Financial Accounting Standard Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-02, Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 requires companies to present information about reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income, including the amount of the reclassification and the income statement line items affected by the reclassification. The information must be presented in the financial statements in a single note or on the face of the financial statements. ASU 2013-02 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012, and interim periods within those annual periods. This standard will be adopted by the Company for the quarter ended December 31, 2013.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK:

The following discussion about the Company's market risk involves forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. The Company has market risk related to changes in interest rates, commodity prices and foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does not generally use derivative financial instruments in connection with these market risks, except as noted below.

Interest Rates - The Company's most significant long-term debt instrument is the domestic Revolving Credit Facility, which bears interest at variable rates based on LIBOR.

The Company has entered into the following interest rate swaps:

		Inter	est Rate Spread at Sept	ember
Effective Date	Amount	Fixed Interest Rate	30, 2013	Maturity Date
May 2011	\$25 million	1.37%	1.25%	May 2014
October 2011	25 million	1.67%	1.25%	October 2015
November 2011	25 million	2.13%	1.25%	November 2014
March 2012	25 million	2.44%	1.25%	March 2015
June 2012	40 million	1.88%	1.25%	June 2022
August 2012	35 million	1.74%	1.25%	June 2022
September 2012	25 million	3.03%	1.25%	December 2015
September 2012	25 million	1.24%	1.25%	March 2017
November 2012	25 million	1.33%	1.25%	November 2015

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK, (continued)

The interest rate swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable of occurring. Based on the Company's assessment, all the critical terms of each of the hedges matched the underlying terms of the hedged debt and related forecasted interest payments, and as such, these hedges were considered highly effective.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps reflected an unrealized net loss of \$908,000 (\$554,000 after tax) at September 30, 2013 that is included in equity as part of accumulated other comprehensive loss. A decrease of 10% in market interest rates (e.g. a decrease from 5.0% to 4.5%) would result in an increase of approximately \$926,000 in the fair value liability of the interest rate swaps.

Commodity Price Risks - In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to commodity price fluctuations related to the purchases of certain materials and supplies (such as bronze ingot, steel, fuel and wood) used in its manufacturing operations. The Company obtains competitive prices for materials and supplies when available. In addition, based on competitive market conditions and to the extent that the Company has established pricing terms with customers through contracts or similar arrangements, the Company's ability to immediately increase the price of its products to offset the increased costs may be limited.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rates - The Company is subject to changes in various foreign currency exchange rates, primarily including the Euro, British Pound, Canadian Dollar, Australian Dollar, Swedish Krona, Chinese Yuan, Hong Kong Dollar, Polish Zloty, Turkish Lira and Vietnamese Dong in the conversion from local currencies to the U.S. dollar of the reported financial position and operating results of its non-U.S. based subsidiaries. An adverse change (strengthening dollar) of 10% in exchange rates would have resulted in a decrease in reported sales of \$38.2 million and a decrease in reported operating income of \$2.9 million for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Actuarial Assumptions - The most significant actuarial assumptions affecting pension expense and pension obligations include the valuation of retirement plan assets, the discount rate and the estimated return on plan assets. The estimated return on plan assets is currently based upon projections provided by the Company's independent investment advisor, considering the investment policy of the plan and the plan's asset allocation. The fair value of plan assets and discount rate are "point-in-time" measures, and the recent volatility of the debt and equity markets makes estimating future changes in fair value of plan assets and discount rates more challenging. The following table summarizes the impact on the September 30, 2013 actuarial valuations of changes in the primary assumptions affecting the Company's retirement plans and supplemental retirement plan.

	Impact of Changes in Actuarial Assumptions							
	Change in Discount Rate		Change in Expected Return		Change in Market Value of Assets			
	+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%	+5%	-5%		
			(Dollar am thousa					
Increase (decrease) in net benefit cost	\$ (2,394)	\$ 3,163	\$(1,204)	\$1,204	\$(1,097)	\$1,097		
Increase (decrease) in projected benefit obligation	it (23,348)	30,054						
Increae (decrease) in funded status	23,348	(30,054)			6,219	(6,219)		

_

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA.

Description			
Management's Report to Shareholders	33		
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm			
Financial Statements:			
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2013 and 2012			
Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011	38		
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011			
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011			
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011	41		
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	42-66		
Supplementary Financial Information (unaudited)			
Financial Statement Schedule – Schedule II-Valuation and Qualifying Accounts for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011			
32			

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Matthews International Corporation:

Management's Report on Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Matthews International Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") were prepared by management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and include amounts that are based on management's best judgments and estimates. The other financial information included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K is consistent with that in the financial statements.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company. In order to evaluate the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting management has conducted an assessment using the criteria in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework*, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). The Company's internal controls over financial reporting include those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Wetzel Holding AG, Wetzel GmbH and certain related affiliates (collectively, "Wetzel") has been excluded from management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013, because it was acquired by the Company in a purchase business combination in November 2012. Wetzel is a 100% owned subsidiary whose total assets and total sales represent approximately 6% and 4%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts of the Company as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013. The operations of Pyramid Controls, Inc. and its affiliate, Pyramid Control Systems (collectively, "Pyramid") have been excluded from management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013, because Pyramids assets were acquired by the Company in a purchase business combination in December 2012. Pyramid's total assets and total sales represent approximately 3% and 2%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts of the Company as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Based on its assessment, management has concluded that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013, based on criteria in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the COSO. The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included herein.

Management's Certifications

The certifications of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act have been included as Exhibits 31 and 32 in the Company's Form 10-K.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Matthews International Corporation:

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements listed in the accompanying index present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Matthews International Corporation and its subsidiaries at September 30, 2013 and 2012, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2013 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements and financial statement schedule, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 8. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements, on the financial statement schedule, and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM (continued)

As described in "Management's Report to Shareholders", management has excluded Wetzel Holding AG, Wetzel GmbH and certain related affiliates (collectively, "Wetzel") from its assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013 because it was acquired by the Company in a purchase business combination in November 2012. We have also excluded Wetzel from our audit of internal control over financial reporting. Wetzel is a 100% owned subsidiary whose total assets and total sales represent approximately 6% and 4%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts of the Company as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013.

As described in "Management's Report to Shareholders", management has excluded Pyramid Controls, Inc. and its affiliate, Pyramid Control Systems (collectively, "Pyramid") from its assessment of internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013 because Pyramid's assets were acquired by the Company in a purchase business combination in December 2012. We have also excluded Pyramid from our audit of internal control over financial reporting. Pyramid's total assets and total sales represent approximately 3% and 2%, respectively, of the related consolidated financial statement amounts of the Company as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania November 27, 2013

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2013 and 2012

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

ASSETS		2013		2012	
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,986	\$	58,259	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful					
accounts of \$10,009 and \$11,177, respectively		188,405		174,632	
Inventories		130,768		130,690	
Deferred income taxes		9,826		9,814	
Other current assets		18,997		19,950	
Total current assets		405,982		393,345	
Investments		22,288		18,842	
Property, plant and equipment, net		180,731		144,049	
Deferred income taxes		1,871		24,527	
Other assets		14,402		12,083	
Goodwill		524,551		476,181	
Other intangible assets, net		65,102		59,015	
Total assets	\$ 1,	214,927	\$ 1	1,128,042	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS, continued

September 30, 2013 and 2012

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2013	2012		
Current liabilities:	¢	22.614	ø	21.566	
Long-term debt, current maturities	\$	22,614	\$	21,566	
Trade accounts payable Accrued compensation		45,232 41,916		44,294 30,222	
Accrued income taxes		5,910		7,632	
Customer prepayments		13,531		15,883	
Contingent consideration		3,726		13,298	
Other current liabilities		51,077		47,978	
Total current liabilities	-	184,006		180,873	
Total current natinues		184,000		160,673	
Long-term debt		351,068		298,148	
Accrued pension		61,642		78,563	
Postretirement benefits		17,956		27,725	
Deferred income taxes		20,332		18,624	
Other liabilities		26,993		33,194	
Total liabilities		661,997		637,127	
Arrangement with noncontrolling interest		-		10,481	
Commitments and contingencies					
Shareholders' equity-Matthews:					
Class A common stock, \$1.00 par value; authorized					
70,000,000 shares; 36,333,992 shares issued		36,334		36,334	
Preferred stock, \$100 par value, authorized 10,000 shares, none issued		-		-	
Additional paid-in capital		47,315		47,893	
Retained earnings		775,762		727,176	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(26,940)		(65,083)	
Treasury stock, 9,083,910 and 8,711,924 shares, respectively, at cost		(283,006)		(268,499)	
Total shareholders' equity-Matthews		549,465		477,821	
Noncontrolling interests		3,465		2,613	
Total shareholders' equity		552,930		480,434	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	1,214,927	\$	1,128,042	

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

Sales Cost of sales	2013 \$ 985,357 (628,839		2011 \$ 898,821 (547,161)
Gross profit	356,518	336,570	351,660
Selling expense Administrative expense	(105,963 (154,763	, , ,	(99,251) (133,893)
Operating profit	95,792	93,577	118,516
Investment income Interest expense Other income (deductions), net	2,284 (12,925 (3,715	(11,476)	1,443 (8,241) 298
Income before income taxes	81,436	83,921	112,016
Income taxes	(26,664	(28,717)	(38,556)
Net income	54,772	55,204	73,460
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	116	639	(1,088)
Net income attributable to Matthews shareholders	\$ 54,888	\$ 55,843	\$ 72,372
Earnings per share attributable to Matthews shareholders:			
Basic	\$1.99	\$1.98	\$2.47
Diluted	\$1.98	\$1.98	\$2.46

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Year E	nded September 30	0, 2011
	Matthews	Noncontrolling Interest	Total
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:	\$ 72,372	\$ 1,088	\$ 73,460
Foreign currency translation adjustment Pension plans and other postretirement benefits	(8,607) (11,255)		(8,084) (11,255)
Unrecognized gain (loss) on derivatives: Net change from periodic revaluation Net amount reclassified to earnings Net change in unrecognized gain (loss) on	(3,246) 1,586	<u>-</u>	(3,246) 1,586
derivatives	(1,660)		(1,660)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(21,522)	523	(20,999)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 50,850	\$ 1,611	\$ 52,461
	Year E	nded September 30	0, 2012
		Noncontrolling	
	Matthews	Interest	<u>Total</u>
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:	\$ 55,843	\$ (639)	\$ 55,204
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(1,895)	(29)	(1,924)
Pension plans and other postretirement benefits Unrecognized gain (loss) on derivatives:	(3,327)		(3,327)
Net change from periodic revaluation	(3,288)	-	(3,288)
Net amount reclassified to earnings Net change in unrecognized gain (loss) on	2,085		2,085
derivatives	(1,203)		(1,203)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(6,425)	(29)	(6,454)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 49,418	\$ (668)	\$ 48,750
	Year E	nded September 30	0, 2013
		Noncontrolling	
	<u>Matthews</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:	\$ 54,888	\$ (116)	\$ 54,772
Foreign currency translation adjustment	3,779	82	3,861
Pension plans and other postretirement benefits	29,347	-	29,347
Unrecognized gain (loss) on derivatives:	2.474		2 151
Net change from periodic revaluation	2,474	-	2,474
Net amount reclassified to earnings Net change in unrecognized gain (loss) on	2,543		2,543
derivatives	5,017		5,017
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	38,143	82	38,225
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 93,031	\$ (34)	\$ 92,997

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (net of tax)	Treasury Stock	Non-controlling interests	_	Total
Balance, September 30, 2010	\$ 36,334	\$ 48,294	\$	621,923	\$ (37,136)	\$ (207,470)	\$ 31,783	\$	493,728
Net income	-	-		72,372	-	-	1,088		73,460
Minimum pension liability	-	-		-	(11,255)	-	-		(11,255)
Translation adjustment	-	-		-	(8,607)	-	523		(8,084)
Fair value of derivatives	-	-		-	(1,660)	-	-		(1,660)
Total comprehensive income									52,461
Stock-based compensation	-	6,972		-	-	-	-		6,972
Purchase of 1,319,375 shares						(44,567)			(44.567)
treasury stock Issuance of 290,854 shares	-	-		-	-	(44,307)	-		(44,567)
treasury stock Dividends, \$.33 per	-	(6,712)		-	-	8,791	-		2,079
share Distribution to	-	-		(9,632)	-	-	-		(9,632)
noncontrolling interests	_	_		_	_	_	(6,220)		(6,220)
Arrangement- noncontrolling							(-)		(-, -,
interest	<u> </u>		_	(3,005)			(23,723)	_	(26,728)
Balance, September 30, 2011	36,334	48,554		681,658	(58,658)	(243,246)	3,451		468,093
Net income Minimum pension	-	-		55,843	-	-	(639)		55,204
liability	-	-		-	(3,327)	-	-		(3,327)
Translation adjustment	_	-		-	(1,895)	-	(29)		(1,924)
Fair value of derivatives	_	-		-	(1,203)	-	-		(1,203)
Total comprehensive income									48,750
Stock-based compensation Purchase of 1,015,879	-	5,472		-	-	-	-		5,472
shares treasury stock						(31,017)			(31,017)
Issuance of 188,145 shares	_	-		-	-	(31,017)	-		(31,017)
treasury stock Dividends, \$.37 per	-	(6,133)		-	-	5,764	-		(369)
share Distribution to	-	-		(10,325)	-	-	-		(10,325)
noncontrolling interests	_	_		_	_	_	(170)		(170)
Balance, September 30, 2012	36,334	47,893		727,176	(65,083)	(268,499)	2,613		480,434
Net income Minimum pension	-	-1,073		54,888	(05,005)	(200,777)	(116)		54,772
liability Translation	-	-		-	29,347	-	-		29,347
adjustment	-	-		-	3,779	-	82		3,861

Fair value of							
derivatives	-	-	-	5,017	-	-	5,017
Total comprehensive							
income							92,997
Stock-based							
compensation	-	5,562	-	-	-	-	5,562
Purchase of 619,981							
shares							
treasury stock	-	-	-	-	(21,622)	-	(21,622)
Issuance of 247,995							
shares							
treasury stock	-	(6,140)	-	-	7,115	-	975
Dividends, \$.41 per							
share	-	-	(11,282)	-	-	-	(11,282)
Distribution to							
noncontrolling							
interests	-	-	-	-	-	(767)	(767)
Arrangement-							
noncontrolling							
interest	_		4,980	<u> </u>		1,653	6,633
Balance, September							
30, 2013	\$ 36,334	\$ 47,315	\$ 775,762	\$ (26,940)	\$ (283,006)	\$ 3,465	\$ 552,930

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	 2013	2012		2011
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 54,772	\$ 55,204	\$	73,460
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:	27.065	20.021		27.661
Depreciation and amortization	37,865	28,821		27,661
Stock-based compensation expense	5,562	5,472		6,972
Increase in deferred taxes	3,812	6,050		9,481
Gain on sale of assets	(2,013)	(5,257)		(2,832)
Changes in working capital items	(5,808)	(16,403)		(23,093)
Decrease in other assets	1,628	4,456		4,787
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	5,594	(3,854)		(2,007)
Increase in pension and postretirement	11.020	7.624		1 125
benefit obligations	11,839	7,634		1,135
Other, net	 (3,925)	 1,203		2,267
Net cash provided by operating activities	 109,326	 83,326	_	97,831
Cash flows from investing activities:	(24.024)	(22.22()		(22.440)
Capital expenditures	(24,924)	(33,236)		(22,440)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(73,959)	(12,541)		(84,369)
Proceeds from sale of assets Purchases of investment securities	252	1,461		1,463
	-	(958)		(1,639)
Proceeds from dispositions of investments	 (00 (21)	 (45.074)	_	169
Net cash used in investing activities	 (98,631)	 (45,274)		(106,816)
Cash flows from financing activities:	44.7.700	50.00 0		115105
Proceeds from long-term debt	115,509	53,330		117,107
Payments on long-term debt	(83,293)	(53,056)		(48,214)
Payment on contingent consideration	(11,315)	(21.015)		- (44.565)
Purchases of treasury stock	(21,622)	(31,017)		(44,567)
Proceeds from the sale of treasury stock	974	267		1,929
Dividends	(11,282)	(10,325)		(9,632)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	 (767)	 (170)		(6,220)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	 (11,796)	 (40,971)		10,403
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	 828	 (484)		(866)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(273)	(3,403)		552
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 58,259	 61,662		61,110
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 57,986	\$ 58,259	\$	61,662
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest	\$ 13,059	\$ 11,464	\$	8,367
Income taxes	29,428	22,765		35,359
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Acquisition of equipment under capital lease	\$ 1,276	\$ 1,125	\$	2,764

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS:

Matthews International Corporation ("Matthews" or the "Company"), founded in 1850 and incorporated in Pennsylvania in 1902, is a designer, manufacturer and marketer principally of memorialization products and brand solutions. Memorialization products consist primarily of bronze and granite memorials and other memorialization products, caskets and cremation equipment for the cemetery and funeral home industries. Brand solutions include graphics imaging products and services, marking and fulfillment systems and merchandising solutions. The Company's products and operations are comprised of six business segments: Cemetery Products, Funeral Home Products, Cremation, Graphics Imaging, Marking and Fulfillment Systems and Merchandising Solutions. The Cemetery Products segment is a leading manufacturer of cast bronze and granite memorials and other memorialization products, cast and etched architectural products and is a leading builder of mausoleums in the United States. The Funeral Home Products segment is a leading casket manufacturer and distributor in North America and produces a wide variety of wood, metal and cremation caskets. The Cremation segment is a leading designer and manufacturer of cremation equipment in North America and Europe. The Graphics Imaging segment manufactures and provides brand management, printing plates, gravure cylinders, pre-press services and imaging services for the primary packaging and corrugated industries. The Marking and Fulfillment Systems segment designs, manufactures and distributes a wide range of marking and coding equipment and consumables, industrial automation products and order fulfillment systems for identifying, tracking, picking and conveying consumer and industrial products. The Merchandising Solutions segment designs and manufactures merchandising displays and systems and provides creative merchandising and marketing solutions services.

The Company has manufacturing and marketing facilities in the United States, Mexico, Canada, Europe, Australia and Asia.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Principles of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include all domestic and foreign subsidiaries in which the Company maintains an ownership interest and has operating control. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Foreign Currency:

The functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiaries is the local currency. Balance sheet accounts for foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at the consolidated balance sheet date. Gains or losses that result from this process are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The revenue and expense accounts of foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at the average exchange rates that prevailed during the period. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions are recorded in other income (deductions), net.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company considers all investments purchased with a remaining maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Trade Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:

Trade receivables are carried at their estimated collectible amounts. Trade credit is generally extended on a short-term basis; thus trade receivables do not bear interest, although a finance charge may be applied to such receivables that are more than 30 days past due. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on an evaluation of specific customer accounts for which available facts and circumstances indicate collectibility may be uncertain. In addition, the allowance includes a reserve for all customers based on historical collection experience.

Inventories:

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost generally determined under the average cost method.

Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed primarily on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which generally range from 10 to 45 years for buildings and 3 to 12 years for machinery and equipment. Gains or losses from the disposition of assets are reflected in operating profit. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged against income as incurred. Renewals and betterments of a nature considered to extend the useful lives of the assets are capitalized. Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets is determined by evaluating the estimated undiscounted net cash flows of the operations to which the assets relate. An impairment loss would be recognized when the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value which is based on a discounted cash flow analysis.

Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets:

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are not amortized but are subject to annual review for impairment. Other intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 2 to 20 years. In general, when the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recognized. For purposes of testing for impairment, the Company uses a discounted cash flow technique. A significant decline in cash flows generated from these assets may result in a write-down of the carrying values of the related assets.

Environmental:

Costs that mitigate or prevent future environmental issues or extend the life or improve equipment utilized in current operations are capitalized and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Costs that relate to current operations or an existing condition caused by past operations are expensed. Environmental liabilities are recorded when the Company's obligation is probable and reasonably estimable. Accruals for losses from environmental remediation obligations do not consider the effects of inflation, and anticipated expenditures are not discounted to their present value.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Treasury Stock:

Treasury stock is carried at cost. The cost of treasury shares sold is determined under the average cost method.

Income Taxes:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are provided for the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that a tax benefit will not be realized. Deferred income taxes for U.S. tax purposes have not been provided on certain undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries, as such earnings are considered to be reinvested indefinitely. To the extent earnings are expected to be returned in the foreseeable future, the associated deferred tax liabilities are provided. The Company has not determined the deferred tax liability associated with these undistributed earnings, as such determination is not practicable.

Revenue Recognition:

Revenues are generally recognized when title and risk of loss pass to the customer, which is typically at the time of product shipment. For pre-need sales of memorials and vases, revenue is recognized when the memorial has been manufactured to the customer's specifications (e.g., name and birth date), title has been transferred to the customer and the memorial and vase are placed in storage for future delivery. A liability has been recorded for the estimated costs of finishing pre-need bronze memorials and vases that have been manufactured and placed in storage prior to July 1, 2003 for future delivery. Beginning July 1, 2003, revenue is deferred by the Company on the portion of pre-need sales attributable to the final finishing and storage of the pre-need merchandise. Deferred revenue for final finishing is recognized at the time the pre-need merchandise is finished and shipped to the customer. Deferred revenue related to storage is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated average time that pre-need merchandise is held in storage. At September 30, 2013, the Company held 323,708 memorials and 228,936 vases in its storage facilities under the pre-need sales program.

Construction revenues are recognized under the percentage-of-completion method of accounting using the cost-to-cost method.

The Company offers rebates to certain customers participating in volume purchase programs. Rebates are estimated and recorded as a reduction in sales at the time the Company's products are sold.

Share-Based Payment:

Stock-based compensation cost is measured at grant date, based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as expense over the employee requisite service period. A binomial lattice model is utilized to determine the fair value of awards.

Derivatives and Hedging:

Derivatives are held as part of a formal documented hedging program. All derivatives are straight forward and held for purposes other than trading. Matthews measures effectiveness by formally assessing, at least quarterly, the historical and probable future high correlation of changes in the fair value or future cash flows of the hedged item. If the hedging relationship ceases to be highly effective or it becomes probable that an expected transaction will no longer occur, gains and losses on the derivative will be recorded in other income (deductions) at that time.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, and are reclassified to earnings in a manner consistent with the underlying hedged item. The cash flows from derivative activities are recognized in the statement of cash flows in a manner consistent with the underlying hedged item.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Research and Development Expenses:

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and were approximately \$2,582, \$2,220 and \$1,705 for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the treasury stock method, which assumes the issuance of common stock for all dilutive securities.

Reclassifications and Revision:

Certain reclassifications have been made in these financial statements to adjust the effect of exchange rate changes on cash in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2012 and 2011. Additionally, the Company revised its classification of certain deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2012. The revision resulted in an \$8,120 increase to current deferred tax assets with a corresponding decrease to non-current deferred tax assets. The revision, which the Company determined is not material to its consolidated financial position, had no impact on the Consolidated Statement of Income, Statement of Comprehensive Income and Statement of Cash Flows.

3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It establishes a three level fair value hierarchy to prioritize the inputs used in valuations, as defined below:

Level 1: Observable inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis were categorized as follows:

	September 30, 2013								
	I	Level 1	L	evel 2	Level 3		Total		
Assets:									
Derivatives (1)	\$	-	\$	3,736	-	\$	3,736		
Trading securities		17,929					17,929		
Total assets at fair value	\$	17,929	\$	3,736		\$	21,665		
Liabilities:									
Derivatives (1)			\$	4,644	_	\$	4,644		
Total liabilities at fair value		-	\$	4,644		\$	4,644		

⁽¹⁾ Interest rate swaps are valued based on observable market swap rates and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

	September 30, 2012							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Assets:								
Derivatives (1)	\$ -	-	-	\$ -				
Trading securities	16,265	-	-	16,265				
Total assets at fair value	\$ 16,265			\$ 16,265				
Liabilities:								
Derivatives (1)	-	\$ 9,133	-	\$ 9,133				
Total liabilities at fair value	-	\$ 9,133	-	\$ 9,133				

⁽¹⁾ Interest rate swaps are valued based on observable market swap rates and are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

4. INVENTORIES:

Inventories at September 30, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following:

	 2013	 2012
Raw materials	\$ 40,931	\$ 41,003
Work in process	25,293	22,772
Finished goods	 64,544	66,915
	\$ 130,768	\$ 130,690

5. INVESTMENTS:

Investment securities are recorded at estimated market value at the consolidated balance sheet date and are classified as trading securities. Short-term investments consisted principally of corporate obligations with purchased maturities of over three months but less than one year. The cost of short-term investments approximated market value at September 30, 2013 and 2012. Accrued interest on these investment securities was classified with short-term investments. Investments classified as non-current and trading securities consisted of equity and fixed income mutual funds.

At September 30, 2013 and 2012, non-current investments were as follows:

	 J13	2012
Trading securities:	 	
Mutual funds	\$ 17,929	\$ 16,265
Equity investments	4,359	2,577
	\$ 22,288	\$ 18,842

Non-current investments classified as trading securities are recorded at market value. Market value exceeded cost by \$157 and \$48 at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Realized gains and losses are based on the specific identification method and are recorded in investment income. Realized gains (losses) for fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011 were not material.

Equity investments primarily included ownership interests in various entities of less than 20%, which are recorded under the cost method of accounting.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

Property, plant and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation at September 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	2013	2012
Buildings	\$ 77,936	\$ 64,946
Machinery and equipment	303,674	 261,857
	381,610	326,803
Less accumulated depreciation	 (233,791)	 (206,472)
	147,819	120,331
Land	15,534	9,207
Construction in progress	 17,378	 14,511
	\$ 180,731	\$ 144,049

Depreciation expense was \$31,303, \$24,630 and \$23,461 for each of the three years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt at September 30, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following:

	 2013	2012
Revolving credit facilities	\$ 335,420	\$ 281,323
Notes payable to banks	21,530	26,626
Short-term borrowings	7,639	4,322
Capital lease obligations	 9,093	 7,443
	373,682	319,714
Less current maturities	(22,614)	(21,566)
	\$ 351,068	\$ 298,148

The Company has a domestic Revolving Credit Facility with a syndicate of financial institutions. In July 2013, the maximum amount of borrowings available under the facility was increased from \$400,000 to \$500,000 and the facility's maturity was extended to July 2018. Borrowings under the amended facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a factor ranging from .75% to 1.25% based on the Company's leverage ratio. The leverage ratio is defined as net indebtedness divided by EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization). The Company is required to pay an annual commitment fee ranging from .15% to .25% (based on the Company's leverage ratio) of the unused portion of the facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain certain leverage and interest coverage ratios. A portion of the facility (not to exceed \$30,000) is available for the issuance of trade and standby letters of credit. Outstanding borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility at September 30, 2013 and 2012 were \$305,000 and \$281,323, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings at September 30, 2013 and 2012 was 2.81% and 2.83%, respectively.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Liability Darivatives

The Company has entered into the following interest rate swaps:

		Inter	est Rate Spread at Sept	tember
Effective Date	Amount	Fixed Interest Rate	30, 2013	Maturity Date
May 2011	\$25,000	1.37%	1.25%	May 2014
October 2011	25,000	1.67%	1.25%	October 2015
November 2011	25,000	2.13%	1.25%	November 2014
March 2012	25,000	2.44%	1.25%	March 2015
June 2012	40,000	1.88%	1.25%	June 2022
August 2012	35,000	1.74%	1.25%	June 2022
September 2012	25,000	3.03%	1.25%	December 2015
September 2012	25,000	1.24%	1.25%	March 2017
November 2012	25,000	1.33%	1.25%	November 2015

The Company enters into interest rate swaps in order to achieve a mix of fixed and variable rate debt that it deems appropriate. The interest rate swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges of the future variable interest payments under the Revolving Credit Facility which are considered probable of occurring. Based on the Company's assessment, all of the critical terms of each of the hedges matched the underlying terms of the hedged debt and related forecasted interest payments, and as such, these hedges were considered highly effective.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps reflected an unrealized loss, net of unrealized gains, of \$908 (\$554 after tax) and \$9,133 (\$5,571 after tax) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, that is included in shareholders' equity as part of accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL"). Assuming market rates remain constant with the rates at September 30, 2013, a loss (net of tax) of approximately \$1,580 included in AOCL is expected to be recognized in earnings as an adjustment to interest expense over the next twelve months.

At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the interest rate swap contracts were reflected in the consolidated balance sheets as follows:

Liability Derivatives		
Balance Sheet Location:	 2013	 2012
Current assets	 	
Other current assets	\$ 427	\$ -
Long-term assets		
Other assets	3,309	-
Current liabilities:		
Other current liabilities	2,590	2,851
Long-term liabilities:		
Other liabilities	2,054	6,282
Total derivatives	\$ 908	\$ 9,133

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The loss recognized on derivatives was as follows:

	Location of	Amo	unt of		
Derivatives in	Loss	\mathbf{L}	oss		
Cash Flow Hedging	Recognized in	Recognize	d in Income		
Relationships	Income on Derivatives	on Derivatives			
		2013	2012		
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$(4,170)	\$(3,418)		

The Company recognized the following losses in accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL"):

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging	Amount o (Loss) Rec AOCL on I	ognized in	Location of Gain or (Loss) Reclassified from AOCL into Income	Amount Reclassifi AO into In (Effective	ied from CL ncome	
Relationships	2013	2012	(Effective Portion*)	2013	2012	
Interest rate swaps	\$2,474	\$(3,288)	Interest expense	\$(2,544)	\$(2,085)	

^{*}There is no ineffective portion or amount excluded from effectiveness testing.

In March 2013, the Company, through certain of its European subsidiaries, entered into a credit facility with a bank. The maximum amount of borrowings available under this facility is 25.0 million Euros (\$33,815). Outstanding borrowings under the credit facility totaled 22.5 million Euros (\$30,434) at September 30, 2013. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings under the facility at September 30, 2013 was 1.37%.

The Company, through its German subsidiary, Saueressig GmbH & Co. KG ("Saueressig"), has several loans with various European banks. Outstanding borrowings on these loans totaled 1.7 million Euros (\$2,310) and 8.2 million Euros (\$10,514) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding borrowings of Saueressig at September 30, 2013 and 2012 was 4.04% and 6.10%, respectively.

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Matthews International S.p.A., has several loans with various Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these loans totaled 5.1 million Euros (\$6,871) and 6.3 million Euros (\$8,080) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Matthews International S.p.A. also has three lines of credit totaling 11.4 million Euros (\$15,379) with the same Italian banks. Outstanding borrowings on these lines were 5.6 million Euros (\$7,639) and 3.4 million Euros (\$4,322) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on outstanding Matthews International S.p.A. borrowings at September 30, 2013 and 2012 was 3.16% and 3.08%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the Company's long-term debt, including current maturities, which is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, approximated the carrying value included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Aggregate maturities of long-term debt, including short-term borrowings and capital leases, follows:

2014	\$ 22,614
2015	34,785
2016	5,032
2017	1,623
2018	306,365
Thereafter	 3,263
	\$ 373,682

8. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

The authorized common stock of the Company consists of 70,000,000 shares of Class A Common Stock, \$1 par value.

The Company has a stock repurchase program. The buy-back program is designed to increase shareholder value, enlarge the Company's holdings of its common stock, and add to earnings per share. Repurchased shares may be retained in treasury, utilized for acquisitions, or reissued to employees or other purchasers, subject to the restrictions of the Company's Restated Articles of Incorporation. Under the current authorization, the Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of a total of 2,500,000 shares of Matthews' common stock under the program, of which 1,194,670 shares remain available for repurchase as of September 30, 2013.

Comprehensive income consists of net income adjusted for changes, net of any related income tax effect, in cumulative foreign currency translation, the fair value of derivatives, unrealized investment gains and losses and minimum pension liability. The deferred income tax expense (benefit) related to minimum pension liabilities and fair value of derivatives was \$22,005, \$(2,896), \$(8,256) and for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Accumulated other comprehensive loss at September 30, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following:

	2013	2012
Cumulative foreign currency translation	\$ 3,714	\$ (65)
Fair value of derivatives, net of tax of \$354 and \$3,562, respectively	(554)	(5,571)
Minimum pension liabilities, net of tax of \$18,979 and \$37,777, respectively	 (30,100)	 (59,447)
	\$ (26,940)	\$ (65,083)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

9. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS:

The Company maintains an equity incentive plan (the "2007 Equity Incentive Plan") that provides for grants of stock options, restricted shares, stock-based performance units and certain other types of stock-based awards. The Company also maintains a stock incentive plan (the "1992 Incentive Stock Plan") that previously provided for grants of stock options, restricted shares and certain other types of stock-based awards. In February 2013, the Company's shareholders approved the adoption of a new plan, the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2012 Plan"), that provides for grants of stock options, restricted shares, stock-based performance units and certain other types of stock-based awards. Under the 2012 Plan, which has a ten-year term, the maximum number of shares available for grants or awards is an aggregate of 2,500,000. There will be no further grants under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan or the 1992 Incentive Stock Plan. At September 30, 2013, there were 2,500,000 shares reserved for future issuance under the 2012 Plan. All plans are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

The option price for each stock option granted under any of the plans may not be less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Outstanding stock options are generally exercisable in one-third increments upon the attainment of pre-defined levels of appreciation in the market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock. In addition, options generally vest in one-third increments after three, four and five years, respectively, from the grant date (but, in any event, not until the attainment of the market value thresholds). The options expire on the earlier of ten years from the date of grant, upon employment termination, or within specified time limits following voluntary employment termination (with the consent of the Company), retirement or death. The Company generally settles employee stock option exercises with treasury shares. With respect to outstanding restricted share grants, for grants made prior to fiscal 2013, generally one-half of the shares vest on the third anniversary of the grant, with the remaining one-half of the shares vesting in one-third increments upon attainment of pre-defined levels of appreciation in the market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock. For grants made in fiscal 2013, generally one-half of the shares vest on the third anniversary of the grant, one-quarter of the shares vest in one-third increments upon the attainment of pre-defined levels of adjusted earnings per share, and the remaining one-quarter of the shares vest in one-third increments upon attainment of pre-defined levels of appreciation in the market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock. Additionally, restricted shares cannot vest until the first anniversary of the grant date. Unvested restricted shares generally expire on the earlier of five years from the date of grant, upon employment termination, or within specified time limits following voluntary employment termination (with the consent of the Company), retirement or death. The Company issues restricted shares fro

For the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, stock-based compensation cost totaled \$5,562, \$5,472 and \$6,972, respectively. The associated future income tax benefit recognized was \$2,169, \$2,134 and \$2,719 for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The amount of cash received from the exercise of stock options was \$974, \$264 and \$1,859, for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. In connection with these exercises, the tax benefits realized by the Company were \$99, \$22 and \$278 for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Weighted-

The transactions for restricted stock for the year ended September 30, 2013 were as follows:

	Shares	average grant-date fair value
Non-vested at September 30, 2012	551,389	\$32.56
Granted	236,500	25.22
Vested	(99,226)	35.95
Expired or forfeited	(47,264)	30.75
Non-vested at September 30, 2013	641,399	29.46

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

9. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

As of September 30, 2013, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested restricted stock was \$4,022 which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years.

The transactions for shares under options for the year ended September 30, 2013 were as follows:

		Weighted- average exercise	Weighted- average remaining contractual	Aggregate intrinsic	
	Shares	price	term	value	
Outstanding, September 30, 2012	840,282	\$ 37.15			
Granted	-	-			
Exercised	(38,475)	25.56			
Expired or forfeited	(56,983)	37.10			
Outstanding, September 30, 2013	744,824	37.76	2.2	\$ 240	
Exercisable, September 30, 2013	413,069	36.94	1.9	\$ 472	

No shares were earned during the year ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The intrinsic value of options (which is the amount by which the stock price exceeded the exercise price of the options on the date of exercise) exercised during the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 was \$294, \$57 and \$743, respectively.

The transactions for non-vested option shares for the year ended September 30, 2013 were as follows:

	Shares	Weighted- average grant-date fair value		
Non-vested at September 30, 2012	355,872	\$ 11.35		
Granted	-	-		
Vested	-	-		
Expired or forfeited	(24,117)	12.16		
Non-vested at September 30, 2013	331,755	11.29		

The fair value of each restricted stock grant is estimated on the date of grant using a binomial lattice valuation model. The following table indicates the assumptions used in estimating fair value of restricted stock for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

	2013	2012	2011
Expected volatility	29.5%	30.4%	30.0%
Dividend yield	1.2%	1.0%	1.0%
Average risk-free interest rate	0.6%	0.9%	1.2%
Average expected term (years)	2.0	2.0	2.0

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

9. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The risk-free interest rate is based on United States Treasury yields at the date of grant. The dividend yield is based on the most recent dividend payment and average stock price over the 12 months prior to the grant date. Expected volatilities are based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock price. The expected term for grants in the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 represents an estimate of the average period of time for restricted shares to vest. The option characteristics for each grant are considered separately for valuation purposes.

Under the Company's Director Fee Plan, directors (except for the Chairman of the Board) who are not also officers of the Company each receive, as an annual retainer fee, either cash or shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock equivalent to \$60. The equivalent amount paid to a non-employee Chairman of the Board is \$130. Where the annual retainer fee is provided in shares, each director may elect to be paid these shares on a current basis or have such shares credited to a deferred stock account as phantom stock, with such shares to be paid to the director subsequent to leaving the Board. The value of deferred shares is recorded in other liabilities. A total of 17,005 shares had been deferred under the Director Fee Plan at September 30, 2013. Additionally, directors who are not also officers of the Company each receive an annual stock-based grant (non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights and/or restricted shares) with a value of \$100. A total of 22,300 stock options have been granted under the plan. At September 30, 2013, 11,800 options were outstanding and vested. Additionally, 103,150 shares of restricted stock have been granted under the plan, 38,227 of which were unvested at September 30, 2013. A total of 300,000 shares have been authorized to be issued under the Director Fee Plan.

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE:

The information used to compute earnings per share attributable to Matthews' common shareholders was as follows:

	2013		2012		2011
Net income attributable to Matthews shareholders	\$	54,888	\$	55,843	\$ 72,372
Less: dividends and undistributed earnings					
allocated to participating securities		583		861	 1,420
Net income available to Matthews shareholders	\$	54,305	\$	54,982	\$ 70,952
Weighted-average shares outstanding (in thousands):					
Basic shares		27,255		27,753	28,775
Effect of dilutive securities		168		86	 37
Diluted shares		27,423		27,839	28,812

Options to purchase 271,075, 782,942 and 289,502 shares of common stock were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively, because the inclusion of these options would be anti-dilutive.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

11. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT PLANS:

The Company provides defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans to certain employees. The following provides a reconciliation of benefit obligations, plan assets and funded status of the plans as of the Company's actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013 and 2012:

		Pension		Other Postretin			irement	
		2013		2012		2013		2012
Change in benefit obligation:								
Benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$	195,860	\$	168,033	\$	28,831	\$	27,547
Acquisitions		9,437		_		_		-
Service cost		7,160		5,852		796		730
Interest cost		8,024		7,842		1,129		1,283
Assumption changes		(26,288)		19,701		(10,270)		2,508
Actuarial (gain) loss		(891)		688		(854)		(2,473)
Benefit payments		(7,225)		(6,256)		(751)		(764)
Benefit obligation, end of year		186,077		195,860		18,881		28,831
Change in plan assets:								
Fair value, beginning of year		116,577		100,554		-		-
Actual return		10,838		16,000		-		-
Benefit payments		(7,225)		(6,256)		(751)		(764)
Employer contributions		3,523		6,279		751		764
Fair value, end of year		123,713		116,577				
Funded status		(62,363)		(79,283)		(18,881)		(28,831)
Unrecognized actuarial loss (gain)		56,148		92,940		(3,001)		8,561
Unrecognized prior service cost	<u></u>	(1,935)		(2,142)		(1,502)		(1,774)
Net amount recognized	\$	(8,150)	\$	11,515	\$	(23,384)	\$	(22,044)
Amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheet:								
Current liability	\$	(721)	\$	(720)	\$	(925)	\$	(1,106)
Noncurrent benefit liability		(61,642)		(78,563)		(17,956)		(27,725)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	<u></u>	54,213		90,798		(4,503)		6,787
Net amount recognized	\$	(8,150)	\$	11,515	\$	(23,384)	\$	(22,044)
Amounts recognized in accumulated								
other comprehensive loss:								
Net actuarial loss (income)	\$	56,148	\$	92,940	\$	(3,001)	\$	8,561
Prior service cost		(1,935)		(2,142)		(1,502)		(1,774)
Net amount recognized	\$	54,213	\$	90,798	\$	(4,503)	\$	6,787

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

11. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Based upon actuarial valuations performed as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the accumulated benefit obligation for the Company's defined benefit pension plans was \$156,661 and \$172,142 at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and the projected benefit obligation for the Company's defined benefit pension plans was \$186,077 and \$195,860 at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Net periodic pension and other postretirement benefit cost for the plans included the following:

	Pension					Other Postretirement					
	 2013		2012		2011		2013		2012		2011
Service cost	\$ 7,160	\$	5,852	\$	5,016	\$	796	\$	730	\$	632
Interest cost	8,024		7,842		7,510		1,129		1,283		1,254
Expected return on plan assets	(9,071)		(7,836)		(7,398)		-		-		-
Amortization:											
Prior service cost	(206)		(45)		26		(272)		(451)		(476)
Net actuarial loss	7,903		6,814		5,364		439		535		407
Net benefit cost	\$ 13,810	\$	12,627	\$	10,518	\$	2,092	\$	2,097	\$	1,817

Benefit payments under the Company's principal retirement plan are made from plan assets, while benefit payments under the supplemental retirement plan and postretirement benefit plan are made from the Company's operating cash. Under I.R.S. regulations, the Company was not required to make any significant contributions to its principal retirement plan in fiscal 2013. The Company is not required to make any significant contributions to its principal retirement plan in fiscal 2014.

Contributions made in fiscal 2013 are as follows:

Contributions	 Pension	Other Postretirement
Principal retirement plan	\$ 2,500	\$ -
Supplemental retirement plan	725	-
Other postretirement plan	-	751

Amounts of AOCL expected to be recognized in net periodic benefit costs in fiscal 2014 include:

	Pension Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits	
Net actuarial loss	\$ 3,96	54 \$	(87)	
Prior service cost	(20	06)	(195)	

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

11. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

The measurement date of annual actuarial valuations for the Company's principal retirement and other postretirement benefit plans was September 30 for fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011. The weighted-average assumptions for those plans were:

		Pension		Other Postretirement					
	2013	2012	2011	2013	2012	2011			
Discount rate	5.00%	4.00%	4.75%	5.00%	4.00%	4.75%			
Return on plan assets	8.00	8.00	8.00	-	-	-			
Compensation increase	3.50	3.50	3.50	-	-	-			

The underlying basis of the investment strategy of the Company's defined benefit plans is to ensure the assets are invested to achieve a positive rate of return over the long term sufficient to meet the plans' actuarial interest rate and provide for the payment of benefit obligations and expenses in perpetuity in a secure and prudent fashion, maintain a prudent risk level that balances growth with the need to preserve capital, diversify plan assets so as to minimize the risk of large losses or excessive fluctuations in market value from year to year, achieve investment results over the long term that compare favorably with other pension plans and appropriate indices. The Company's investment policy, as established by the Company's pension board, specifies the types of investments appropriate for the plans, asset allocation guidelines, criteria for the selection of investment managers, procedures to monitor overall investment performance as well as investment manager performance. It also provides guidelines enabling plan fiduciaries to fulfill their responsibilities.

The Company's primary defined benefit pension plan's weighted-average asset allocation at September 30, 2013 and 2012 and weighted-average target allocation were as follows:

		Target			
Asset Category	2013			2012	Allocation
Equity securities	\$	67,954	\$	63,186	55%
Fixed income, cash and cash equivalents		36,817		35,218	30%
Other investments		18,942		18,173	<u>15</u> %
	\$	123,713	\$	116,577	100%

Plan assets in the fixed income, cash and cash equivalents category include cash of 2% and 4% of plan assets at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, which reflects cash contributions to the Company's principal pension plan immediately prior to the end of each fiscal year.

Based on an analysis of the historical and expected future performance of the plan's assets and information provided by its independent investment advisor, the Company set the long-term rate of return assumption for these assets at 8.0% in 2013 for purposes of determining pension cost and funded status under current guidance. The Company's discount rate assumption used in determining the present value of the projected benefit obligation is based upon published indices.

The Company categorizes plan assets within a three level fair value hierarchy (see Note 3 for a further discussion of the fair value hierarchy). The valuation methodologies used to measure the fair value of pension assets, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which each type of pension plan asset is classified as follows.

Equity securities consist of direct investments in the stocks of publicly traded companies. Such investments are valued based on the closing price reported in an active market on which the individual securities are traded. As such, the direct investments are classified as Level 1.

Mutual funds are valued at the net asset values of shares held by the Plan at year end. As such, these mutual fund investments are classified as Level 1.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

11. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Fixed income securities consist of publicly traded fixed interest obligations (primarily U.S. government notes and corporate and agency bonds). Such investments are valued through consultation and evaluation with brokers in the institutional market using quoted prices and other observable market data. As such, U.S. government notes are included in Level 1, and the remainder of the fixed income securities is included in Level 2.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of direct cash holdings and short-term money market mutual funds. These values are valued based on cost, which approximates fair value, and as such, are classified as Level 1.

Other investments consist primarily of real estate, commodities, private equity holdings and hedge fund investments. These holdings are valued by investment managers based on the most recent information available. The valuation information used by investment managers may not be readily observable. As such, these investments are classified as Level 3.

The Company's defined benefit pension plans' asset categories at September 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

	September 30, 2013								
quity securities - mutual funds ixed income securities ash and cash equivalents ther investments		Level 1	I	Level 2	I	Level 3		Total	
Equity securities - stocks	\$	36,127	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,127	
Equity securities - mutual funds		30,507		1,320		-		31,827	
Fixed income securities		17,912		9,487		-		27,399	
Cash and cash equivalents		9,418		-		-		9,418	
Other investments		-		-		18,942		18,942	
Total	\$	93,964	\$	10,807	\$	18,942	\$	123,713	
	September 30, 2012								
Asset Category	1	Level 1	I	Level 2	I	Level 3		Total	
Equity securities - stocks	\$	34,127	\$	_	\$	_	\$	34,127	
Equity securities - mutual funds		29,059		-		-		29,059	
Fixed income securities		10,523		12,707		-		23,230	
Cash and cash equivalents		11,988		-		-		11,988	

Changes in the fair value of Level 3 assets at September 30, 2013 and 2012 are summarized as follows:

Other investments

Total

	ir Value, ginning of					Realized Gains	ι	Unrealized	Fa	air Value, End of
Asset Category	Period	Ac	quisitions	Dispositions		 (Losses)		Gains		Period
Other investments:	 									
Fiscal Year Ended:										
September 30, 2013	\$ 18,173	\$	-		-	\$ 48	\$	721	\$	18,942
September 30, 2012	13,375		3,800		-	766		232		18,173

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

11. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Benefit payments expected to be paid are as follows:

Years ending September 30:				Other Postretirement Benefits		
2014	\$	7,080	\$	926		
2015		7,722		917		
2016		8,190		1,004		
2017		8,550		1,126		
2018		9,063		1,186		
2019-2023		53,709		6,275		
	\$	94,314	\$	11,434		

For measurement purposes, a rate of increase of 8.0% in the per capita cost of health care benefits was assumed for 2013; the rate was assumed to decrease gradually to 5.0% for 2030 and remain at that level thereafter. Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported. An increase in the assumed health care cost trend rates by one percentage point would have increased the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of September 30, 2013 by \$967 and the aggregate of the service and interest cost components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost for the year then ended by \$107. A decrease in the assumed health care cost trend rates by one percentage point would have decreased the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of September 30, 2013 by \$846 and the aggregate of the service and interest cost components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost for the year then ended by \$94.

12. INCOME TAXES:

The provision for income taxes consisted of the following:

	2013			2012	2011	
Current:						
Federal	\$	15,703	\$	14,060	\$	15,306
State		3,423		2,483		3,004
Foreign		4,804		6,437		10,689
		23,930		22,980		28,999
Deferred		2,734		5,737		9,557
Total	\$	26,664	\$	28,717	\$	38,556

The reconciliation of the federal statutory tax rate to the consolidated effective tax rate was as follows:

	2013	2012	2011
Federal statutory tax rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
Effect of state income taxes, net of federal deduction	2.7	2.1	2.5
Foreign taxes less than federal statutory rate	(3.1)	(0.6)	(1.3)
Other	(1.9)	(2.3)	(1.8)
Effective tax rate	32.7%	34.2%	34.4%

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

12. INCOME TAXES (continued)

The Company's foreign subsidiaries had income before income taxes for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 of approximately \$23,662, \$24,654 and \$36,870, respectively. At September 30, 2013, undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries for which deferred U.S. income taxes have not been provided approximated \$225,084. The Company has not determined the deferred tax liability associated with these undistributed earnings, as such determination is not practicable.

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities at September 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	2013		2012		
Deferred tax assets:					
Postretirement benefits	\$	7,365	\$	11,244	
Environmental reserve		1,903		2,217	
Pension costs		19,415		30,145	
Deferred compensation		66		281	
Stock options		10,690		9,653	
Other		24,261		24,370	
		63,700		77,910	
Deferred tax liabilities:					
Depreciation		(3,693)		(4,220)	
Goodwill		(67,012)		(57,767)	
Other		(1,630)		(206)	
		(72,335)		(62,193)	
Net deferred tax asset	\$	(8,635)	\$	15,717	

Changes in the total amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits (excluding penalties and interest) are as follows:

	,	2013	2012	2011
Balance, beginning of year	\$	4,501	\$ 4,721	\$ 5,215
Increases for tax positions of prior years		-	742	-
Decreases for tax positions of prior years		(124)	(74)	(96)
Increases based on tax positions related to the current year		708	137	202
Decreases due to settlements with taxing authorities		(250)	(602)	(38)
Decreases due to lapse of statute of limitation		(319)	 (423)	 (562)
Balance, end of year	\$	4,516	\$ 4,501	\$ 4,721

The Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$4,516 and \$4,501 at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, all of which, if recorded, would impact the annual effective tax rate. It is reasonably possible that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits could change by approximately \$72 in the next 12 months primarily due to expiration of statutes related to specific tax positions.

The Company classifies interest and penalties on tax uncertainties as a component of the provision for income taxes. For fiscal 2013, the Company included a net increase of \$95 in interest and penalties as a component of the provision for income taxes. Total penalties and interest accrued were \$2,401 and \$2,306 at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. These accruals may potentially be applicable in the event of an unfavorable outcome of uncertain tax positions.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

12. INCOME TAXES (continued)

The Company is currently under examination in several tax jurisdictions and remains subject to examination until the statute of limitation expires for those tax jurisdictions. As of September 30, 2013, the tax years that remain subject to examination by major jurisdiction generally are:

United States - Federal	2010 and forward
United States - State	2009 and forward
Canada	2008 and forward
Europe	2005 and forward
United Kingdom	2010 and forward
Australia	2009 and forward
Asia	2008 and forward

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

The Company operates various production, warehouse and office facilities and equipment under operating lease agreements. Annual rentals under these and other operating leases were \$17,664, \$16,908 and \$16,323 in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Future minimum rental commitments under non-cancelable operating lease arrangements for fiscal years 2014 through 2018 are \$10,048, \$6,331, \$3,816, \$1,780 and \$504, respectively.

The Company is party to various legal proceedings, the eventual outcome of which are not predictable. Although the ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, management is of the opinion that they should not result in liabilities in an amount which would materially affect the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company has employment agreements with certain employees, the terms of which expire at various dates between fiscal 2014 and 2018. The agreements generally provide for base salary and bonus levels and include non-compete provisions. The aggregate commitment for salaries under these agreements at September 30, 2013 was \$9,752.

14. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS:

The Company's operations are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations impose limitations on the discharge of materials into the environment and require the Company to obtain and operate in compliance with conditions of permits and other government authorizations. As such, the Company has developed environmental, health and safety policies and procedures that include the proper handling, storage and disposal of hazardous materials.

The Company is party to various environmental matters. These include obligations to investigate and mitigate the effects on the environment of the disposal of certain materials at various operating and non-operating sites. The Company is currently performing environmental assessments and remediation at these sites, as appropriate.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

14. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS (continued)

At September 30, 2013, an accrual of \$5,324 had been recorded for environmental remediation (of which \$1,218 was classified in other current liabilities), representing management's best estimate of the probable and reasonably estimable costs of the Company's known remediation obligations. The accrual, which reflects previously established reserves assumed with the acquisition of York and additional reserves recorded as a purchase accounting adjustment, does not consider the effects of inflation and anticipated expenditures are not discounted to their present value. While final resolution of these contingencies could result in costs different than current accruals, management believes the ultimate outcome will not have a significant effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position.

15. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

Changes in working capital items as presented in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows consisted of the following:

		2012	2011		
<u>Current assets:</u>					
Accounts receivable	\$	(2,586)	\$ (7,554)	\$ (5,560)	
Inventories		2,870	(3,463)	(13,627)	
Other current assets		2,107	(4,655)	(2,265)	
		2,391	(15,672)	(21,452)	
Current liabilities:					
Trade accounts payable		(1,205)	1,024	6,983	
Accrued compensation		7,143	(1,476)	(8,250)	
Accrued income taxes		(2,278)	(2,649)	(3,167)	
Customer prepayments		(2,530)	1,162	2,028	
Other current liabilities		(9,329)	1,208	765	
		(8,199)	(731)	(1,641)	
Net change	\$	(5,808)	\$ (16,403)	\$ (23,093)	

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

The Company's products and operations consist of two principal businesses that are comprised of three operating segments each, as described under Nature of Operations (Note 1): Memorialization Products (Cemetery Products, Funeral Home Products, Cremation) and Brand Solutions (Graphics Imaging, Marking and Fulfillment Systems, Merchandising Solutions). Management evaluates segment performance based on operating profit (before income taxes) and does not allocate non-operating items such as investment income, interest expense, other income (deductions), net and noncontrolling interests.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 2). Intersegment sales are accounted for at negotiated prices. Operating profit is total revenue less operating expenses. Segment assets include those assets that are used in the Company's operations within each segment. Assets classified under "Other" principally consist of cash and cash equivalents, investments, deferred income taxes and corporate headquarters' assets. Long-lived assets include property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation), goodwill, and other intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization).

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Information about the Company's segments follows:

	M	lemorializati	on		Brand Soluti			
					Marking and			
	Cemetery Products	Funeral Home Products	Cremation	Graphics Imaging	Fulfillment Systems	Merchandising Solutions	Other	Consolidated
Sales to external custon	ners:							
2013	\$ 226,586	\$ 242,803	\$ 48,522	\$ 294,571	\$ 93,505	\$ 79,370	\$ -	\$ 985,357
2012	215,943	230,943	45,981	259,865	74,621	72,964	-	900,317
2011	224,773	243,291	39,278	268,975	61,938	60,566	-	898,821
Intersegment sales:								
2013	39	172	951	416	10	527	-	2,115
2012	262	4	60	2	22	702	-	1,052
2011	251	-	52	177	21	90	-	591
Depreciation and amou	tization:							
2013	4,034	6,267	351	21,968	1,675	2,324	1,246	37,865
2012	3,255	6,416	396	14,175	1,048	2,330	1,201	28,821
2011	2,955	6,371	244	13,580	530	1,949	2,032	27,661
Operating profit:								
2013	32,571	37,263	3,097	9,724	8,862	4,275	-	95,792
2012	33,195	26,525	3,869	14,843	10,061	5,084	-	93,577
2011	52,474	29,039	3,479	22,427	7,819	3,278	-	118,516
Total assets:								
2013	210,242	286,576	40,072	425,823	113,420	69,012	69,782	1,214,927
2012	211,205	299,248	41,099	356,458	75,217	66,170	78,645	1,128,042
2011	197,127	311,841	35,018	351,595	67,193	60,491	74,190	1,097,455
Capital expenditures:								
2013	8,415	2,399	174	9,027	2,904	737	1,268	24,924
2012	3,811	2,540	396	18,693	2,513	1,496	3,787	33,236
2011	1,618	3,850	501	10,820	295	3,165	2,191	22,440

Information about the Company's operations by geographic area follows:

		Jnited States	 Mexico	(Canada	 Europe	A	ustralia	 Asia	Con	nsolidated
Sales to external custo	mers	:									
2013	\$	617,371	\$ -	\$	12,014	\$ 328,266	\$	13,534	\$ 14,172	\$	985,357
2012		569,435	-		11,967	290,283		13,778	14,854		900,317
2011		559,362	-		13,086	298,773		13,437	14,163		898,821
Long-lived assets:											
2013		421,697	3,731		483	324,731		6,338	13,404		770,384
2012		395,565	4,743		507	260,809		7,041	10,580		679,245
2011		380,059	5,726		476	259,860		6,752	9,459		662,332

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

17. ACQUISITIONS:

Fiscal 2013:

Acquisition spending, net of cash acquired, during the year ended September 30, 2013 totaled \$73,959. The acquisitions were not individually material to the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations, and primarily included the following:

In April 2013, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 20% interest in Tact Group Limited ("Tact"). The Company had acquired an 80% interest in Tact in July 2009.

In March 2013, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 38.5% interest in Kroma Pre-Press Preparation Systems Industry & Trade, Inc. ("Kroma"), completing the option arrangement in connection with the July 2011 acquisition of a 61.5% interest in Kroma.

In March 2013, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 20% interest in Furnace Construction Cremators Limited ("FCC"). The Company had acquired an 80% interest in FCC in March 2010.

In December 2012, the Company acquired Pyramid Controls, Inc. and its affiliate, Pyramid Control Systems (collectively, "Pyramid"). Pyramid is a provider of warehouse control systems and conveyor control solutions for distribution centers. The acquisition is designed to expand Matthews' fulfillment products and services in the warehouse management market. The initial purchase price for the transaction was \$26,178, plus potential additional consideration up to \$3,700 based on future operating results.

In November 2012, the Company acquired Wetzel Holding AG, Wetzel GmbH and certain related affiliates (collectively, "Wetzel"). Wetzel is a leading European provider of pre-press services and gravure printing forms, with manufacturing operations in Germany and Poland. Wetzel's products and services are sold primary within Europe, and the acquisition is designed to expand Matthews' products and services in the global graphics imaging market. The purchase price for Wetzel was 42.6 million Euros (\$54,748) on a cashfree, debt-free basis.

The Company has completed the allocation of purchase price for all acquisitions.

Fiscal 2012:

Acquisition spending, net of cash acquired, during the year ended September 30, 2012 totaled \$12,541. The acquisitions were not individually material to the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations, and primarily included the following:

In May 2012, the Company acquired Everlasting Granite Memorial Co., Inc. ("Everlasting Granite"), a supplier of granite memorials, columbariums and private mausoleum estates. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase and was designed to expand the Company's presence and product breadth in the granite memorial business.

Fiscal 2011:

Acquisition spending, net of cash acquired, during the year ended September 30, 2011 totaled \$84,369. The acquisitions were not individually material to the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations, and primarily included the following:

In August 2011, the Company acquired Lightning Pick Technologies, Inc. ("LPT"), a manufacturer that develops, installs and supports paperless order fulfillment solutions. The transaction is intended to expand the Company's presence and product breadth in the fulfillment systems industry.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

17. ACQUISITIONS (continued)

In July 2011, the Company purchased a 61.5% interest in Kroma, a leading provider of pre-press services and roto-gravure printing cylinders in Turkey. The acquisition is designed to further extend Matthews' presence as the leading provider of reprographic pre-press products and services to the European packaging and tobacco markets. The Company also had an arrangement to acquire an additional 8.5% interest and an option agreement related to the remaining 30% interest in Kroma. At September 30, 2012, the Company recorded an estimate of \$10,481 in "Arrangement with noncontrolling interest" on the Consolidated Balance Sheet related to the option agreement.

In April 2011, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining 22% interest in Saueressig for 19.3 million Euros (\$27,390), completing the option agreement in connection with the May 2008 acquisition of a 78% interest in Saueressig.

In March 2011, the Company acquired Innovative Picking Technologies, Inc. ("IPTI"), a manufacturer of paperless order fulfillment systems. The transaction is intended to expand the Company's presence into the fulfillment systems industry.

In October 2010, the Company acquired Freeman Metal Products, Inc. and its affiliated companies (collectively, "Freeman"), a manufacturer and distributor of caskets. The purchase price for the acquisition was \$22,800, plus additional consideration up to \$6,000 contingent on operating performance over the next three years. The transaction is intended to provide synergies in the manufacturing and distribution of caskets and expand the Company's market presence in the Southeast and South Central regions of the United States.

In October 2010, the Company acquired the remaining 25% interest in Rudolf Reproflex GmbH & Co. KG ("Reproflex"). The Company acquired a 75% interest in Reproflex in 2001.

18. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

Goodwill is not amortized but is subject to annual review for impairment. In general, when the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its implied fair value, an impairment loss must be recognized. For purposes of testing for impairment the Company uses a combination of valuation techniques, including discounted cash flows. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives unless such lives are considered to be indefinite. A significant decline in cash flows generated from these assets may result in a write-down of the carrying values of the related assets.

The Company performed its annual impairment reviews in the second quarters of fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2012 and determined that no additional adjustments to the carrying values of goodwill were necessary. Changes to goodwill, net of accumulated amortization, during the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, follow.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

18. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

								M	arking and				
	emetery roducts	Funeral Home Products		Cremation		Graphics Imaging		Fulfillment Systems		rchandising Solutions	Consolidated		
Goodwill	\$ 88,142	\$	162,819	\$	16,735	\$	167,828	\$	29,593	\$ 9,138	\$	474,255	
Accumulated impairment losses	 (412)		_		(5,000)		(3,840)		<u> </u>	 		(9,252)	
Balance at September 30, 2011	87,730		162,819		11,735		163,988		29,593	9,138		465,003	
Additions during period Translation and	10,424		57		770		2,896		1,151	-		15,298	
other adjustments	(783)		<u>-</u>		53		(3,462)		72	 		(4,120)	
Goodwill	97,783		162,876		17,558		167,262		30,816	 9,138		485,433	
Accumulated impairment losses Balance at	 (412)				(5,000)		(3,840)			 		(9,252)	
September 30, 2012	 97,371		162,876		12,558		163,422	_	30,816	 9,138		476,181	
Additions during period Translation and	914		199		269		21,361		19,677	-		42,420	
other adjustments	1,010		133		(4)		4,658		153	_		5,950	
Goodwill	 99,707		163,208		17,823	_	193,281		50,646	 9,138	_	533,803	
Accumulated impairment losses	 (412)				(5,000)		(3,840)		<u>-</u>			(9,252)	
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$ 99,295	\$	163,208	\$	12,823	\$	189,441	\$	50,646	\$ 9,138	\$	524,551	

In fiscal 2013, the addition to Graphics Imaging goodwill primarily reflects the acquisition of Wetzel and the remaining 20% interest in Tact; the addition to Marking and Fulfillment Systems goodwill reflects the acquisition of Pyramid; the addition to Cemetery Products goodwill reflects the acquisition of a small bronze manufacturer in Europe; the addition to Cremation goodwill reflects the acquisition of the remaining 20% interest in FCC; and the addition to Funeral Home Products primarily represents the effect of an adjustment to the purchase price for a small casket distributor.

In fiscal 2012, the addition to Cemetery Products reflects the acquisition of Everlasting Granite in May 2012. The additions to Funeral Home Products and Marking and Fulfillment Systems goodwill primarily represents the effect of adjustments to purchase price; the addition to Cremation goodwill reflects the acquisition of a small cremation equipment manufacturer in Europe; and the addition to Graphics Imaging goodwill related primarily to additional consideration paid in accordance with the purchase agreement with Tact Group Limited and effect of adjustments to purchase price for Kroma.

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

18. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The following tables summarize the carrying amounts and related accumulated amortization for intangible assets as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

	Carrying Amount				Impairment Loss			Net	
September 30, 2013:									
Trade names	\$	24,496	\$	_*	\$	(1,618)	\$	22,878	
Trade names		3,034		(2,142)		-		892	
Customer relationships		59,061		(19,099)		-		39,962	
Copyrights/patents/other		10,116		(8,746)		-		1,370	
	\$	96,707	\$	(29,987)	\$	(1,618)	\$	65,102	
September 30, 2012:									
Trade names	\$	24,488	\$	_*		-	\$	24,488	
Trade names		2,182		(1,571)		-		611	
Customer relationships		47,654		(15,689)		-		31,965	
Copyrights/patents/other		9,920		(7,969)		-		1,951	
	\$	84,244	\$	(25,229)		-	\$	59,015	

^{*}Not subject to amortization

The net change in intangible assets during fiscal 2013 included an increase for the acquisitions of Wetzel and Pyramid of \$12,027, offset by the impact of an impairment loss in the Graphic Imaging segment (recorded in the second fiscal quarter), foreign currency fluctuations during the period and additional amortization. The net change in intangible assets during fiscal 2012 included the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and additional amortization.

Amortization expense on intangible assets was \$4,156, \$3,886, and \$4,200 in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Fiscal year amortization expense is estimated to be \$3,792 in 2014, \$3,662 in 2015, \$3,374 in 2016, \$3,181 in 2017 and \$3,149 in 2018.

19. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

On February 5, 2013, the Financial Accounting Standard Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-02, Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 requires companies to present information about reclassification adjustments from accumulated other comprehensive income, including the amount of the reclassification and the income statement line items affected by the reclassification. The information must be presented in the financial statements in a single note or on the face of the financial statements. ASU 2013-02 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012, and interim periods within those annual periods. This standard will be adopted by the Company for the quarter ended December 31, 2013.

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited):

The following table sets forth certain items included in the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements for each quarter of fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2012.

	Quarter Ended									
	Dec	cember 31		Tarch 31	June 30		September 30			ar Ended eptember 30
FISCAL YEAR 2013:		(Dollar a	moui	nts in thousa	nds, e	xcept per sh	are d	ata)		
Sales	\$	225,609	\$	256,390	\$	250,652	\$	252,706	\$	985,357
Gross profit		79,974		94,866		91,391		90,287		356,518
Operating profit		16,499		25,070		30,760		23,463		95,792
Net income attributable to Matthews shareholders		8,255		14,192		17,991		14,450		54,888
Earnings per share: Basic Diluted		\$.30 .30		\$.51 .51		\$.65 .65		\$.53 .52		\$1.99 1.98
FISCAL YEAR 2012:										
Sales	\$	217,213	\$	225,545	\$	227,478	\$	230,081	\$	900,317
Gross profit		77,995		84,707		87,709		86,159		336,570
Operating profit		18,925		25,287		27,513		21,852		93,577
Net income attributable to Matthews shareholders		11,285		15,258		16,325		12,975		55,843
Earnings per share Basic Diluted		\$.40 .40		\$.54 .54		\$.58 .58		\$.47 .47		\$1.98 1.98
		67								

FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

				Add	itions						
	Balance at beginning of		Charged to		Charged to other					alance at end of	
Description	period		ex	expense		Accounts(1)		Deductions(2)		period	
			(Dollar amounts in thousands)								
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:											
Fiscal Year Ended:											
September 30, 2013	\$	11,177	\$	595	\$	306	\$	(2,069)	\$	10,009	
September 30, 2012		10,736		1,558		-		(1,117)		11,177	
September 30, 2011		11,261		533		580		(1,638)		10,736	

Amount comprised principally of acquisitions and purchase accounting adjustments in connection with acquisitions.
 Amounts determined not to be collectible (including direct write-offs), net of recoveries.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

There have been no changes in accountants or disagreements on accounting or financial disclosure between the Company and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

The Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed under that Act (the "Exchange Act"), such as this Annual Report on Form 10-K, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). These disclosure controls and procedures also are designed to provide reasonable assurance that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

The Company acquired Wetzel AG, Wetzel GmbH and certain related affiliates (collectively, "Wetzel") and Pyramid Controls, Inc. and its affiliate, Pyramid Control Systems, (collectively, "Pyramid") in the first quarter of fiscal 2013, and we have excluded Wetzel and Pyramid from our assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. As such, the scope of our assessment of the effectiveness of our controls and procedures does not include Wetzel and Pyramid. This exclusion is in accordance with the SEC's general guidance that an assessment of a recently acquired business may be omitted from our scope in the year of acquisition.

Management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures in effect as of September 30, 2013. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2013, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that material information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and properly reported within the appropriate time period, relating to the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries, required to be included in the Exchange Act reports, including this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(b) Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting is included in Management's Report to Shareholders in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(c) Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm.

The Company's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2013 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(d) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, OFFICERS and EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT OF THE REGISTRANT.

In addition to the information reported in Part I of this Form 10-K, under the caption "Officers and Executive Management of the Registrant", the information required by this item as to the directors of the Company is hereby incorporated by reference from the information appearing under the captions "General Information Regarding Corporate Governance – Audit Committee", "Proposal No. 1 – Elections of Directors" and "Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act" in the Company's definitive proxy statement, which involves the election of the directors and is to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, within 120 days of the end of the Company's fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

The Company's Code of Ethics Applicable to Executive Management is set forth in Exhibit 14.1 hereto. Any amendment to the Company's Code of Ethics or waiver of the Company's Code of Ethics for senior financial officers, executive officers or Directors will be posted on the Company's website within four business days following the date of the amendment or waiver, and such information will remain available on the website for at least a twelve-month period.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

The information required by this item as to the compensation of directors and executive management of the Company is hereby incorporated by reference from the information appearing under the captions "Compensation of Directors" and "Executive Compensation and Retirement Benefits" in the Company's definitive proxy statement which involves the election of directors and is to be filed with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act, within 120 days of the end of the Company's fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The information contained in the "Compensation Committee Report" is specifically not incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT.

The information required by this item as to the ownership by management and others of securities of the Company is hereby incorporated by reference from the information appearing under the caption "Stock Ownership" in the Company's definitive proxy statement which involves the election of directors and is to be filed with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act, within 120 days of the end of the Company's fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT, continued

Equity Compensation Plans:

The Company maintains an equity incentive plan (the "2007 Equity Incentive Plan") that provides for grants of stock options, restricted shares, stock-based performance units and certain other types of stock-based awards. The Company also maintains a stock incentive plan (the "1992 Incentive Stock Plan") that previously provided for grants of stock options, restricted shares and certain other types of stock-based awards. In February 2013, the Company's shareholders approved the adoption of a new plan, the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2012 Plan"), that provides for grants of stock options, restricted shares, stock-based performance units and certain other types of stock-based awards. Under the 2012 Plan, which has a ten-year term, the maximum number of shares available for grants or awards is an aggregate of 2,500,000. There will be no further grants under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan or the 1992 Incentive Stock Plan. At September 30, 2013, there were 2,500,000 shares reserved for future issuance under the 2012 Plan. All plans are administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

The option price for each stock option granted under any of the plans may not be less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Outstanding stock options are generally exercisable in one-third increments upon the attainment of pre-defined levels of appreciation in the market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock. In addition, options generally vest in one-third increments after three, four and five years, respectively, from the grant date (but, in any event, not until the attainment of the market value thresholds). The options expire on the earlier of ten years from the date of grant, upon employment termination, or within specified time limits following voluntary employment termination (with the consent of the Company), retirement or death. The Company generally settles employee stock option exercises with treasury shares. With respect to outstanding restricted share grants, for grants made prior to fiscal 2013, generally one-half of the shares vest on the third anniversary of the grant, with the remaining one-half of the shares vesting in one-third increments upon attainment of pre-defined levels of appreciation in the market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock. For grants made in fiscal 2013, generally one-half of the shares vest on the third anniversary of the grant, one-quarter of the shares vest in one-third increments upon the attainment of pre-defined levels of adjusted earnings per share, and the remaining one-quarter of the shares vest in one-third increments upon attainment of pre-defined levels of appreciation in the market value of the Company's Class A Common Stock. Additionally, restricted shares cannot vest until the first anniversary of the grant date. Unvested restricted shares generally expire on the earlier of five years from the date of grant, upon employment termination, or within specified time limits following voluntary employment termination (with the consent of the Company), retirement or death. The Company issues restricted shares fro

Under the Company's Director Fee Plan, directors (except for the Chairman of the Board) who are not also officers of the Company each receive, as an annual retainer fee, either cash or shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock equivalent to \$60,000. The equivalent amount paid to a non-employee Chairman of the Board is \$130,000. Where the annual retainer fee is provided in shares, each director may elect to be paid these shares on a current basis or have such shares credited to a deferred stock account as phantom stock, with such shares to be paid to the director subsequent to leaving the Board. The value of deferred shares is recorded in other liabilities. A total of 17,005 shares had been deferred under the Director Fee Plan at September 30, 2013. Additionally, directors who are not also officers of the Company each receive an annual stock-based grant (non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights and/or restricted shares) with a value of \$100,000. A total of 22,300 stock options have been granted under the plan. At September 30, 2013, 11,800 options were outstanding and vested. Additionally, 103,150 shares of restricted stock have been granted under the plan, 38,227 of which were unvested at September 30, 2013. A total of 300,000 shares have been authorized to be issued under the Director Fee Plan.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT, continued

The following table provides information about grants under the Company's equity compensation plans as of September 30, 2013:

	Equity Compensation Plan Information				
				Number of securities remaining available for future issuance	
	Number of securities	•	Weighted-		
	Number of securities	average exercise price of outstanding		under equity compensation plans (excluding	
	to be issued upon exercise of				
Plan category	outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)		options, warrants and rights (b)	securities reflected in column (a)) (c)	
Equity compensation plans					
approved by security holders: 1992 Stock Incentive Plan	744,824	\$	37.76	-(1)	
2007 Equity Incentive Plan			-	-(2)	
2012 Equity Incentive Plan	-		-	2,500,000 (3)	
Employee Stock Purchase Plan	-		-	1,609,270 (4)	
Director Fee Plan	28,805		35.39	77,913 (5)	
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	None		None	None	
Total	773,629	\$	37.72	4,187,183	

- (1) As a result of the approval of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan, no further grants or awards will be made under the 1992 Incentive Stock Plan.
- (2) As a result of the approval of the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan, no further grants or awards will be made under the 2007 Incentive Stock Plan.
- (3) The 2012 Equity Incentive Plan was approved in February 2013. The Plan provides for the grant or award of stock options, restricted shares, stock-based performance units and certain other types of stock based awards, with a maximum of 2,500,000 shares available for grants or awards.
- (4) Shares under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan") are purchased in the open market by employees at the fair market value of the Company's stock. The Company provides a matching contribution of 10% of such purchases subject to certain limitations under the Plan. As the Plan is an open market purchase plan, it does not have a dilutive effect.
- (5) Shares of restricted stock may be issued under the Director Fee Plan. The maximum number of shares authorized to be issued under the Director Fee Plan is 300,000 shares.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS.

The information required by this item as to certain relationships and transactions with management and other related parties of the Company is hereby incorporated by reference from the information appearing under the captions "Proposal No. 1 – Election of Directors" and "Certain Transactions" in the Company's definitive proxy statement, which involves the election of directors and is to be filed with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act, within 120 days of the end of the Company's fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES.

The information required by this item as to the fees billed and the services provided by the principal accounting firm of the Company is hereby incorporated by reference from the information appearing under the caption "Relationship with Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in the Company's definitive proxy statement, which involves the election of directors and is to be filed with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act within 120 days of the end of the Company's fiscal year ended September 30, 2013.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) 1. Financial Statements:

The following items are included in Part II, Item 8:

	Pages
Management's Report to Shareholders	33
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	34-35
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2013 and 2012	36-37
Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011	38
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011	39
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011	40
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011	41
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	42-66
Supplementary Financial Information (unaudited)	67

2. Financial Statement Schedules:

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts is included on page 68 in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

3. Exhibits Filed:

The index to exhibits is on pages 75-76.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

On July 19, 2013, Matthews filed a current report on Form 8-K under Item 2 in connection with a press release announcing its earnings for the third fiscal quarter of 2013.

On July 22, 2013, Matthews filed a current report on Form 8-K under item 1 in connection with the first amended and restated loan agreement dated July 18, 2013.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on November 27, 2013.

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

(Registrant)

By

/s/ Joseph C. Bartolacci
Joseph C. Bartolacci President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated on November 27, 2013:

/s/ Joseph C. Bartolacci		/s/ Steven F. Nicola	
Joseph C. Bartolacci		Steven F. Nicola	
President and Chief Executive Officer		Chief Financial Officer, Secretary	
(Principal Executive Officer)		and Treasurer (Principal Financial	
		and Accounting Officer)	
/s/ John D. Turner		/s/ Morgan K. O'Brien	
John D. Turner, Chairman of the Board		Morgan K. O'Brien, Director	
/s/ Gregory S. Babe		/s/ John P. O'Leary, Jr.	
Gregory S. Babe, Director		John P. O'Leary, Jr., Director	
/s/ Katherine E. Dietze		/s/ Jerry R. Whitaker	
Katherine E. Dietze, Director		Jerry R. Whitaker, Director	
/s/ Alvaro Garcia-Tunon			
Alvaro Garcia-Tunon, Director			
	74		

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBITS INDEX

The following Exhibits to this report are filed herewith or, if marked with an asterisk (*), are incorporated by reference. Exhibits marked with an "a" represent a management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement required to be filed by Item 601(b)(10)(iii) of Regulation S-K.

Exhibit No.	Description	Prior Filing or Sequential Page Numbers Herein
3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation*	Exhibit Number 3.1 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1994
3.2	Restated By-laws*	Exhibit Number 99.1 to Form 8-K dated October 18, 2007
4.1 a	Form of Revised Option Agreement of Repurchase (effective October 1, 1993)*	Exhibit Number 4.5 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1993
4.2	Form of Share Certificate for Class A Common Stock*	Exhibit Number 4.9 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 1994
10.1	First Amended and Restated Loan Agreement*	Exhibit Number 10.1 to Form 8-K dated July 18, 2013
10.2 a	Supplemental Retirement Plan (as amended through April 23, 2009)*	Exhibit Number 10.5a to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2010
10.3 a	Officers Retirement Restoration Plan (effective April 23, 2009)*	Exhibit Number 10.6 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2009
10.4 a	1992 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended through April 25, 2006)*	Exhibit Number 10.1 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006
10.5 a	Form of Stock Option Agreement*	Exhibit Number 10.7 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2008
10.6 a	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement*	Exhibit Number 10.8 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2008
10.7 a	1994 Director Fee Plan (as amended through April 22, 2010)	Filed Herewith
10.8 a	1994 Employee Stock Purchase Plan*	Exhibit Number 10.2 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1995

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES INDEX, Continued

Exhibit No.	Description	Prior Filing or Sequential Page Numbers Herein
10.9 a	2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended through September 26, 2008)*	Exhibit Number 10.11 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2008
10.10 a	2010 Incentive Compensation Plan*	Exhibit A to 2011 Proxy Statement
10.11 a	2012 Equity Incentive Plan*	Exhibit A to 2013 Proxy Statement
14.1	Form of Code of Ethics Applicable to Executive Management *	Exhibit Number 14.1 to Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004
21	Subsidiaries of the Registrant	Filed Herewith
23	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	Filed Herewith
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer for Joseph C. Bartolacci	Filed Herewith
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer for Steven F. Nicola	Filed Herewith
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Joseph C. Bartolacci	Filed Herewith
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Steven F. Nicola	Filed Herewith

Copies of any Exhibits will be furnished to shareholders upon written request. Requests should be directed to Mr. Steven F. Nicola, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer of the Registrant.

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

1994 DIRECTOR FEE PLAN, as amended through April 22, 2010

SECTION 1 Purposes; Reservation of Shares

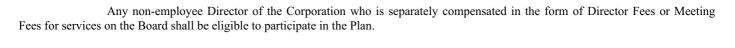
- (a) <u>Purposes</u>. The purposes of the 1994 Director Fee Plan, as amended through April 22, 2010 (the "Plan") are:
 - (1) to provide for each Director of Matthews International Corporation (the "Corporation") who is not also an employee of the Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries ("Director") the payment of retainer fees and, in the case of a Director who is Chairperson (the "NE Chairperson"), an additional retainer fee for future services to be performed by such Director ("Director Fees") as a member of the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board") in cash or in shares of Class A Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Corporation ("Common Stock") and, in the case of payment to the Directors of the Director Fees in shares of Common Stock, to increase the identification of interests between such Directors and the shareholders of the Corporation;
 - (2) to provide current payment in cash (or if a Director shall elect to defer receipt, future payment in shares of Common Stock) to each Director (except the NE Chairperson shall only be entitled to the fees, if any, in (a) and (e) and only for such meetings after February 20, 2008) for:
 - (a) fees, if any, paid for attendance at meetings of the Board ("Board Meeting Fees");
 - (b) fees, if any, paid to Directors for attendance at meetings of Committees of the Board ("Committee Meeting Fees");
 - (c) annual retainer fees paid to the Chairperson of a Committee ("Committee Chairperson Retainer Fees");
 - (d) annual retainer fees paid to any Lead Director of the Board of Directors ("Lead Director Fees"); and
 - (e) fees, if any, paid to a Director for attendance at the annual shareholders' meeting of the Corporation ("Shareholders' Meeting Fees") (subsections (a)-(e) are collectively referred to herein as "Meeting Fees"); and
 - (3) to increase the identification of interests between the Directors and the shareholders of the Corporation by permitting the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board (the "Committee") or a Stock Compensation Subcommittee of the Committee (the "Subcommittee") to award restricted stock, nonstatutory stock options and/or stock appreciation rights to each Director on the fifteenth (15th) business day after the annual shareholders' meeting of the Corporation.

For purposes of the Plan, the term "Subsidiary" means any corporation in an unbroken chain of corporations beginning with the Corporation, if each of the corporations other than the last corporation in the unbroken chain owns stock possessing fifty percent (50%) or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock in one of the other corporations in the chain.

As used hereinafter, the term "<u>Committee</u>" shall mean either the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee or the Subcommittee, if the Subcommittee is authorized by the Board to act under this Plan.

Reservation of Shares. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 1(b), the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock which may be issued under the Plan or credited to Deferred Stock Compensation Accounts for subsequent issuance under the Plan is limited to 300,000 shares, subject to adjustment and substitution as set forth in Section 12 hereof. Shares issued under the Plan may be authorized but unissued shares or shares previously issued and thereafter acquired by the Corporation or partly each, as shall be determined from time to time by the Board. If any stock option or stock appreciation right granted under the Plan is cancelled by mutual consent, forfeited, or terminates or expires for any reason without having been exercised in full, or if any restricted shares awarded under the Plan are forfeited, the number of shares subject thereto, in the case of stock options or stock appreciation rights, or the number of shares forfeited, in the case of restricted shares, shall again be available for all purposes of the Plan. In addition to the number of shares of Common Stock authorized for issuance or crediting by the first sentence of this Section 1(b), the number of shares of Common Stock which are surrendered (or to which ownership has been certified) in full or partial payment to the Corporation of the option price of a stock option granted under the Plan shall be available for all purposes of the Plan.

SECTION 2 Eligibility



SECTION 3 Payment of Director Fees in Cash or Common Stock

- (a) <u>Current Payment</u>. Subject to the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof, on the fifteenth (15th) business day following the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation (each such date of payment referred to as a "Payment Date"), each Director as of that date shall receive payment of Director Fees by:
 - the payment to the Director of cash of sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) (lesser amounts, as previously set forth in the Plan prior to amendment of the Plan on November 13, 2008, for Payment Dates before February 19, 2009) and, in the case of the NE Chairperson, an additional seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000) (forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000) for Payment Dates before January 1, 2008) (or such other amount determined by the Board or by any committee of the Board which the Board authorizes to determine such amount) (the "Retainer Fee Amount"); or
 - (ii) the issuance to the Director of a number of whole shares of Common Stock equal to the Retainer Fee Amount divided by the Fair Market Value of one share of the Common Stock, as defined in Section 15 hereof, on such Payment Date (rounded upward to the next whole share).

Subject to the provisions of Section 3(b) hereof, each Director who first becomes a Director after a Payment Date and before the next annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation after such Payment Date shall, on the fifteenth (15th) business day following such Director's election as a Director (the "Interim Payment Date"), receive payment of Director Fees by payment to the Director of a Pro-Rata Portion (as defined below) of the Retainer Fee Amount paid to non-NE Chairperson Directors on the immediately preceding Payment Date (in cash or in shares of Common Stock, as the case may be). The Pro-Rata Portion of such Retainer Fee Amount to be paid to such new Director shall equal such Retainer Fee Amount times a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the number of meetings of the Directors scheduled between the date of such Director's election and the date of the next annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation (excluding any Directors' meeting on the date of such annual meeting), and the denominator of which shall be the total number of meetings of the Directors (actual and scheduled) between the date of the last annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation (including any Director's meeting on the date of such annual meeting) and the date of the next annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation (excluding any Directors' meeting on the date of such annual meeting). The Committee shall determine by November 30 of each year whether Director Fees will be paid in cash or in shares of Common Stock to the Directors in the following calendar year. Unless the Committee otherwise determines and communicates such determination to the Directors by November 30 of the year immediately preceding the year of payment, the Directors Fees shall be paid in shares of Common Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Director Fees are to be paid in cash, a Director may elect to receive payment of the Director Fees in shares and shall receive a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Retainer Fee Amount (or a Pro-Rata Portion of the Retainer Fee Amount, as the case may be) divided by the Fair Market Value of one share of the Common Stock, as defined in Section 15 hereof, on the Payment Date (or the Interim Payment Date, as the case may be) (rounded upward to the next whole share) (a "Current Stock Election"). Such election shall be made by filing a Notice of Election with the Secretary of the Corporation in the form prescribed by the Corporation.

- (b) <u>Stock Deferral Election.</u> Regardless of whether Director Fees are to be paid in either cash or shares of Common Stock, each Director may elect to defer the receipt of Director Fees in shares of Common Stock for a calendar year (a "Stock Deferral Election") by filing a Notice of Election with the Secretary of the Corporation in the form prescribed by the Corporation.
- Stock Deferral Election (collectively, "Director Fee Elections") shall be effective on January 1 of the year following the date on which the Notice of Election is filed. Director Fee Elections shall be effective on the date on which the Notice of Election is filed with respect to Director Fees payable after the time of a person's initial election to the office of Director, or any subsequent re-election if immediately prior thereto such person was not serving as a Director, provided (i) the Director files such Notice of Election within ten (10) business days subsequent to being elected or re-elected as a Director and (ii) a Stock Deferral Election shall only be effective for Director Fees payable for services performed after the Notice of Election is filed. Director Fee Elections shall apply to all Director Fees otherwise payable while such Director Fee Election is effective. Each Director may terminate a Current Stock Election and receive current payment of Director Fees in cash (where the Committee has elected to pay Director Fees in cash) by filing a Notice of Termination with the Secretary of the Corporation in the form prescribed by the Corporation, which shall be effective on January 1 of the year following the date on which a Notice of Termination is filed. A Director Fee Election shall continue in effect until the effective date of any Notice of Termination. Director Fee Elections may be made by a Director even if such Director has not made a Meeting Fee Deferral Election (as defined below).
- (d) <u>Evidence of Shares.</u> As of the date on which the Director Fees are payable in shares of Common Stock pursuant to Section 3(a) hereof or, if a Stock Deferral Election was made, pursuant to Sections 5 and 6 hereof, (i) the Corporation, at its discretion, shall either issue share certificates to the Director for the shares of Common Stock received under the Plan or cause such shares to be registered in the name of the Director on any book-entry registration maintained by the Corporation or its transfer agent, and (ii) the Director shall be a shareholder of the Corporation with respect to any such shares.

SECTION 4 Payment of Meeting Fees

<u>Current Cash Payment.</u> Subject to the provisions of Sections 4(b) and 4(c) hereof, except as set forth below effective on and after the date of the 2009 annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation (the "2009 Annual Meeting Date"), each Director shall receive payment of Meeting Fees in cash in the following amounts (or such other amounts determined by the Board or by any committee of the Board which the Board authorizes to determine such amounts), except that the NE Chairperson shall only be entitled to Board Meeting Fees and Shareholder's Meeting Fees, if any, and only for such meetings after February 20, 2008:

Board Meeting Fees: None Committee Meeting Fees: None

Committee Chairperson Retainer Fees: \$7,500 (or \$12,000 in the case of the Audit Committee Chairperson)

for a year of service as a Committee Chairperson

Lead Director Fees, if a Lead Director is elected (effective after

2006 Annual meeting): Shareholders' Meeting Fees: \$5,000 for a year of service as the Lead Director.

None

(The amount and payment of Meeting Fees for meetings prior to the 2009 Annual Meeting Date shall be governed by the provisions of this Section 4(a) as in effect prior to amendment of the Plan on November 13, 2008.) Except as set forth in Sections 4(b) and 4(c) hereof, each Director shall receive payment of Meeting Fees, if any, (other than Committee Chairperson Retainer Fees and Lead Director Fees) to which the Director is entitled within ten (10) business days following the meeting with respect to which such fees are payable. Except as set forth in Sections 4(b) and 4(c) hereof, each Committee Chairperson shall receive payment of Committee Chairperson Retainer Fees and the Lead Director, if any, shall receive payment of the Lead Director Fees on the fifteenth (15th) business day following the person's annual election or re-election to such position. The amount and time of payment of Meeting Fees may be changed from time to time by the Board in its sole discretion.

- Deferred Payment of Meeting Fees. Each Director may elect to receive all Meeting Fees for a calendar year in shares of Common Stock rather than cash, as set forth in Section 4(c) hereof, provided the Director elects to defer the receipt of such shares of Common Stock (a "Meeting Fee Deferral Election"). A Meeting Fee Deferral Election may be made only by filing a Notice of Election with the Secretary of the Corporation in the form prescribed by the Corporation, and shall be effective for meetings, and, if applicable, Committee Chairperson Retainer Fees or Lead Director Fees payable, on and after January 1 of the year following the date on which the Notice of Election is filed; provided, however, that (i) a Meeting Fee Deferral Election made by a Notice of Election filed on or before the close of business on May 14, 1999 shall be effective with regard to meetings on or after May 15, 1999, and (ii) a Meeting Fee Deferral Election shall be effective on the date on which the Notice of Election is filed after the time of a person's initial election, or any subsequent re-election, to the office of Director with respect to Meeting Fees and, if applicable, Committee Chairperson Retainer Fees or Lead Director Fees, payable for services performed after the Meeting Fee Deferral Election is filed if (A) immediately prior thereto such person was not serving as a Director, and (B) such Notice of Election is filed within ten (10) business days subsequent to such person being elected or reelected as a Director. A Meeting Fee Deferral Election shall apply to all Meeting Fees which would otherwise be payable for meetings held while such Meeting Fee Deferral Election is effective. A Director may terminate a Meeting Fee Deferral Election only by filing a Notice of Termination with the Secretary of the Corporation in the form prescribed by the Corporation, which Notice of Termination shall be effective for meetings and, if applicable, Committee Chairperson Retainer Fees or Lead Director Fees payable on and after January 1 of the year following the date on which a Notice of Termination is filed. A Meeting Fee Deferral Election shall continue in effect until the effective date of any Notice of Termination, after which the Meeting Fees shall be payable in accordance with Section 4(a) hereof. A Meeting Fee Deferral Election may be made by a Director even if such Director has not made a Current Stock Election or a Stock Deferral Election. A Meeting Fee Deferral Election shall apply to all but not less than all Meeting Fees.
- Deferred Meeting Fees Credited in Shares of Common Stock. Each Director who has made a Meeting Fee Deferral Election effective for Meeting Fees otherwise payable in cash for a calendar year shall receive a credit to a Deferred Stock Compensation Account (as defined in Section 5(a) hereof) in the name of such Director on the first Payment Date following such calendar year. Such credit shall be a number of shares of Common Stock (including fractional shares to at least two decimal places) equal to (i) the aggregate amount of all Meeting Fees subject to such Meeting Fee Deferral Election otherwise payable during such calendar year to such Director in cash under Section 4(a) hereof if no Meeting Fee Deferral Election had been made, divided by (ii) the Fair Market Value of one share of the Common Stock, as defined in Section 15 hereof, on such Payment Date. No interest or other amount shall be paid or credited to a Director notwithstanding that Meeting Fees which otherwise would have been payable under Section 4(a) hereof in cash are not reflected as a credit to such Deferred Stock Compensation Account until the Payment Date.
- Evidence of Shares. If a Meeting Fee Deferral Election was made, then as of the date on which the Meeting Fees are payable in shares of Common Stock pursuant to Sections 5 and 6 hereof, (i) the Corporation, at its discretion, shall either issue share certificates to the Director for the shares of Common Stock received under the Plan or cause such shares to be registered in the name of the Director on any book-entry registration maintained by the Corporation or its transfer agent, and (ii) the Director shall be a shareholder of the Corporation with respect to any such shares.

SECTION 5 Deferred Stock Compensation Account

General. The amount of any Director Fees or Meeting Fees deferred in accordance with a Stock Deferral Election or a Meeting Fee Deferral Election shall be credited to a deferred stock compensation account maintained by the Corporation in the name of the Director (a "Deferred Stock Compensation Account"). A separate Deferred Stock Compensation Account shall be maintained for each amount of deferred Director Fees or Meeting Fees for which a Director has elected a different payment option or as otherwise determined by the Committee. On each Payment Date or Interim Payment Date that a Stock Deferral Election is effective for a Director or on which a credit to a Deferred Stock Compensation Account is to be made under Section 4(c) hereof pursuant to a Meeting Fee Deferral Election, the

Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account(s) shall be credited on the Payment Date or Interim Payment Date with the number of shares of Common Stock (including fractional shares to at least two decimal places) which (i) otherwise would have been payable to the Director under Section 3(a) hereof on such Payment Date or Interim Payment Date if the Director Fees had been payable to the Director in shares of Common Stock, whether the Director Fees were payable in cash or in shares of Common Stock, and/or (ii) are to be so credited in accordance with Section 4(c) hereof. The Deferred Stock Compensation Account of a Director shall be charged on the date of distribution with any distribution of shares of Common Stock made to the Director from such Account pursuant to Section 5(b) hereof.

- (i) <u>Dividends/Distributions Prior to September 26, 2008</u>. With respect to shares of the Common Stock credited to a Deferred Stock Compensation Account, the effect, if any, of dividends or distributions paid prior to September 26, 2008 on the Common Stock in cash or property other than Common Stock shall be governed by the provisions of this Section 5(a) as in effect prior to September 26, 2008.
- (ii) <u>Dividends/Distributions on or after September 26, 2008</u>. If on or after September 26, 2008 a dividend or distribution is paid on the Common Stock in cash or property other than Common Stock, on the date of payment of the dividend or distribution to holders of the Common Stock the Corporation shall pay to a Director a) an amount (in cash or property other than Common Stock, as the case may be) equal to the dividend or distribution which would have been paid on the number of shares, if any, of the Common Stock (including fractional shares) credited to such Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account as of the date fixed for determining the shareholders entitled to receive such distribution, as if such shares of the Common Stock had been issued and outstanding on such date less b) any taxes required to be withheld on such amount, including but not limited to any taxes required to be withheld due to the characterization of such amount as wages or compensation.
- (b) <u>Manner of Payment</u>. The balance of a Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account will be paid in shares of Common Stock to the Director or, in the event of the Director's death, to the Director's Beneficiary as defined in Section 5(c) hereof.
 - (ii) <u>Elections For Years After 2008</u>. For Stock Deferral Elections and Meeting Fee Deferral Elections effective for Director Fees and Meeting Fees otherwise payable in years after 2008, a Director may elect at the time of filing the Notice of Election for a Stock Deferral Election or a Meeting Fee Deferral Election to receive payment of the shares of Common Stock credited to the Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account, in whole or in part, as follows (except as otherwise provided in Sections 6(b) and 6(c) hereof, if applicable):
 - A. In a lump sum on the Separation From Service Payment Commencement Date;
 - B. In two to five annual installments commencing on the Separation From Service Payment Commencement Date and continuing on the same date (or if such date is not a business day, on the immediately preceding business day) in the calendar year(s) thereafter;
 - C. In a lump sum on April 1 (or if April 1 is not a business day, on the immediately preceding business day) of the calendar year specified by the Director at the time of filing of such Notice of Election (the "Designated Payment Commencement Date");
 - D. In two to five annual installments commencing on the Designated Payment Commencement Date and continuing on the same date (or if such date is not a business day, on the immediately preceding business day) in the calendar year(s) thereafter; or
 - E. If earlier than the date on which payment would be received under A-D of this Section 5(b)(ii), in a lump sum or in two to five annual installments, with payment commencing on the sixtieth (60th) day (or if such date is not a business day, on the immediately preceding business day) following the death of the Director or following the date on which the Director becomes disabled (within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code) and continuing on the same date (or if such date is not a business day, on the immediately preceding business day) in the calendar year(s) thereafter.
 - (iii) Special 2008 Election. Any Director who has a balance in the Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account as of September 26, 2008 may elect, by filing a 2008 Payment Change Election with the Secretary of the Corporation in a form prescribed by the Corporation on or before December 31, 2008, to change the timing of payments to be made from such Deferred Stock Compensation Account to the Director, in whole or in part, as follows:
 - A. In accordance with any of the payment options described in Section 5(b)(ii) hereof; or
 - B. In a lump sum on a date in 2009 specified by the Director in the 2008 Payment Change Election.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (I) a 2008 Payment Change Election may apply only to amounts that would not otherwise be payable in 2008 and may not cause an amount to be paid in 2008 that would not otherwise be payable in 2008, and (II) payment shall not be made in installments but rather in a lump sum if the Director made a Section 6(c) Event Election, as defined below, and Section 6(c) hereof applies. This Section 5(b)(iii) is intended to comply with Section 409A of the Code, or any successor section, and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

(iv) Installment Payments. In any case where payments are made in installments, the number of shares of Common Stock distributed in each installment shall be determined by multiplying (I) the number of shares of Common Stock in the Deferred Stock Compensation Account on the date of payment of such installment, by (II) a fraction, the numerator of which is one and the denominator of which is the number of remaining unpaid installments, and by rounding such result down to the nearest whole number of shares. The balance of the number of shares of Common Stock in the Deferred Stock

Compensation Account shall be appropriately reduced in accordance with Section 5(a) hereof to reflect the installment payments made hereunder. Shares of Common Stock remaining in a Deferred Stock Compensation Account pending distribution pursuant to this Section 5(b) shall be subject to adjustment pursuant to Section 12 hereof.

- (v) General. If a lump sum payment or the final installment payment hereunder would result in the issuance of a fractional share of Common Stock, such fractional share shall not be issued and cash in lieu of such fractional share shall be paid to the Director based on the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock, as defined in Section 15 hereof, on the date immediately preceding the date of such payment. The Corporation, at its discretion, shall either issue share certificates to the Director, or the Director's Beneficiary, for the shares of Common Stock distributed hereunder or cause such shares to be registered in the name of the Director, or the Director's Beneficiary, on any book-entry registration maintained by the Corporation or its transfer agent. As of the date on which the Director is entitled to receive payment of shares of Common Stock pursuant to this Section 5(b) hereof, a Director or the Director's Beneficiary shall be a shareholder of the Corporation with respect to such shares.
- (c) <u>Director's Beneficiary</u>. The Director's Beneficiary means any beneficiary or beneficiaries (who may be named contingently or successively) named by a Director under the Plan to whom any benefit under the Plan is to be paid in the case of his or her death before he or she receives any or all of such benefit. Each such designation shall revoke all prior designations by the same Director, shall be in a form prescribed by the Committee, and will be effective only when filed by the Director in writing with the Secretary of the Corporation during the Director's lifetime. In the absence of such a designation, Director's Beneficiary means the person designated by the Director in the Director's Will, or, if the Director fails to make a testamentary disposition of the shares or dies intestate, to the person entitled to receive the shares pursuant to the laws of descent and distribution of the state of domicile of the Director at the time of death.

SECTION 6 Other Payment Commencement Dates

- (a) General. If, in the case of a Meeting Fee Deferral Election, the first amount credited to a particular Deferred Stock Compensation Account with respect to such Director is credited after the relevant payment commencement date specified in Section 5(b) hereof or any amount is credited to such a Deferred Stock Compensation Account after a lump sum payment has been made pursuant to Section 5(b) hereof from such Deferred Stock Compensation Account, payment of shares credited to such Deferred Stock Compensation Account shall be made or commence on the April 1 (or if April 1 is not a business day, on the immediately preceding business day) following the date on which the shares are so credited.
- (b) <u>Delay in Payment</u>. Notwithstanding Section 5(b) hereof and except as otherwise provided in Section 6(c) hereof, a Director may irrevocably elect, by filing a Notice of Election with the Secretary of the Corporation in the form prescribed by the Corporation, to commence payment on a date later than the date specified under Section 5(b) hereof provided that:
 - (i) Such election must be made at least twelve (12) months prior to the date on which payments otherwise would have commenced pursuant to the election under Section 5(b) hereof; and
 - (ii) The payment commencement date specified in such election under this Section 6(b) must be not less than five (5) years from the date on which payments otherwise would have commenced pursuant to the election under Section 5(b) hereof.

The provisions of this Section 6(b) are intended to comply with Section 409A(4)(C) of the Code, or any successor section, and shall be interpreted consistently therewith.

Section 6(c) Event. Notwithstanding Sections 5(b) and 6(b) hereof, effective for Director Fees and Meeting Fees payable (but for any deferral elections) on and after January 1 of the year following the date on which the Notice of Election is filed (and on and after January 1, 2005), a Director may irrevocably elect, by filing a Notice of Election with the Secretary of the Corporation in a form prescribed by the Corporation, to receive payment of all shares of Common Stock credited to the Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account with respect to such Director Fees and Meeting Fees, upon the earlier of when payment would be made pursuant to the election under Section 5(b) or 6(b) hereof or in a lump sum immediately following the occurrence of any Section 6(c) Event, as defined below (a "Section 6(c) Event Election"). A Section 6(c) Event Election shall be effective on the date on which it is filed with respect to Director Fees and Meeting Fees payable (but for any deferral elections) after the time of a person's initial election to the office of Director, or any subsequent re-election if immediately prior thereto such person was not serving as a Director, provided (i) the Director files such Section 6(c) Event Election within ten (10) business days subsequent to being elected or re-elected as a Director and (ii) a Section 6(c) Event Election shall only be effective for Director Fees and Meeting Fees payable for services performed after the Section 6(c) Event Election is filed. A Director may terminate a Section 6(c) Event Election only by filing a Notice of Termination of Section 6(c) Event Election with the Secretary of the Corporation in the form prescribed by the Corporation, which shall be effective for Director Fees and Meeting Fees payable (but for any deferral elections) on and after January 1 of the year following the date on which such Notice of Termination of Section 6(c) Event Election is filed. If payments from a Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account have previously commenced at the time of a Section 6(c) Event which results in a permissible lump sum payment pursuant to this Section 6(c), for purposes of applying this Section 6(c) shares previously paid from the Director's Deferred Stock Compensation Account shall be deemed to be from Director Fees and Meeting Fees not subject to a Section 6(c) Event Election, to the extent thereof. A Section 6(c) Event shall mean the date upon which any event occurs which constitutes a change in the ownership or effective control of the Corporation or in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Corporation under Section 409A of the Code or any successor section and Treasury Regulation §1.409A-3(i)(5)(v)-(vii) thereunder or any successor section, provided that:

- (i) The percentage specified in Treasury Regulation §1.409A-3(i)(5)(v) (addressing the percentage change in the ownership of the total fair market value or voting power of the Corporation's stock) shall be 50 percent and not a higher percentage;
- (ii) The percentage specified in Treasury Regulation §1.409-3(i)(5)(vi)(A)(1) (addressing the percentage change in the ownership of the voting power of the Corporation's stock) shall be 30 percent and not a higher percentage;
- (iii) For purposes of Treasury Regulation §1.409A-3(i)(5)(vi)(A)(2) (addressing a change in the effective control of the Corporation by virtue of a change in the composition of the Board), the words "a majority of the members of the corporation's board of directors" shall not be replaced by a higher portion; and
- (iv) The percentage specified in Treasury Regulation §1.409A-3(i)(5)(vii)(A) (addressing the percentage change in the ownership of the Corporation's assets) shall be 40 percent and not a higher percentage.

SECTION 7 Non-Alienability of Benefits

Neither the Director nor the Director's Beneficiary shall have the right to, directly or indirectly, alienate, assign, transfer, pledge, anticipate or encumber (except by reason of death) any amounts or shares of Common Stock that are or may be payable hereunder nor shall any such amounts or shares be subject to anticipation, alienation, sale, transfer, assignment, pledge, encumbrance, attachment or garnishment by creditors of the Director or the Director's Beneficiary or to the debts, contracts, liabilities, engagements, or torts of any Director or Director's Beneficiary, or transfer by operation of law in the event of bankruptcy or insolvency of the Director or the Director's Beneficiary, or any legal process.

SECTION 8 Nature of Deferred Stock Compensation Accounts

Any Deferred Stock Compensation Account shall be established and maintained only on the books and records of the Corporation. No assets or funds of the Corporation, a Subsidiary or the Plan shall be removed from the claims of the Corporation's or a Subsidiary's general or judgment creditors or otherwise made available, and no shares of Common Stock of the Corporation to be issued pursuant to a Deferred Stock Compensation Account shall be issued or outstanding, until such amounts and shares are actually payable to a Director or a Director's Beneficiary as provided herein. The Plan constitutes a mere promise by the Corporation to make payments in the future. Each Director and Director's Beneficiary shall have the status of, and their rights to receive a payment of shares of Common Stock under the Plan shall be no greater than the rights of, general unsecured creditors of the Corporation. No person shall be entitled to any voting rights with respect to shares credited to a Deferred Stock Compensation Account and not yet payable to a Director or the Director's Beneficiary. The Corporation shall not be obligated under any circumstances to fund any financial obligations under the Plan and the Plan is intended to constitute an unfunded plan for tax purposes. However, the Corporation may, in its discretion, set aside funds in a trust or other vehicle, subject to the claims of its creditors, in order to assist it in meeting its obligations under the Plan, if:

- (a) such arrangement will not cause the Plan to be considered a funded deferred compensation plan under the Code;
- (b) any trust created by the Corporation, and any assets held by such trust to assist the Corporation in meeting its obligations under the Plan, will conform to the terms of the model trust, as described in Rev. Proc. 92-64, 1992-2 C.B. 422 or any successor; and
- (c) such set aside of funds is not described in Section 409A(b) of the Code, or any successor provision.

SECTION 9 Grant of Stock Options and Stock Appreciation Rights And Award of Restricted Shares

The Committee shall have authority, in its discretion, (a) to grant "nonstatutory stock options" (i.e., stock options which do not qualify under Sections 422 and 423 of the Code), (b) to grant stock appreciation rights, and (c) to award restricted shares. All grants and awards pursuant to this Section 9 shall be made on or to be effective on a Payment Date. On or as of each Payment Date in 2009 and later years, the Committee shall grant or award to each Director on such Payment Date nonstatutory stock options, stock appreciation rights and/or restricted shares with a total value of seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000) (or (a) such other amount determined by the Board or by any committee of the Board which the Board authorizes to determine such amount and (b) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for Payment Dates in 2007 and 2008). The Committee shall determine in its discretion the portion of each grant and/or award to be comprised of nonstatutory stock options, stock appreciation rights and restricted shares and the value of each.

SECTION 10 Terms and Conditions of Stock Options and Stock Appreciation Rights

Stock options and stock appreciation rights granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(A) The purchase price at which each stock option may be exercised (the "option price") and the base price at which

each stock appreciation right may be granted (the "Base Price") shall be such price as the Committee, in its discretion, shall determine but shall not be less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per share of the Common Stock covered by the stock option or stock appreciation right on the date of grant. For purposes of this Section 10, the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock shall be determined as provided in Section 15 hereof.

- (B) The option price for each stock option shall be paid in full upon exercise and shall be payable in cash in United States dollars (including check, bank draft or money order), which may include cash forwarded through a broker or other agent-sponsored exercise or financing program; provided, however, that in lieu of such cash the person exercising the stock option may if authorized by the Committee pay the option price in whole or in part by delivering to the Corporation shares of the Common Stock having a Fair Market Value on the date of exercise of the stock option, determined as provided in Section 15 hereof, equal to the option price for the shares being purchased; except that (i) any portion of the option price representing a fraction of a share shall in any event be paid in cash and (ii) no shares of the Common Stock which have been held for less than one year may be delivered in payment of the option price of a stock option. If the person exercising a stock option participates in a broker or other agent-sponsored exercise or financing program, the Corporation will cooperate with all reasonable procedures of the broker or other agent to permit participation by the person exercising the stock option in the exercise or financing program. Notwithstanding any procedure of the broker or other agentsponsored exercise or financing program, if the option price is paid in cash, the exercise of the stock option shall not be deemed to occur and no shares of the Common Stock will be issued until the Corporation has received full payment in cash (including check, bank draft or money order) for the option price from the broker or other agent. The date of exercise of a stock option shall be determined under procedures established by the Committee, and as of the date of exercise the person exercising the stock option shall be considered for all purposes to be the owner of the shares with respect to which the stock option has been exercised.
- (C) Upon the exercise of stock appreciation rights the Corporation shall pay to the person exercising the stock appreciation rights a number of shares of the Common Stock with a Fair Market Value, as defined in Section 15 hereof, equal to the difference between the aggregate Fair Market Value, as defined in Section 15 hereof, of the Common Stock on the date of exercise of the stock appreciation rights and the aggregate Base Prices for the stock appreciation rights which are exercised (the "Spread") (rounded down to the next whole number of shares). No fractional shares of the Common Stock shall be issued nor shall cash in lieu of a fraction of a share of Common Stock be paid. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at the discretion of the Committee, the Corporation may pay to the person exercising the stock appreciation rights an amount of cash, rather than shares of the Common Stock, equal to the Spread if and only if the payment of cash upon exercise of the stock appreciation rights would not cause the stock appreciation rights to provide for a deferral of compensation within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code. The date of exercise of a stock appreciation right shall be determined under procedures established by the Committee.
- (D) Unless the Committee, in its discretion, shall otherwise determine and subject to the terms of Sections 10(F) and 10(G) hereof, stock options and stock appreciation rights shall be exercisable by a Director commencing on the second anniversary of the date of grant. Subject to the terms of Sections 10(F) and 10(G) hereof providing for earlier termination of a stock option or stock appreciation right, no stock option or stock appreciation right shall be exercisable after the expiration of ten years from the date of grant. Unless the Committee, in its discretion, shall otherwise determine, a stock option or stock appreciation right to the extent exercisable at any time may be exercised in whole or in part.
- (E) Unless the Committee, in its discretion, shall otherwise determine:
 - no stock option or stock appreciation right shall be transferable or assignable by the grantee otherwise than:
 - (a) by Will; or
 - (b) if the grantee dies intestate, by the laws of descent and distribution of the state of domicile of the grantee at the time of death; or
 - (c) to the trustee of a trust that is revocable by the grantee alone, both at the time of the transfer or assignment and at all times thereafter prior to such grantee's death; and
 - (ii) all stock options and stock appreciation rights shall be exercisable during the lifetime of the grantee only by the grantee or by the trustee of a trust described in Section 10(E)(i)(c) hereof.

A transfer or assignment of a stock option or a stock appreciation right by a trustee of a trust described in Section 10(E)(i)(c) to any person other than the grantee shall be permitted only to the extent approved in advance by the Committee in writing, in its discretion. Stock options or stock appreciation rights held by such trustee also shall be subject to all of the conditions and restrictions set forth in the Plan and in the applicable agreement with the grantee as if such trustee were a party to such agreement as the grantee. In the event the grantee ceases to be a Director of the Corporation, the provisions set forth in the Plan and in the applicable agreement with the grantee shall continue to be applicable to the stock option or stock appreciation right and shall limit the ability of such trustee to exercise any such transferred stock options or stock appreciation rights to the same extent they would have limited the grantee. The Corporation shall not have any obligation to notify such trustee of any termination of a stock option or stock appreciation right due to the termination of service of the grantee as a Director of the Corporation.

- (F) Unless the Committee, in its discretion, shall otherwise determine, if a grantee ceases to be a Director of the Corporation, any outstanding stock options and stock appreciation rights held by the grantee shall vest and be exercisable and shall terminate, according to the following provisions:
 - (i) Notwithstanding Section 10(D) hereof, if a grantee ceases to be a Director of the Corporation for any reason other than those set forth in Section 10(F)(ii) or (iii) hereof, any then outstanding stock option and stock appreciation right held by such grantee (whether or not vested and exercisable by the grantee immediately prior to such time) shall vest and be exercisable by the grantee (or, in the event of the grantee's death, by the person entitled to do so under the Will of the grantee, or, if the grantee shall fail to make testamentary disposition of the stock option or stock appreciation right or shall die intestate, by the legal representative of the grantee (the "Grantee's Heir or Representative")), at any time prior to the second anniversary of the date on which the grantee ceases to be a Director of the Corporation or the expiration date of the stock option or stock appreciation right, whichever is the shorter period;
 - (ii) Unless the exercise period of a stock option or stock appreciation right following termination of service as Director has been extended as provided in Section 13(c) hereof, if during his or her term of office as a non-employee Director a grantee is removed from office for cause or resigns without the consent of the Board, any then outstanding stock option and stock appreciation right held by such grantee shall terminate as of the close of business on the last day on which the grantee is a Director of the Corporation; and
 - (iii) Notwithstanding Section 10(D) hereof, following the death of a grantee during service as a Director of the Corporation, or upon the disability of a Director which requires his or her termination as a Director of the Corporation, any outstanding stock option and stock appreciation right held by the grantee at the time of death or termination as a Director due to disability (whether or not vested and exercisable by the grantee immediately prior to such time) shall vest and be exercisable, in the case of death of the grantee, by the Grantee's Heir or Representative, or, in the case of disability of the grantee, by the grantee at any time prior to the second anniversary of the date on which the grantee ceases to be a Director of the Corporation or the expiration date of the stock option or stock appreciation right, whichever is the shorter period.

Whether a resignation of a Director is with or without the consent of the Board and whether a grantee is disabled shall be determined in each case, in its discretion, by the Committee and such determination by the Committee shall be final and binding.

- (G) If a grantee of a stock option or stock appreciation right engages in the operation or management of a business (whether as owner, partner, officer, director, employee or otherwise and whether during or after service as a Director of the Corporation) which is in competition with the Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries, or solicits any of the Corporation's customers or employees other than for the benefit of the Corporation, the Committee may immediately terminate all outstanding stock options and stock appreciation rights held by the grantee; provided, however, that this sentence shall not apply if the exercise period of a stock option or stock appreciation right following termination of service as a Director of the Corporation has been extended as provided in Section 13(c) hereof. Whether a grantee has engaged in the operation or management of a business which is in competition with the Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries, or solicits any of the Corporation's customers or employees other than for the benefit of the Corporation, shall be determined, in its discretion, by the Committee, and any such determination by the Committee shall be final and binding.
- (H) All stock options and stock appreciation rights shall be confirmed by a written agreement or an amendment thereto in a form prescribed by the Committee, in its discretion. Each agreement or amendment thereto shall be executed on behalf of the Corporation by the Chief Executive Officer (if other than the President), the President or any Vice President and by the grantee. The provisions of such agreements need not be identical
- (I) In the event of a Section 13 Event (as defined in Section 13 hereof) in which the Corporation's stockholders receive consideration in exchange for their shares of Common Stock, the Committee shall have the authority to require any outstanding stock option and stock appreciation right to be surrendered for cancellation by the holder thereof in exchange for a cash payment equal to the difference between the Fair Market Value, as defined in Section 15 hereof, of the shares of Common Stock subject to the stock option or stock appreciation rights on the date of the Section 13 Event and their option prices and Base Prices, respectively, provided, however, that this Section 10(I) shall not apply to the extent its application would cause the stock options or stock appreciation rights to provide for a deferral of compensation within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code.

Subject to the foregoing provisions of this Section 10 and the other provisions of the Plan, any stock option or stock appreciation right granted under the Plan may be exercised at such times and in such amounts and be subject to such restrictions and other terms and conditions, if any, as shall be determined, in its discretion, by the Committee and set forth in the agreement referred to in Section 10(H) hereof or an amendment thereto.

SECTION 11 Terms and Conditions of Restricted Share Awards

- (a) <u>Restricted Share Awards</u>. Restricted share awards shall be evidenced by a written agreement in a form prescribed by the Committee, in its discretion, which shall set forth the number of shares of the Common Stock awarded, the restrictions imposed thereon (including, without limitation, restrictions on the right of the awardee to sell, assign, transfer or encumber such shares while such shares are subject to the other restrictions imposed under this Section 11), the duration of such restrictions, events (which may, in the discretion of the Committee, include performance-based events) the occurrence of which would cause a forfeiture of the restricted shares and such other terms and conditions as the Committee in its discretion deems appropriate. Restricted share awards shall be effective only upon execution of the applicable restricted share agreement on behalf of the Corporation by the Chief Executive Officer (if other than the President), the President or any Vice President, and by the awardee. The provisions of such agreements need not be identical.
- Transfers to Trusts. Neither this Section 11 nor any other provision of the Plan shall preclude an awardee from transferring or assigning restricted shares to (i) the trustee of a trust that is revocable by such awardee alone, both at the time of the transfer or assignment and at all times thereafter prior to such awardee's death or (ii) the trustee of any other trust to the extent approved in advance by the Committee in writing. A transfer or assignment of restricted shares from such trustee to any person other than such awardee shall be permitted only to the extent approved in advance by the Committee in writing, and restricted shares held by such trustee shall be subject to all of the conditions and restrictions set forth in the Plan and in the applicable agreement as if such trustee were a party to such agreement.
- (c) <u>Default Vesting Restrictions</u>. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, restricted shares awarded to a Director shall be forfeited if the awardee terminates as a Director of the Corporation within two (2) years following the grant of such restricted shares due to the voluntary resignation of the Director without the consent of the Board or the removal of the Director with cause. Any restricted shares which have not previously vested shall vest and the restrictions related to service as a Director shall lapse upon the death of a Director or the disability of a Director which requires his or her termination as a Director of the Corporation.

- Evidence of Shares; Dividends. Following a restricted share award and prior to the lapse or termination of the applicable restrictions, the Corporation, at its discretion, shall either (i) issue share certificates in the name of the awardee and hold them in escrow together with related stock powers in blank signed by the awardee, or (ii) issue the shares in book-entry form in the name of the awardee. If share certificates are issued in the name of the awardee, the awardee shall execute and deliver to the Corporation a blank stock power in form acceptable to the Corporation with respect to each of the certificates subject to the restricted share award. In the case of forfeiture of the shares, the Corporation shall use the stock power(s) to transfer ownership of the shares to the Corporation. Upon the lapse or termination of the applicable restrictions, the certificate(s) and accompanying blank stock power(s) shall be delivered to the awardee (or the awardee's personal representative). If shares are issued in book-entry form, the Corporation shall instruct its transfer agent that the shares are to be designated as restricted on the transfer agent's book-entry records of the owners of the Common Stock, and may not be transferred from the name of the awardee until the earlier of (i) in the case of forfeiture of the shares, when the Corporation instructs its transfer agent in writing to record the shares as owned by the Corporation (rather than by the awardee), or (ii) when requested in writing by the awardee (or the awardee's personal representative) after the Corporation has instructed its transfer agent in writing that such shares are no longer to be designated as restricted on the transfer agent's book-entry records due to the lapse or termination of the applicable restrictions. Except as provided in Section 12 hereof, the Committee, in its discretion, may determine that dividends and other distributions on the shares shall not be paid to the awardee until the lapse or termination of the applicable restrictions. Unless otherwise provided, in its discretion, by the Committee, any such dividends or other distributions shall not bear interest. Upon the lapse or termination of the applicable restrictions (and not before such time), the unpaid dividends, if any, shall be delivered to the awardee. From the date a restricted share award is effective, the awardee shall be a shareholder with respect to all of the restricted shares and shall have all the rights of a shareholder with respect to the restricted shares, including the right to vote the restricted shares and to receive all dividends, and other distributions paid with respect to the restricted shares, subject only to the preceding provisions of this Section 11(d) and the other restrictions imposed by the Committee
- (e) <u>Competition</u>. If an awardee of restricted shares engages in the operation of management of a business (whether as owner, partner, officer, director, employee or otherwise) which is in competition with the Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries or solicits any of the Corporation's customers or employees other than for the benefit of the Corporation, the Committee may immediately declare forfeited all restricted shares held by the awardee as to which the restrictions have not yet lapsed. Whether an awardee has engaged in the operation or management of a business which is in competition with the Corporation or any of its Subsidiaries or has solicited any of the Corporation's customers or employees other than for the benefit of Corporation, shall also be determined, in its discretion, by the Committee, and any such determination by the Committee shall be final and binding.

SECTION 12 Adjustment and Substitution of Shares

- (a) <u>Dividends or Distributions in Common Stock.</u> If a dividend or other distribution payable in shares of Common Stock shall be declared upon the Common Stock, the number of shares of Common Stock (i) credited to any Deferred Stock Compensation Account, (ii) then subject to any outstanding stock options and stock appreciation rights and (iii) which may be issued or credited under Section 1 hereof, on the date fixed for determining the stockholders entitled to receive such stock dividend or distribution, shall be adjusted by adding thereto the number of shares of the Common Stock which would have been distributable thereon if such shares had been outstanding on such date. Shares of Common Stock so distributed with respect to any restricted shares shall be subject to the same restrictions as are applicable to the restricted shares on which they were distributed.
- Exchanges. If the outstanding shares of the Common Stock shall, in whole or in part, be changed into or exchangeable for a different number, or different kind(s) or class(es) of shares of stock or other securities of the Corporation or another corporation, or cash or other property, whether through reorganization, reclassification, recapitalization, stock split-up, combination of shares, merger, consolidation or otherwise, then (i) there shall be substituted for each share of the Common Stock credited to any Deferred Stock Compensation Account, subject to any then outstanding stock option and stock appreciation right, and which may be issued or credited under Section 1 hereof, the number and kind of shares of stock or other securities or the cash or property into which each outstanding share of the Common Stock shall be so changed or for which each such share shall be exchangeable, and (ii) the Board shall adopt such amendments to the Plan as it deems necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of the Plan, including without limitation the continuing deferral of any shares, securities, cash or other property then credited to any Deferred Stock Compensation Accounts. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its discretion, any such stock or securities, as well as any cash or other property, into or for which any restricted shares shall be changed or exchangeable in any such transaction, shall be subject to the same restrictions as are applicable to the restricted shares in respect of which such stock, securities, cash or other property was issued or distributed.
- (c) Option Price and Base Price. In case of any adjustment or substitution as provided for in this Section 12, the aggregate option price and Base Price for all shares subject to each then outstanding stock option and stock appreciation right, respectively, prior to such adjustment and substitution shall be the aggregate option price and Base Price, respectively, for all shares of stock or other securities (including any fraction) to which such shares have been adjusted or which shall have been substituted for such shares. Any new option price or Base Price per share shall be carried to at least three decimal places with the last decimal place rounded upwards to the nearest whole number.
- Other Events. If the outstanding shares of Common Stock shall be changed in value by reason of any spin-off, split-off, or dividend in partial liquidation, dividend in property other than cash or extraordinary distribution to holders of the Common Stock, (i) the Committee shall make any adjustments to the number of shares of Common Stock credited to any Deferred Stock Compensation Account, and any outstanding stock option or stock appreciation right, which it determines are equitably required to prevent dilution or enlargement of the rights of grantees or the value of those shares of Common Stock credited to such Deferred Stock Compensation Account which would otherwise result from any such transaction, and (ii) unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its discretion, any stock, securities, cash or other property distributed with respect to any restricted shares or for which any restricted shares shall be exchanged in any such transaction shall be subject to the same restrictions as are applicable to the restricted shares in respect of which such stock, securities, cash or other property was distributed or exchanged.

- (e) <u>Fractional Shares.</u> No adjustment or substitution provided for in this Section 12 shall require the Corporation to issue or sell a fraction of a share or other security. Accordingly, all fractional shares or other securities which result from any such adjustment or substitution shall be eliminated and not carried forward to any subsequent adjustment or substitution. Owners of restricted shares shall be treated in the same manner as owners of Common Stock which is not subject to restrictions with respect to fractional shares created by an adjustment or substitution of shares, except that, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its discretion, any cash or other property paid in lieu of a fractional share shall be subject to restrictions similar to those applicable to the restricted shares exchanged therefor.
- (f) <u>Limited Rights</u>. Except as provided in this Section 12, a Director shall have no rights by reason of any issue by the Corporation of stock of any class or securities convertible into stock of any class, any subdivision or consolidation of shares of stock of any class, the payment of any stock dividend or any other increase or decrease in the number of shares of stock of any class.

SECTION 13 Additional Rights in Certain Events

- (a) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Section 13, the following terms shall have the following meaning:
 - (1) The term "Person" shall be used as that term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the 1934 Act.
 - (2) "Beneficial Ownership" shall be determined as provided in Rule 13d-3 under the 1934 Act as in effect on the effective date of the Plan.
 - (3) "Voting Shares" shall mean all securities of a company entitling the holders thereof to vote in an annual election of directors (without consideration of the rights of any class of stock other than the Common Stock to elect directors by a separate class vote); and a specified percentage of "Voting Power" of a company shall mean such number of the Voting Shares as shall enable the holders thereof to cast such percentage of all the votes which could be cast in an annual election of directors (without consideration of the rights of any class of stock other than the Common Stock to elect Directors by a separate class vote).
 - (4) "Tender Offer" shall mean a tender offer or exchange offer to acquire securities of the Corporation (other than such an offer made by the Corporation or any Subsidiary), whether or not such offer is approved or opposed by the Board.
 - (5) "Section 13 Event" shall mean the date upon which any of the following events occurs:
 - (i) The Corporation acquires actual knowledge that any Person other than the Corporation, a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan(s) sponsored by the Corporation has acquired the Beneficial Ownership, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Corporation entitling such Person to 20% or more of the Voting Power of the Corporation;
 - (ii) (a) A Tender Offer is made to acquire securities of the Corporation entitling the holders thereof to 20% or more of the Voting Power of the Corporation; or (b) Voting Shares are first purchased pursuant to any other Tender Offer;
 - (iii) At any time less than 60% of the members of the Board shall be individuals who were either (a) directors on the effective date of the Plan or (b) individuals whose election, or nomination for election, was approved by a vote (including a vote approving a merger or other agreement providing the membership of such individuals on the Board) of at least two-thirds of the directors then still in office who were directors on the effective date of the Plan or who were so approved;
 - (iv) The shareholders of the Corporation shall approve an agreement or plan providing for the Corporation to be merged, consolidated or otherwise combined with, or for all or substantially all its assets or stock to be acquired by, another corporation, as a consequence of which the former shareholders of the Corporation will own, immediately after such merger, consolidation, combination or acquisition, less than a majority of the Voting Power of such surviving or acquiring corporation or the parent thereof; or
 - (v) The shareholders of the Corporation shall approve any liquidation of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or any distribution to security holders of assets of the Corporation having a value equal to 10% or more of the total value of all the assets of the Corporation;

provided, however, that (A) if securities beneficially owned by a grantee are included in determining the Beneficial Ownership of a Person referred to in paragraph 5(i) hereof or (B) a grantee is required to be named pursuant to Item 2 of the Schedule 14D-1 (or any similar successor filing requirement) required to be filed by the bidder making a Tender Offer referred to in paragraph 5(ii), then no Section 13 Event with respect to such grantee shall be deemed to have occurred by reason of such event.

- (b) <u>Acceleration of the Exercise Date of Stock Options and Stock Appreciation Rights</u>. Unless the agreement referred to in Section 10(H) hereof, or an amendment thereto, shall otherwise provide, notwithstanding any other provision contained in the Plan, in case any Section 13 Event occurs all outstanding stock options and stock appreciation rights shall become immediately and fully exercisable whether or not otherwise exercisable by their terms.
- (c) Extension of the Expiration Date of Stock Options and Stock Appreciation Rights. Unless the agreement referred to in Section 10(H) hereof, or an amendment thereto, shall otherwise provide, notwithstanding any other provision contained in the Plan, all stock options and stock appreciation rights held by a grantee whose service with the Corporation as a Director terminates within one year of any Section 13 Event for any reason shall be exercisable for the longer of (i) a period of three months from the date of such termination of service or (ii) the period specified in Section 10(F) hereof, but in no event after the expiration date of the stock option or stock appreciation right.
- (d) <u>Lapse of Restrictions on Restricted Share Awards</u>. Unless the agreement referred to in Section 11 hereof, or an amendment thereto, shall otherwise provide, notwithstanding any other provision contained in the Plan, if any Section 13 Event occurs prior to the scheduled lapse of all restrictions applicable to restricted share awards under the Plan, all such restrictions shall lapse upon the occurrence of any such Section 13 Event regardless of the scheduled lapse of such restrictions.

SECTION 14 Administration of Plan; Hardship Withdrawal

Except where the terms of the Plan specifically grant authority to the Committee of the Board or where the Board delegates authority to the Committee, full power and authority to construe, interpret, and administer the Plan shall be vested in the Board. Decisions of the Committee and the Board shall be final, conclusive, and binding upon all parties. Notwithstanding the terms of a Stock Deferral Election or a Meeting Fee Deferral Election made by a Director hereunder, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, permit the withdrawal of shares credited to a Deferred Stock Compensation Account with respect to Director Fees or Meeting Fees previously payable upon the request of a Director or the Director's representative, or following the death of a Director upon the request of a Director's Beneficiary or such beneficiary's representative, if the Board determines that the Director or the Director's Beneficiary, as the case may be, is confronted with an unforeseeable emergency. For this purpose, an unforeseeable emergency means a severe financial hardship to the Director or the Director's Beneficiary resulting from an illness or accident of the Director or the Director's Beneficiary, the spouse, or a dependent (as defined in Section 152(a) of the Code) of the Director or the Director's Beneficiary, loss of the Director or the Director's Beneficiary's property due to casualty, or other similar extraordinary and unforeseeable circumstances arising as a result of events beyond the control of the Director or the Director's Beneficiary. The Director or the Director's Beneficiary shall provide to the Committee evidence as the Committee, in its discretion, may require to demonstrate such emergency exists and financial hardship would occur if the withdrawal were not permitted. The withdrawal shall be limited to the amount reasonably necessary to satisfy such emergency plus amounts necessary to pay taxes reasonably anticipated as a result of the distribution, after taking into account the extent to which such hardship is or may be relieved through reimbursement or compensation by insurance or otherwise, by liquidation of the Director or the Director's Beneficiary's assets (to the extent the liquidation of such assets would not itself cause severe financial hardship) or by the cessation of deferrals under the Plan. Cash needs arising from foreseeable events, such as the purchase or building of a house or education expenses, will not be considered to be the result of an unforeseeable financial emergency. Payment shall be made, as soon as practicable after the Committee approves the payment and determines the number of shares which shall be withdrawn in a single lump sum from the Deferred Stock Compensation Account(s) providing for the latest payments or series of payments. No Director shall participate in any decision of the Committee regarding such Director's request for a withdrawal under this Section 14.

SECTION 15 Fair Market Value

Fair Market Value of the Common Stock shall be the mean between the following prices, as applicable, for the date as of which Fair Market Value is to be determined as quoted in *The Wall Street Journal* (or in any other reliable publication as the Board of the Corporation or its delegate, in its discretion, may determine to rely upon):

- (a) if the Common Stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, the highest and lowest sales prices per share of the Common Stock as quoted in the NYSE-Composite Transactions listing for such date;
- (b) if the Common Stock is not listed on such exchange, the highest and lowest sales prices per share of Common Stock for such date on (or on any composite index including) the principal United States securities exchange registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act") on which the Common Stock is listed; or
- (c) if the Common Stock is not listed on any such exchange, the highest and lowest sales prices per share of the Common Stock for such date on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations System or any successor system then in use ("NASDAQ").

If there are no such sale price quotations for the date as of which Fair Market Value is to be determined but there are such sale price quotations within a reasonable period both before and after such date, then Fair Market Value shall be determined by taking a weighted average of the means between the highest and lowest sales prices per share of the Common Stock as so quoted on the nearest date before and the nearest date after the date as of which Fair Market Value is to be determined. The average should be weighted inversely by the respective numbers of trading days between the selling dates and the date as of which Fair Market Value is to be determined. If there are no such sale price quotations on or within a reasonable period both before and after the date as of which Fair Market Value is to be determined, then Fair Market Value of the Common Stock shall be the mean between the bona fide bid and asked prices per share of Common Stock as so quoted for such date on NASDAQ, or if none, the weighted average of the means between such bona fide bid and asked prices on the nearest trading date before and the nearest trading date after the date as of which Fair Market Value is to be determined, if both such dates are within a reasonable period. The average is to be determined in the manner described above in this Section 15. If the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock cannot be determined on the basis previously set forth in this Section 15 on the date as of which Fair Market Value is to be determined, the Board or its delegate shall in good faith determine the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock on such date. Fair Market Value shall be determined without regard to any restriction other than a restriction which, by its terms, will never lapse.

SECTION 16 Securities Laws; Issuance of Shares

The obligation of the Corporation to issue or credit shares of Common Stock under the Plan shall be subject to:

- (i) the effectiveness of a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to such shares, if deemed necessary or appropriate by counsel for the Corporation;
- (ii) the condition that the shares shall have been listed (or authorized for listing upon official notice of issuance) upon each stock exchange, if any, on which the Common Stock shares may then be listed; and
- (iii) all other applicable laws, regulations, rules and orders which may then be in effect.

If, on the date on which any shares of Common Stock would be issued pursuant to a current stock payment under Section 3(a) hereof or credited to a Deferred Stock Compensation Account and after consideration of any shares of Common Stock subject to outstanding stock options and stock appreciation rights and awards of restricted shares, sufficient shares of Common Stock are not available under the Plan or the Corporation is not obligated to issue shares pursuant to this Section 16, then no shares of Common Stock shall be issued or credited but rather, in the case of a current stock payment under Section 3(a) hereof, cash shall be paid in payment of the Director Fees payable, and in the case of a Deferred Stock Compensation Account, Director Fees and Meeting Fees shall be credited in cash to a deferred cash compensation account in the name of the Director. The Board shall adopt appropriate rules and regulations to carry out the intent of the immediately preceding sentence if the need for such rules and regulations arises.

SECTION 17 Governing Law; Integration

The provisions of this Plan shall be interpreted and construed in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Plan contains all of the understandings and representations between the Corporation and any of the Directors and supersedes any prior understandings and agreements entered into between them regarding the subject matter of the Plan. There are no representations, agreements, arrangements or understandings, oral or written, between the Corporation and any of the Directors relating to the subject matter of the Plan which are not fully expressed in the Plan.

SECTION 18 Effect of the Plan on the Rights of Corporation and Shareholders

Nothing in the Plan or in any stock option, stock appreciation right or restricted share award under the Plan or in any agreement providing for any of the foregoing or any amendment thereto shall confer any right to any person to continue as a Director of the Corporation or interfere in any way with the rights of the shareholders of the Corporation or the Board to elect and remove Directors.

SECTION 19 Amendment and Termination

- (a) <u>General</u>. The right to amend the Plan at any time and from time to time and the right to terminate the Plan at any time are hereby specifically reserved to the Board; provided that no amendment of the Plan shall:
 - (i) be made without shareholder approval if shareholder approval of the amendment is at the time required by the rules of the NASDAQ National Market System or any stock exchange on which the Common Stock may then be listed; or
 - (ii) otherwise amend the Plan in any manner that would cause the shares of Common Stock issued or credited under the Plan not to qualify for the exemption from Section 16(b) of the 1934 Act provided by Rule 16b-3.

No amendment or termination of the Plan shall, without the written consent of the holder of shares of Common Stock issued or credited under the Plan or the holder of a stock option, stock appreciation right or restricted shares theretofore granted or awarded under the Plan, adversely affect the rights of such holder with respect thereto.

- (b) <u>Rule 16b-3</u>. Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding paragraph or any other provision of the Plan, the Board shall have the power to amend the Plan in any manner deemed necessary or advisable for shares of Common Stock issued or credited under the Plan to qualify for the exemption provided by Rule 16b-3 (or any successor rule relating to exemption from Section 16(b) of the 1934 Act), and any such amendment shall, to the extent deemed necessary or advisable by the Board, be applicable to any outstanding shares of Common Stock theretofore issued or credited under the Plan.
 - (c) <u>Termination Date</u>. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan:
 - (i) no shares of Common Stock shall be issued or credited on a Payment Date or an Interim Payment Date under the Plan after November 15, 2014;
 - (ii) no shares of Common Stock shall be credited with respect to Meeting Fees payable under the Plan after November 15, 2014;
 - (iii) no stock option or stock appreciation right shall be granted under the Plan after November 15, 2014; and
 - (iv) no restricted shares shall be awarded under the Plan after November 15, 2014.

SECTION 20 Effective Date

The effective date and date of adoption of the Plan shall be December 9, 1994, the date of adoption of the Plan by the Board.

11/18/08 8:39 AM

MATTHEWS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES $SUBSIDIARIES OF THE \ REGISTRANT \\ (as of October 31, 2013)$ EXHIBIT 21

Percentage Ownership Name Holjeron Corporation 100.0 IDL Worldwide, Inc. 100.0 Innovative Picking Technologies, Inc. 100.0 Matthews Development LLC 100.0 Kenuohua Matthews Electronic (Beijing) Company, Ltd. 60.0 Matthews Canada Ltd. 100.0 Matthews Holding Company (U.K.) Ltd.
The InTouch Group plc
Furnace Construction Cremators Limited
TodaySure Matthews Limited 100.0 100.0 100.0 Matthews Industries
Matthews Bronze Pty. Ltd. 100.0 100.0 C. Morello, Pty. Ltd. 100.0 Matthews International Holding (Europe) B.V.
Matthews International Netherlands B.V.
Kroma Baski Oncesi Hazirlik Sistemier Sanaji ve Tricarct Amonin Sirketi
Matthews International Brasil Servicos de Marketing e Branding Ltda
Matthews Europe GmbH & Co. KG
5flow GmbH 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 S+T Reprotechnick GmbH Reproservice Eurodigital GmbH 100.0 100.0 Repro Busek Druckvorstufentechnick GmbH & Co. KG Rasterpunkt-Druckvorstufefurverpakungen GmbH 100.0 100.0 Rudolf Reproflex
IDL Deutschland GmbH
Klischeewerkstatt Scholler GmbH 100.0 100.0 100.0 Klischeewerkstatt Scholler GmbH
Tact Group Limited
Reproflex Vietnam Limited Company
TWL Nyomdaipari es Kereskedeimi Koriatolt Felelossegu Tarsasag
Matthews International Holding Co. GmbH
Saucressig GmbH & Co. KG
APEX Cylinders Ltd.
Saucressig ooo
Saucressig Design Studio GmbH
Saucressig Flexo GmbH
Saucressig Polska Sp. z.o.o.
Wetzel Holding AG 100.0 60.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 61.0 100.0 70.0 100.0 100.0 Wetzel Holding AG Wetzel Service AG 100.0 100.0 Wetzel GmbH 100.0 Wetzel Sp. z.o.o. Matthews Brand Solutions, S. de R.L. de CV 100.0 100.0 Matthews International S.p.A. 100.0 Caggiati Espana S.A. Caggiati France SARL Gem Matthews Internati 100.0 100.0 80.0 Rottenecker-Caggiati GmbH 82.0 100.0 Matthews Packaging Graphics Asia Pte. Ltd. Matthews Resources, Inc. 100.0 Matthews Swedot AB Matthews Kodiersysteme GmbH 100.0 100.0 The York Group, Inc. Milso Industries Corporation 100.0 York Casket Development Company, Inc. Matthews Granite Company 100.0 100.0

100.0

Venetian Investment Corporation

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Nos. 333-190366, 333-83731, 333-131496, 333-157132, 33-57793, 33-57795, and 33-57797) of Matthews International Corporation of our report dated November 27, 2013 relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania November 27, 2012

CERTIFICATION PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

- I, Joseph C. Bartolacci, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Matthews International Corporation:
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 27, 2013

/s/Joseph C. Bartolacci

Joseph C. Bartolacci

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

- I. Steven F. Nicola, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Matthews International Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report:
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 27, 2013

/s/Steven F. Nicola

Steven F. Nicola Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,

As Adopted Pursuant to

Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Matthews International Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended September 30, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Joseph C. Bartolacci, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/Joseph C. Bartolacci

Joseph C. Bartolacci,

President and Chief Executive Officer

November 27, 2013

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Matthews International Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,

As Adopted Pursuant to

Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Matthews International Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended September 30, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Steven F. Nicola, Chief Financial Officer, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/Steven F. Nicola ------Steven F. Nicola, Chief Financial Officer

November 27, 2013

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Matthews International Corporation and will be retained by Matthews International Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.